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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Huang Yilin

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith

Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James

(appointed on 26 April 2017)

Mr. Chan Yuk Sang

(appointed on 28 April 2017)

Mr. Wu Hongquan (Chairman)

(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)

Ms. Li Yali

(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)

Mr. Zhang Zhensheng

(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Xianlin

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (appointed on 1 October 2016)

Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory

(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Law Ho Ming

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (Chairman)

(appointed on 1 October 2016)

Mr. Zhang Xianlin

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse

Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory

(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Zhang Xianlin (Chairman)

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (appointed on 1 October 2016)

Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory

(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse (Chairman)

Mr. Zhang Xianlin

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (appointed on 1 October 2016)

Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory

(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)

董事會

執行董事

黄逸林先生

陳詩賢先生

劉恩賜先生

(於二零一七年四月二十六日獲委任)

陳玉生先生

(於二零一七年四月二十八日獲委任)

吳宏權先生(主席)

(已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起

生效)

李亞利女士

(已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)

張振生先生

(已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)

獨立非執行董事

張憲林先生

郭匡義先生

伍炳耀先生(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)

何俊傑先生

(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)

公司秘書

羅浩銘先生

審核委員會

伍炳耀先生(主席)

(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)

張憲林先生

郭匡義先生

何俊傑先生

(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)

薪酬委員會

張憲林先生(主席)

郭匡義先生

陳詩賢先生

伍炳耀先生(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)

何俊傑先生

(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)

提名委員會

郭匡義先生(主席)

張憲林先生

陳詩賢先生

伍炳耀先生(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)

何俊傑先生

(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch
China Minsheng Banking Corp. Ltd.
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HMII Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 4312, 43/F, COSCO Tower 183 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited (name changed with effect from 1 April 2017) Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

WEBSITE

Bermuda

http://www.asiaresources899.com

STOCK CODE

899

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司香港分行 中國民生銀行股份有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HMII Bermuda

香港主要營業地點

香港 皇后大道中183號 中遠大廈43樓4312室

主要股份登記處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited (已更改名稱,自二零一七年四月一日起生效) Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HMTI

Bermuda 香港股份登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

網址

http://www.asiaresources899.com

股份代號

899

董事履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Huang Yilin, aged 48, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 23 January 2015. Mr. Huang graduated from The Institute of Finance and Economics of Radio and Television (電大財經學院) in 1992 and is engaged in management related works since graduation. During the past years, Mr. Huang was the general manager of Shantou Sanye Plastic Company Limited (汕頭市三葉塑料有限公司) Shenzhen China Investment Company Limited (深圳市中聯資有限公司) Shenzhen Rihuisheng Group Company Limited (深圳市日匯盛集團有限公司) and Shenzhen Hongxun Investment Company Limited (深圳市鴻訊投資有限公司) respectively and has extensive theoretical knowledge and practical experience in corporate modern management.

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith, aged 56, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 23 January 2015 and as the members of each of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company on 30 January 2015. He was also appointed as (i) an authorized representative of the Company under The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Authorised Representative") and (ii) the authorized representative of the Company for the purpose of accepting service of process and notices in Hong Kong (the "Process Agent") on 23 January 2015.

Mr. Chan has over 30 years of experience in finance, investment and management and worked in different sectors such as insurance, bullion and foreign exchange investment, project mergers and acquisitions, corporate consulting services and fund investment. Mr. Chan was the regional manager of American International Assurance Company (Bermuda) Limited (美國友邦保險(百慕達)有限公司) from 1984 to 1992 and senior vice president of Emperor Financial Services Group (英皇金融集團) from 1992 to 1994. Since then, he founded Top Gun Investment Limited, his self-financing financial investment company, in 1994 and was the president until 2013. Top Gun provides corporate planning and consulting services to enterprises in listing, project investments (especially in real estate and new energy industry), corporate finance and solicitation of business. From

執行董事

黃逸林先生,48歲,於二零一五年一月 二十三日獲委任為本公司執行董事。黃先生 於一九九二年從電大財經學院專科畢業,畢 業後一直從事管理類相關工作,歷年先後 汕頭市三葉塑料有限公司、深圳市中聯資 限公司、深圳市日匯盛集團有限公司及深圳 市鴻訊投資有限公司擔任總經理一職,黃先 生在企業的現代管理方面有著豐富的理論知 識和實操經驗。

陳詩賢先生,56歲,於二零一五年一月二十三日獲委任為本公司執行董事及於二零一五年一月三十日獲委任為本公司提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。彼亦於二零一五年一月二十三日獲委任為(i)香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則項下之本公司授權代表(「授權代表」)及(ii)在香港接受法律程序文件及通知本公司之授權代表(「法律程序文件代理人」)。

陳先生擁有30年之金融、投資及管理經驗,曾從事保險業、黃金及外匯投資、項目併購、企業諮詢服務及基金投資等不同領域。陳先生自一九八四年至一九九二年於美國國大和保險(百慕達)有限公司任職區域經理集團一九九二年至一九九四年於英皇金融集團任職資深副總裁。此後,彼於一九九四年創辦其自資金融投資公司Top Gun Investment Limited並出任總裁直至二零一三年為止。Top Gun負責為企業提供企業策劃及諮詢服務,範圍涉及上市、項目投資(尤其於房地產及新能源行業)、企業融資及招商。自二零一三年

董事履歷

2013 to date, Mr. Chan founded TIEN Credit Limited and is a director. This company provides different financial credit services to institutional clients and corporate shareholders, especially to listed corporate shareholders. From 2013 to 2015, Mr. Chan was also the chairman of the board and executive director of Hong Kong TIEN Group and the president and executive director of China New Energy Group Holdings Limited since 2013, responsible for fund management, including new energy industry fund and securities investment fund. Moreover, from 2013 to 2015, Mr. Chan had also set up fund management company and industrial merger and acquisition fund in China.

Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James, aged 47, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 26 April 2017. He has over 20 years of experience in finance and accounting. Since January 2014, he has been a director of Special Fine Investment and Management Ltd, a company principally engaged in fund management business. In February 1994, he graduated from Dalhousie University in Canada with a Bachelor of Commerce. Mr. Liu is an independent non-executive director of Luen Wong Group Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 8217).

Mr. Chan Yuk Sang, aged 71, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 28 April 2017. He has more than 30 years of experience in the banking and finance industry. He was the chairman of Century Legend (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 79) from September 1999 to July 2002 and a director of Hong Kong Building & Loan Agency Limited (Stock Code: 145) from 1993 to 1995, an independent non-executive director of Opes Asia Development Ltd (Stock Code: 810) from April 2011 to June 2012, an independent non-executive director of GOME Electrical Appliances Holding Ltd (Stock Code: 493) since May 2004 to June 2015, an independent non-executive director of Imagi International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 585) since May 2010 to January 2016. Mr. Chan is currently an independent non-executive director of Four Seas Mercantile Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 374). All of these six companies are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). He was a senior general manager of a local bank and an executive director of a joint Chinese foreign bank in Shenzhen.

至今,陳先生創辦忠天信貸有限公司並出任,董事。該公司負責為機構客戶和企業股東,提供各類財務信生,務。自二零一三年至二零一五年,陳先生亦出任香港忠天集團董事局主席兼執行董事,負責基金管理,包括新能源產業基金及證券投資基金。此外,自二零一三年以來出任中新能源產業年至二零一五年,陳先生亦於中國設立基金管理公司及產業併購基金。

劉恩賜先生,47歲,於二零一七年四月 二十六日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼於 財務及會計方面擁有逾20年經驗。自二零 一四年一月起,彼為豐碩投資管理有限公司 的董事,該公司主要從事基金管理業務。於 一九九四年二月,彼從加拿大達爾豪西大學 (Dalhousie University)畢業,並取得商業學士 學位。劉先生為聯旺集團控股有限公司(股份 代號:8217)的獨立非執行董事。

陳玉生先生,71歲,於二零一七年四月 二十八日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼於銀 行及金融業擁有逾30年經驗。彼於一九九九 年九月至二零零二年七月期間為世紀建業(集 團)有限公司(股份代號:79)主席,以及於 一九九三年至一九九五年期間為香港建屋貸 款有限公司(股份代號:145)董事、於二零 一一年四月至二零一二年六月期間為華保亞 洲發展有限公司(股份代號:810)獨立非執 行董事、於二零零四年五月至二零一五年六 月期間為國美電器控股有限公司(股份代號: 493)獨立非執行董事及於二零一零年五月至 二零一六年一月期間為意馬國際控股有限公 司(股份代號:585)獨立非執行董事。陳先生 現為四洲集團有限公司(股份代號:374)獨立 非執行董事。所有此等六家公司均於香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。彼曾為 本地一間銀行之高級總經理及深圳一間中外 合資銀行之執行董事。

董事履歷

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Zhang Xianlin, aged 63, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company on 16 December 2008. Mr. Zhang is also the chairman of Remuneration Committee, and members of each of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Currently, Mr. Zhang is the director of Chinese Fund Investment Management Limited. Mr. Zhang graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology with a Master Degree in Business Administration and a Doctor Degree in Management. He is a Chinese certified public accountant and senior accountant. During the period from 1974 to 2007, he served in the senior management positions in China National Aviation Corporation (Group) Limited and the Civil Aviation Administration of China. Besides, Mr. Zhang was a general manager in China National Aviation Company Limited, an executive director in Hong Kong Dragon Airlines Limited, the chairman of the Board of Supervisors in Air Macau Company Limited and the chairman of the Board of Supervisors in Air China Limited (stock code: 753), a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong.

Mr. Zhang was also a non-executive director of Cathy Pacific Airways Limited (stock code: 293), a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong, during the period from August 1997 to May 2005. Mr. Zhang has over 35 years of extensive experience in enterprise finance and investment management.

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse, aged 64, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 8 November 2011. Mr. Kwok is also the chairman of the nomination committee, and members of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company. Mr. Kwok is a solicitor and notary public and is the sole proprietor of Messrs. Jesse H.Y. Kwok & Co. with substantial previous working experiences acting as solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong. He obtained his degrees of Bachelor of Laws (LLB) and Master of Laws (LLM) in Civil Laws from the Peking University in the People's Republic of China. Mr. Kwok was appointed as a Temporary Magistrate between December 1994 and March 1995, and a Temporary Adjudicator of the Small Claims Tribunal in July 1998. He is also a Panel Arbitrator. He is also a member of the Law Society of Hong Kong, the Law Society of United Kingdom, Singapore Academy of Law and is the Counsel Member of the Hong Kong Society of Notaries. Mr. Kwok is also a China Appointed Attesting Officer.

Mr. Kwok was an independent non-executive director of China Infrastructure Investment Limited (stock code: 600), a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, during the period from August 2005 to August 2012.

獨立非執行董事

張憲林先生,63歲,於二零零八年十二月 一大學委任為本公司對會主席。 一大生亦為本公司黃會主成司董事是 一大生亦為本公司黃會主成司董事是 一大生亦為本名委員會之成司董事是 一大生亦為本名委員會理理,, 一大生亦及提生學會有限以一大。 一大學位一大。 一大學會會對話, 一大學會對話, 一大學會對話, 一大學會對話, 一大學會對話, 一大學會對話, 一大學的 一大學。 一大學, 一大學。 一大學

張先生亦於一九九七年八月至二零零五年五 月期間擔任國泰航空有限公司(股份代號: 293,一間於香港聯交所上市之公司)之非執 行董事。張先生於企業融資及投資管理方面 擁有逾35年之豐富經驗。

郭先生自二零零五年八月起至二零一二年 八月期間為中國基建投資有限公司(股份代號:600,一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司上 市之公司)之獨立非執行董事。

董事履歷

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive director, the chairman of the audit committee, and members of each of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company on I October 2016. He holds a Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Heriott Watt of United Kingdom and is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries, a member of Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and also a fellow of the Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. He is also a certified tax adviser in Hong Kong.

Mr. Ng is currently the principal of GDT CPA Limited. He served as tax manager and senior tax manager of international accounting firms in Hong Kong for over 10 years. He has substantial working experience in Hong Kong, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and international tax, corporate structuring, planning advisory services and accounting services and specializes in providing advices on PRC corporate and individual income taxes, VAT, customs duty, transfer pricing, and other regulatory or practical issues normally encountered by Hong Kong manufacturers with production and distribution operations in the PRC, and by foreign investors planning and setting up operations in the PRC. He also holds qualification to practice PRC Tax in Qianhai, Shenzhen, the PRC.

伍炳耀先生,49歲,於二零一六年十月一日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事、審養員會主席及本公司提名委員會及薪酬委員會各自之成員。彼持有英國赫瑞瓦特大學宣傳 查魯士學位,並為香港會計師公會資深會員、英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員、有數學會員及香港稅務學會資深會員。彼亦為香港註冊稅務師。

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company recognizes the importance of maintaining a high standard of corporate governance with an aim to protect the interest of shareholders.

The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 (the "Code") of the Listing Rules. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Company complied with all applicable provisions of the Code except for the deviation as stated below:

Code Provision A. I.3

Under Code provision A.I.3, notice of at least 14 days should be given of a regular Board meeting to give all directors an opportunity to attend. For all other Board meetings, reasonable notice should be given. Due to the practical reasons, 14 days' advanced notifications have not been given to all meetings of the Board. Reasons have been given in the notifications in respect of those meetings of the Board where it is not practical to give 14 days' advanced notification. The Board will use its best endeavours to give 14 days' advanced notifications of Board meeting to the extent practicable.

Code Provision A.2.1

Under Code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer ("CEO") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and CEO of the Company should be clearly established and set out in writing. During the year, the roles of the chairman and the CEO of the Company were not separated and were performed by Mr. Wu Hongquan until his resignation with effect from 28 April 2017.

Code Provision A.6.7

Under Code provision A.6.7, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors, as equal board members, should give the board and any committees on which they serve the benefit of their skills, expertise and varied backgrounds and qualifications through regular attendance and active participation. They should also attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Due to other business engagement, an independent non-executive director was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 7 September 2016.

企業管治常規

本公司深知維持高水平企業管治之重要性, 藉以保障股東之利益。

本公司已採納上市規則附錄I4所載之企業管治守則(「該守則」)。於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司已遵守該守則之所有適用條文,惟下文所述之偏離情況除外:

守則條文第A.1.3條

根據守則條文第A.I.3條,召開董事會定期會議應發出至少I4天通知,以讓所有成員皆有機會騰空出席。至於召開所有其他董事會會議,應發出合理通知。基於實際理由,未能就所有董事會會議給予I4天之提前通知並不可行之情況下,已於有關董事會會議通知提供理由。董事會將竭盡所能就董事會會議給予I4天提前通知。

守則條文第A.2.1條

根據守則條文第A.2.I條,主席與行政總裁 (「行政總裁」)之角色應有區分,並不應由一 人同時兼任。本公司主席與行政總裁之間職 責之分工應清楚界定並以書面列載。年內, 本公司之主席及行政總裁之角色未予以區分 並由吳宏權先生同時擔任,直至彼辭任(自二 零一七年四月二十八日起生效)。

守則條文第A.6.7條

根據守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事及 其他非執行董事作為與其他董事擁有同等地 位之董事會成員,應定期出席董事會及由 等擔任委員會成員之委員會會議並積極參 會務,以彼等之技能、專業知識及不同對 及資歷作出貢獻。彼等並應出席股東大會, 對股東意見有公正瞭解。一名獨立非執行董 事因有其他公務在身而無法出席於二零一六 年九月七日舉行之本公司股東週年大會。

企業管治報告

THE BOARD

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's business strategic decisions and performances.

Board Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises four Executive Directors, Mr. Huang Yilin, Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith, Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James and Mr. Chan Yuk Sang; and three Independent Non-executive Directors, Mr. Zhang Xianlin, Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse and Mr. Ng Ping Yiu.

The Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company are persons with academic and professional qualifications in the fields of accounting and appropriate expertise. They provide strong support towards the effective discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the Board. Each Independent Non-executive Director gives an annual confirmation of his independence to the Company and the Company considers these directors to be independent under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy"). The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance and as an essential element in maintaining strategic objectives and sustainable development of the Group. All appointment of the Board members will be based on merits against objective criteria and with due regards for benefits and balance of diversity on the Board. The Board diversity will be considered in terms of, among other things, gender, age, professional experience and qualifications and educational and cultural background, and any other factors that the Nomination Committee may consider relevant and applicable from time to time towards complementing and extending the skills, know-how and experience of the Board.

董事會

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,並負責監管 本集團之業務策略方針及表現。

董事會組成

於本報告日期,董事會由四名執行董事黃逸 林先生、陳詩賢先生、劉恩賜先生及陳玉生 先生;以及三名獨立非執行董事張憲林先 生、郭匡義先生及伍炳耀先生組成。

本公司之獨立非執行董事為於會計範疇上擁有學術及專業資歷,並為具適當專業知識之人士。彼等對董事會有效履行其職責及責任上提供強大支持。各獨立非執行董事就其獨立性每年向本公司作出確認,本公司認為,該等董事根據上市規則第3.13條乃屬獨立人十。

董事會成員多元化政策

企業管治報告

Meetings

Details of Directors' attendance records at the Board meetings and general meetings of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out below:

會議

各董事於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度董事會會議及本公司股東大會出席記錄詳 情如下:

		Meetings Attended/Held 出席次數/舉行會議次數 AGM 股東週年大會	Board 董事會
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Huang Yilin	黃逸林先生	1/1	9/9
Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith	陳詩賢先生	1/1	9/9
Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James	劉恩賜先生		
(appointed on 26 April 2017)	(於二零一七年四月二十六日獲委任)	0/0	0/0
Mr. Chan Yuk Sang	陳玉生先生		
(appointed on 28 April 2017)	(於二零一七年四月二十八日獲委任)	0/0	0/0
Mr. Wu Hongquan	吳宏權先生(已辭任,		
(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)	自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)	0/1	9/9
Ms. Li Yali	李亞利女士(已辭任,		
(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)	自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)	0/1	7/9
Mr. Zhang Zhensheng	張振生先生(已辭任,	0.11	4.10
(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)	自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)	0/1	4/9
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Zhang Xianlin	張憲林先生	1/1	6/9
Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse	郭匡義先生	1/1	9/9
Mr. Ng Ping Yiu	伍炳耀先生		
(appointed on 1 October 2016)	(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)	0/0	3/4
Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory	何俊傑先生(已辭任,		
(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)	自二零一六年十月一日起生效)	0/1	2/5

Apart from regular board meetings of the year, the Board of Directors will meet on other occasions when a board level decision on a particular matter is required. The Directors receive details of agenda items for decision and minutes of committee meetings in advance of each board meeting. The Board of Directors has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering corporate strategy, annual and interim results, Directors' appointment, succession planning, risk management, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board of Directors to the management include the preparation of annual and interim accounts for board approval before public reporting, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board of Directors, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory requirements, rules and regulations.

企業管治報告

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under Code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and CEO of the Group should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and CEO of the Group should be clearly established and set out in writing. The roles of the chairman and the CEO of the Group was not separated and was performed by the same individual, Mr. Wu Hongquan throughout the year ended 31 March 2017. Subsequently, Mr. Wu Hongquan has resigned as executive director and chairman of the board with effect from 28 April 2017, there remains the outstanding appointment of chairman of the Board. The Company will look for a suitable candidate to fill the vacancy of chairman.

The Directors meet regularly to consider major matters affecting the operations of the Group. As such, the Directors consider that this structure will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Directors and the management of Group and believes that this structure will enable the Group to make and implement decisions promptly and efficiently.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

All the Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for terms of three years. In addition, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to the Bye-laws of the Company.

According to the Company's Bye-laws, any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the first general meeting of Members after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting; and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following Annual General Meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors are continually encouraged to update themselves with legal and regulatory developments, and the business and market changes to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities.

All Directors are requested to provide the Company with their respective training records pursuant to the Code.

主席及行政總裁

根據守則條文第A.2.I條,本集團主席與行政總裁之角色應予區分,不應由一人同時兼任。本集團主席與行政總裁之間職責之分定應清楚界定並以書面列載。本集團之主法是 行政總裁之角色未予以區分並由同一人日上 時擔任,截至二零一七年三月三十一日止 度由吳宏權先生同時擔任主席兼行政總董事足 其後,吳宏權先生已辭任執行董事及百 主席之職位(自二零一七年四月二十八日 致),而董事會主席仍尚未委任。本公司將尋 找合適人選填補主席空缺。

董事定期召開會議,以考慮影響本集團營運 之主要事項。因此,董事認為,此架構不會 損害董事與本集團管理層之間之權力及權限 平衡,並相信此架構將可令本集團迅速及有 效率地作出及落實決定。

委任及重選董事

全體獨立非執行董事均委以三年為任期。此 外,全體董事須根據本公司之公司細則於股 東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任。

根據本公司之公司細則,獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺之任何董事,任期須至其獲委任後之首屆股東大會為止,並須於該大會上膺選連任;而獲董事會委任作為現有董事會新增成員之任何董事,任期須至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時符合資格膺選連任。

董事之持續專業發展

本公司持續鼓勵董事了解最新之法例及監管 發展以及業務及市場變動,以促進彼等履行 其責任。

根據該守則,全體董事均須向本公司提供彼 等各自之培訓記錄。

企業管治報告

During the year, the Directors have confirmed their participation in appropriate continuous professional development activities by ways of attending seminars or self-reading set out below:

年內,董事已確認,以下為彼等透過出席研討會或自行閱讀而參加適當持續專業發展活動:

		Attending seminars 出席研討會	Self-reading 自行閱讀
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Huang Yilin	黃逸林先生	-	✓
Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith	陳詩賢先生	-	✓
Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James	劉恩賜先生	N/A	N/A
(appointed on 26 April 2017)	(於二零一七年四月二十六日獲委任)	不適用	不適用
Mr. Chan Yuk Sang	陳玉生先生	N/A	N/A
(appointed on 28 April 2017)	(於二零一七年四月二十八日獲委任)	不適用	不適用
Mr. Wu Hongquan	吳宏權先生(已辭任,		
(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)	自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)	-	✓
Ms. Li Yali	李亞利女士(已辭任,		
(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)	自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)	-	✓
Mr. Zhang Zhensheng	張振生先生(已辭任,		
(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)	自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)	-	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Zhang Xianlin	張憲林先生	✓	✓
Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse	郭匡義先生	✓	✓
Mr. Ng Ping Yiu	伍炳耀先生		
(appointed on 1 October 2016)	(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)	✓	✓
Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory	何俊傑先生(已辭任,	N/A	N/A
(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)	自二零一六年十月一日起生效)	不適用	不適用

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all directors, Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2017.

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事確認彼等於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止整個年度已遵守標準守則所載列之規定標準。

企業管治報告

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee of the Company currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director, and is currently chaired by Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse. Its primary duties include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members, assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors, and reviewing the Board Diversity Policy etc.

The Nomination Committee held two (2) meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017. The attendance of each member of the Nomination Committee at the meetings during the year is set out below:

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及 一名執行董事組成,現時由郭匡義先生擔任 主席。提名委員會之主要職責包括檢討董事 會架構、規模及組成、物色具備合適資格可 成為董事會成員之人士、評估獨立非執行董 事之獨立性、就委任或重新委任董事之相關 事宜向董事會提供推薦意見及檢討董事會成 員多元化政策。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,提名委員會已舉行兩(2)次會議。各提名委員會成員於本年度會議出席記錄如下:

	Meetings
COMMITTEE MEMBERS	Attended/Held
	出席次數/
委員會成員	舉行會議次數

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse (Chairman)	郭匡義先生 <i>(主席)</i>	2/2
Mr. Zhang Xianlin	張憲林先生	2/2
Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith	陳詩賢先生	2/2
Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (appointed on 1 October 2016)	伍炳耀先生(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)	0/0
Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory	何俊傑先生	
(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)	(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)	1/2

During the year, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure and composition of the Board; discussed the causal vacancies for the resigned Directors; assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and made recommendations on the appointment and re-appointment of Directors.

年內,提名委員會已審閱董事會之架構及組成、討論離任董事之空缺安排、評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性及就委任及重新委任董事 提供建議。

企業管治報告

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee of the Company currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director, and is currently chaired by Mr. Zhang Xianlin. Its primary duties include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management, reviewing the remuneration package and recommending salaries, bonuses, including the incentive awards for Executive Directors and senior management, and ensuring no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration etc.

The Remuneration Committee held two (2) meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017. The attendance of each member of the Remuneration Committee at the meetings during the year is set out below:

薪酬委員會

本公司之薪酬委員會現時包括三名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事,現時由張憲林先生擔任主席。薪酬委員會之主要職責包括就有關本公司所有董事及高級管理人員薪酬之政策及架構向董事會作出建議;檢討執行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇並就彼等之薪金、花紅(包括獎金)作出建議;及確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人士參與釐定其本身薪酬。

薪酬委員會於截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度內舉行兩(2)次會議。各薪酬委員會成 員於本年度會議出席記錄如下:

		Meetings
COMMITTEE MEMBERS		Attended/Held
		出席次數/
委員會成員		舉行會議次數
Mr. Zhang Xianlin (Chairman)	張憲林先生 <i>(主席)</i>	2/2
Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse	郭匡義先生	2/2
Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith	陳詩賢先生	2/2
Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (Appointed on 1 October 2016)	伍炳耀先生(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)	0/0
Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory	何俊傑先生	
(Resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)	(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)	1/2

During the year, the Remuneration Committee has considered and reviewed the existing terms of the appointment letters of the Directors with reference to the factors including salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Company and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The Remuneration Committee considers that the existing terms of the appointment letters of the Executive and Independent Non-executive Directors are fair and reasonable. Details of the remuneration policy of the Directors are set out on page 40 of this report.

年內,薪酬委員會已參考包括可資比較公司 所支付之薪金、董事付出之時間及職責、本 公司其他職位之僱傭條件及應否按表現釐定 薪酬等因素,考慮及檢討董事委任函之現有 條款。薪酬委員會認為,執行及獨立非執行 董事委任函之現有條款屬公平合理。董事之 薪酬政策詳情載於本報告第40頁。

企業管治報告

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors. During the year, Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory was the chairman until his resignation with effect from I October 2016, and is subsequently chaired by Mr. Ng Ping Yiu on I October 2016. Its primary duties are to review and supervise the financial reporting system, risk management and internal control system of the Group etc.

The Audit Committee held two (2) meetings during the year ended 31 March 2017. The attendance of each member of the Audit Committee at the meetings during the year is set out below:

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會現時包括三名獨立非執行董事。年內,由何俊傑先生擔任主席直至 其辭任(自二零一六年十月一日起生效),其 後,伍炳耀先生於二零一六年十月一日擔任 主席。審核委員會之主要職責為審閱及監督 本集團之財務申報程序、風險管理及內部監 控制度等。

審核委員會於截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度內舉行兩(2)次會議。各審核委員會成 員於本年度會議出席記錄如下:

COMMITTEE MEMBERS	Meetings Attended/Held
委員會成員	出席次數/舉行會議次數

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (Chairman)	伍炳耀先生 <i>(主席)</i>	
(Appointed on 1 October 2016)	(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任)	1/1
Mr. Zhang Xianlin	張憲林先生	2/2
Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse	郭匡義先生	2/2
Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory	何俊傑先生	
(Resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)	(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)	1/1

During the year, the Audit Committee has reviewed with management the accounting standards and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed auditing, internal control, risk management and financial reporting matters including the Group's audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2016 and the unaudited financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2016 respectively, In June 2017, the Audit Committee reviewed the Group's audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 prior to recommending them to the Board for approval.

企業管治報告

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 March 2017 under review, the remuneration paid to the Company's auditors, Messrs. HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, is set out as follows:

核數師酬金

於所回顧之截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內,已付本公司核數師國衛會計師事務 所有限公司之酬金載列如下:

Services rendered

Fees paid/payable

已付/應付費用

HK\$'000

所提供服務

千港元

Audit services
Non-Audit services (Note)

核數服務 非核數服務(*附註)* 900 191

Note: The Audit Committee is of the view that the auditors independence was not affected by the provision of these non-audit related services during the year ended 31 March 2017.

附註: 審核委員會認為,於截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度內核數師之獨立性並未因所提供之該等 非核數相關服務而受影響。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the accounts for the year ended 31 March 2017, the Directors have adopted suitable accounting policies which are pertinent to its operations and relevant to the financial statements, made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the accounts on the going concern basis.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for overseeing the Company's risk management and internal control systems. To facilitate the effectiveness and efficiency of operations and to ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations, the Group emphasizes on the importance of a sound risk management and internal control systems which are also indispensable for mitigating the Group's risk exposures. The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage and eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and fulfillment of the business objectives.

The risk management and internal control system are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Board in order to make it practical and effective in providing reasonable assurance in relation to protection of material assets and identification of business risks. The Board is satisfied that, based on information furnished to it and on its own observations, the present risk management and internal controls of the Group are satisfactory.

問責及審核

董事確認彼等須負責編製各財政年度之財務報表,以真實及公平地反映本集團之財政狀況。於編製截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之賬目時,董事已採用與本集團業務及財務報表有關之合適會計政策,作出審慎及合理之判斷及估計,並已按持續經營基準編製賬目。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責監管本公司之風險管理及內部監控制度。為推動營運效益及效率,以及確保符合相關法律及規例,本集團強調良好風險管理及內部監控制度之重要性,此亦為減低管理及內部監控制度乙元素。本集團之風險不可或缺之元素。本集團之吳險之一,並管理及內部監控制度乃為確保無重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理但並非絕對保證,並管理及消除營運制度失誤之風險以及履行業務宗旨而設。

風險管理及內部監控制度乃由董事會持續進 行檢討,使該制度實際上可行及有效合理保 障重要資產及識別業務風險。董事會根據向 其提供之資料及本身之觀察,對本集團目前 之風險管理及內部監控感到滿意。

企業管治報告

The Group is committed to the identification, monitoring and management of risks associated with its business activities and has implemented a practical and effective control system which includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, a sound cash management system and periodic review of the Group's performance by the Audit Committee and the Board.

During the year under review, the Board has engaged an external professional firm to conduct the annual review of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 March 2017. The review has covered financial, operational and compliance control and some recommendations were provided in the internal control review report. All recommendations are properly followed up by the Group. Therefore, The Board considered that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

COMPANY SECRETARY'S TRAINING

During the year ended 31 March 2017, Mr. Law Ho Ming has received no less than fifteen (15) hours of relevant professional training to refresh his skills and knowledge.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Convening a Special General Meeting

Shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings can send a written request to the Board or the Secretary of the Company to request a Special General Meeting ("SGM").

The written request should be deposited at the principal place of business of the Company at Unit 4312, 43/F., COSCO Tower, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary. The written request must state the resolution(s), accompanied by a statement of the matters referred in the proposed resolution(s) and signed by the shareholders concerned.

The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company will convene a SGM within twenty-one (21) days of the deposit of the request. The actual SGM shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of the written request.

本集團致力識別、監控及管理與其業務活動 有關之風險,並已實施一項實際可行及有效 之監控制度,包括清晰界定權限之管理結 構、良好之現金管理制度,以及由審核委員 會及董事會定期對本集團之業績進行檢討。

於回顧年度內,董事會已委聘一間外部專業公司,就截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之風險管理及內部監控制度進行年度檢討。檢討涵蓋財務、營運及合規監控,以及於內部監控檢討報告內提供若干建議。所有建議均獲本集團妥善跟進。因此,董事會認為風險管理及內部監控制度屬有效及充分。

公司秘書之培訓

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內, 羅浩銘先生已接受不少於十五(I5)小時之相 關專業培訓以更新其技能及知識。

股東之權利

召開股東特別大會

持有賦予於股東大會上投票權之本公司繳足 股本不少於十分之一之股東可向董事會或本 公司之秘書發出書面要求以要求召開股東特 別大會(「股東特別大會」)。

書面要求應遞交至本公司之主要營業地點, 地址為香港皇后大道中183號中遠大廈43樓 4312室,註明公司秘書收啟。書面要求必須 列明決議案連同建議決議案內所提述之事項 聲明,並經有關股東簽署。

該要求將由本公司之股份登記處予以核實, 並於其確認該要求屬適當及有序作出後,本 公司將於遞交該要求後二十一(21)日內召開 股東特別大會。實際股東特別大會將於遞交 書面要求後兩(2)個月內舉行。

企業管治報告

Making Proposals at Shareholders' Meeting

Shareholder can send a written request to the Board or the Secretary of the Company to make proposal(s) at a shareholders' meeting.

The written request must state the resolution(s), accompanied by a statement of the matters referred in the proposed resolution(s) and signed by the shareholder concerned.

The written request should be deposited with the Company at its principal place of business at Unit 4312, 43/F., COSCO Tower, 183 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, at least fourteen (14) clear days before the date of the shareholders' meeting.

The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to include the proposed resolution(s) in the agenda for the shareholders' meeting.

Procedures for nomination of Directors for election

The procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available on the Company's website at http://www.asiaresources899.com.

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENT

During the year ended 31 March 2017, there were no significant changes to the Company's constitutional document.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company discloses relevant information to shareholders through the Company's annual report and financial statements, the interim report, as well as the Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). The AGM allows the directors to meet and communicate with shareholders.

To further promote effective communication, the corporate website is maintained to disseminate Company announcements and other relevant financial and non-financial information electronically on a timely basis.

於股東大會上提出建議

股東可向董事會或本公司之秘書寄發書面要 求以於股東大會上提出建議。

書面要求必須列明決議案連同建議決議案內 所提述之事項聲明,並經有關股東簽署。

書面要求應於股東大會日期前至少十四(I4) 個足日遞交至本公司之主要營業地點,地址 為香港皇后大道中I83號中遠大廈43樓43I2 室。

該要求將由本公司之股份登記處予以核實, 並於其確認該要求屬適當及有序作出後,本 公司秘書將請求董事會將建議決議案納入股 東大會之議程內。

提名董事參選之程序

股東提名人士參選董事之程序可於本公司網頁http://www.asiaresources899.com查閱。

修訂憲章文件

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內, 本公司之憲章文件並無重大變動。

與股東之溝通

本公司透過本公司之年報及財務報表、中期報告以及股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)披露相關資訊予股東。股東週年大會可讓各董事與股東見面及溝通。

為進一步推動有效之溝通,本公司設有公司 網站,以透過電子渠道適時發放本公司之公 佈及其他相關財務與非財務資訊。

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the Board of Asia Resources Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group"), I present herewith to the shareholders of the Group the annual report and audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017.

RESULTS OF THE YEAR

In the fiscal year ended 31 March 2017, the consolidated revenue, net, contributed from continuing operations (mainly money lending) of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$6,651,000 (2016: HK\$4,454,000). Accordingly, the Group's continuing operations reported a gross profit of approximately HK\$6,651,000 for the year (2016: HK\$4,354,000).

The Group recorded a loss attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$92,794,000 for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$76,205,000). The increase in loss was mainly due to (i) the decrease in other revenue from the other trading business; and (ii) the increase in the loss sharing to the owners.

Basic and diluted loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2017 was HK\$0.017 (2016: basic and diluted loss per share, from continuing and discontinued operations of HK\$0.018).

BUSINESS REVIEW

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the net revenue had increased approximately to 50% over last year. For Dalian Property, the first phase is nearly completed and expected to recognise the revenue in the coming years. The Group disposed the non-profitable business and continued to rationalize its cost structure, and focused its effort on property development and property investment businesses in the PRC and money lending business in Hong Kong. As such, the Group has further expanded its property investment business in Beijing in February 2017.

Apart from the consolidating the existing operations, the Group has been actively exploring opportunities to achieve further business diversification, with an aim to broaden its revenue stream and earning base. The Group had successfully completed two strategic acquisitions for bottled water production and sales business in Quangxi and water mining business in Hunan in April and June 2017 respectively. The Board is confident that the operation of water business will contribute positively to the Group. The Directors are of the view that the two strategic acquisitions will maximize the future contribution to the Group.

各位股東:

本人謹代表亞洲資源控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)董事會謹此向本集團股東呈報本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合業績。

年度業績

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止財政年度, 綜合收入淨額來自本集團持續經營業務(主 要為放債),約6,651,000港元(二零一六年: 4,454,000港元)。因此,本集團的持續經營業 務於本年度錄得毛利約6,651,000港元(二零 一六年:4,354,000港元)。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團錄得本公司擁有人應佔虧損約92,794,000港元(二零一六年:76,205,000港元)。虧損增加 主要由於(i)來自其他貿易業務的其他收入減 少:及(ii)擁有人分佔虧損增加。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,來自持續經營及已終止業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損為0.017港元(二零一六年:來自持續經營及已終止業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損為0.018港元)。

業務回顧

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,收入 淨額較去年增加約50%。大連物業之一期已 接近完成,並預期將於未來年度確認收入。 本集團出售盈利欠佳的業務及繼續理順其成 本結構,並專注於中國物業發展及物業投資 業務以及香港放債業務。因此,於二零一七 年二月,本集團進一步擴展其北京物業投資 業務。

除整合現有業務營運外,本集團積極探尋進一步使業務多元化之機遇,以擴闊其收入來源及盈利基礎。本集團已於二零一七年四月及六月分別成功完成廣西瓶裝水生產及銷售業務以及湖南採水業務之兩項戰略收購。董事會有信心水業務之經營將為本集團帶來正面貢獻。董事認為,該兩項戰略收購將大大提高日後為本集團帶來之貢獻。

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

Environmental Policies and Performance

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. As a responsible corporation, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations regarding environmental protection, health and safety, workplace conditions and employment and has adopted effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, energy saving and waste reduction.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

During the year ended 31 March 2017, there was no incident of significant non-compliance to any relevant laws and regulations in all material aspects for the Group.

Relationship with Suppliers, Customers and other Stakeholders

During the year ended 31 March 2017, there were no material and significant dispute between the Group and its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and Shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Property Business

Property Development

Dalian Properties

Our indirectly wholly owned China subsidiary, Dalian Chuanghe Landmark Co Ltd.(大連創和置地有限公司) ("Dalian Chuanghe") continues engaging in the development of urban land for residential purpose in the real estate sector in Dalian and as planned to develop 55 buildings on the said land with 21 buildings in the first phase ("Phase I") and 34 buildings in the second phase ("Phase II").

Phase I named "Xin Tian Jia Yuan" had almost completed the construction work except some public area and its utilities. It was expected to be completed in October 2017. There are 21 buildings established in Phase I with a saleable area of approximately 42,540 square metres. including 4 eight-storey apartments (小高層), 9 garden villas (洋房) and 8 garden houses (聯排別墅). The whole contracted sales achieved approximately RMB101,200,000 (of which pre-sale deposits of approximately RMB88,710,000 received), and the whole contracted gross saleable area of around 19,500 square metres.

環境政策及表現

本集團致力促進經營所在地區之環境及社區 之長期可持續發展。作為負責任之企業,本 集團遵守有關環保、健康及安全、工地狀況 及僱傭之一切相關法律及法規,並採取有效 措施達致資源有效利用、節約能源及減少廢 物。

遵守法律及法規

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團概無於所有重大方面嚴重違反任何相關法 律及法規。

與供應商、客戶及其他利益相關方之 關係

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團與其主要利益相關方(包括僱員、客戶、供 應商、銀行、監管機構及股東)之間概無產生 任何重大糾紛。本集團將繼續確保與各主要 利益相關方保持有效溝通及良好關係。

管理層討論及分析

物業業務

物業發展

大連物業

我們的中國間接全資附屬公司大連創和置地有限公司(「大連創和」)繼續於大連從事房地產業務,開發城市用地作住宅用途並計劃於該土地上開發55幢樓宇,其中第一期(「一期」)為21幢樓宇,第二期(「二期」)為34幢樓宇。

除若干公共範圍及其水電外,一期「心田佳苑」的建設工作已大致完成,預期將於二零一七年十月竣工。一期共有21幢樓宇,實用面積約為42,540平方米,包括四幢小高層、九幢洋房及八幢聯排別墅。總合約銷售額約為人民幣101,200,000元(其中已收到預售按金約人民幣88,710,000元),訂約總實用面積約為19,500平方米。

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

For the Phase II, 34 buildings with 69,000 square metres used as the saleable area. The initiation date will be in 2018.

The Dalian Chuanghe recorded a loss of approximately HK\$8,921,000 for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$5,572,000). The loss was mainly comprised of operation and administrative expenses.

Property Investment

Yantian Properties

(A) The Group entered into an acquisition agreement on 24 June 2014, a supplemental agreement on 15 April 2015, a second supplemental agreement on 12 July 2016 and a third supplemental agreement on 17 May 2017 to purchase the property at a consideration of approximately RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$126,000,000).

The property to be acquired represents 46 units of Jinma Creative Industry Park (formerly known as "Kingma Information Logistic Park") which is situated at Depot No. 2, 3rd Road and Shenyan Road Intersect, Inner Logistic Park, Yantian Bonded Area, Yantian District, Shenzhen City, the PRC* (中國深圳市鹽田區鹽田保税區物流園內三號路與深鹽路交匯處二號堆場) ("Jinma Creative Industry Park") with a total gross floor area of approximately 8,699 square metres.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had obtained physical possession of the property and totally paid conditionally refundable deposit of RMB90,000,000 in accordance with the terms of payment stated in the sales and purchase agreement. The remaining balance of the consideration of approximately RMB10,000,000 shall be paid within 30 days from the date on which the relevant building ownership certificates have been issued in favour of the purchaser. The vendor shall register the title of the property under the name of the purchaser on or before 31 March 2018 (or such other date as may be mutually agreed).

(B) The Group entered into a second acquisition agreement on 15 May 2015, a supplemental agreement on 12 July 2016 and a second supplemental agreement on 17 May 2017, to further purchase the property at a consideration of approximately RMB65,107,800 (equivalent to approximately HK\$81,384,750). The property to be acquired represents 30 units of Jinma Creative Industry Park with a total gross floor area of approximately 5,400 square metres.

二期共有34幢樓宇,實用面積為69,000平方米,將於二零一八年動工。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,大連 創和錄得虧損約8,921,000港元(二零一六年: 5,572,000港元)。虧損主要包括營運及行政開 支。

物業投資

鹽田物業

(A) 於二零一四年六月二十四日,本集團訂立一份收購協議,並於二零一五年四月十五日訂立補充協議、於二零一六年七月十二日訂立第二份補充協議及於二零一七年五月十七日訂立第三份補充協議,以代價約人民幣100,000,000元(相當於約126,000,000港元)收購有關物業。

將收購之物業為位於中國深圳市鹽田區 鹽田保税區物流園內三號路與深鹽路交 匯處二號堆場之金馬創新產業園(前稱 為「金馬訊息物流園」)(「金馬創新產業 園」)46個單位,總建築面積約為8,699平 方米。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團已取得該物業實質擁有權及已按照買賣協議所述付款條款有條件支付可退還按金合共人民幣90,000,000元。代價之餘額約人民幣10,000,000元須於向買方發出有關房屋所有權證日期起30日內支付。賣方須於二零一八年三月三十一日或之前(或其他可能雙方協定之日期)以買方名義登記物業業權。

- (B) 於二零一五年五月十五日,本集團訂立 第二份收購協議,並於二零一六年七月 十二日訂立補充協議及於二零一七年 五月十七日訂立第二份補充協議,以 代價約人民幣65,107,800元(相當於約 81,384,750港元)再購物業。將收購之物 業為金馬創新產業園30個單位,總建築 面積約為5,400平方米。
- * 僅供識別

^{*} For identification purpose only

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had obtained physical possession of the property and totally paid conditionally refundable deposit of RMB60,000,000 in accordance with the terms of payment stated in the sales and purchase agreement. The remaining balance of the consideration of approximately RMB5,107,800 shall be paid within 30 days from the date on which the property has been registered under the name of the purchaser. The vendor shall register the title of the property under the name of the purchaser on or before 31 March 2018 (or such other date as may be mutually agreed).

(C) The Group entered into a third acquisition agreement on 10 November 2015 and a supplemental agreement on 17 May 2017, to further purchase the property at a consideration of approximately RMB101,628,955 (equivalent to approximately HK\$121,954,746). The property to be acquired, being a single-storey reinforced concrete building designated for office and storage uses, is the Block 2 of Jinma Creative Industry Park with a total gross floor area of approximately 4,957 square metres.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had obtained physical possession of the property and totally paid conditionally refundable deposit of RMB100,000,000 in accordance with the terms of payment stated in the sales and purchase agreement. The remaining balance of the consideration of approximately RMB1,628,955 shall be paid within 30 days from the date on which the property has been registered under the name of the purchaser. The vendor shall register the title of the property under the name of the purchaser on or before 30 June 2018 (or such other date as may be mutually agreed).

Zengcheng Properties

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 15 April 2015, 5 June 2015, 27 August 2015, 15 June 2016 and 18 January 2017 in relation to the acquisition of certain properties located in Jinma Waterfront Square* (金馬水岸廣場). Given that the vendor failed to deliver the physical possession of the properties within the timeframe specified in the acquisition agreements, the Group served a termination notice to the vendor on 18 January 2017 and demand the refund of the consideration in the amount of RMB274,000,000 pursuant to the terms and conditions of the acquisition agreements and the payment of an additional sum representing not less than 3% thereof as compensation (details of which were disclosed in the announcement dated 18 January 2017). As at 31 March 2017, the Group had totally received RMB50,000,000 for the refund of the paid consideration and the payment of the compensation.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團已取得該物業實質擁有權及已按照買賣協議所述付款條款有條件支付可退還按金合共人民幣60,000,000元。代價之餘額約人民幣5,107,800元須於該物業以買方名義登記日期起30日內支付。賣方須於二零一八年三月三十一日或之前(或其他可能雙方協定之日期)以買方名義登記物業業權。

(C) 於二零一五年十一月十日,本集團訂立第三份收購協議,並於二零一七年五月十七日訂立補充協議,以代價約人民幣101,628,955元(相當於約121,954,746港元)再購物業。將收購之物業為位於金馬創新產業園2座指定作辦公及倉貯用途之單層鋼筋混凝土大樓,總建築面積約為4,957平方米。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團已取得該物業實質擁有權及已按照買賣協議所述付款條款有條件支付可退還按金合共人民幣100,000,000元。代價之餘額約人民幣1,628,955元須於該物業以買方名義登記日期起30日內支付。賣方須於二零一八年六月三十日或之前(或其他可能雙方協定之日期)以買方名義登記物業業權。

增城物業

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

Hangzhou Properties

In late 2015, the patisserie coffee shop and the indoor recreation playground business operated in Hangzhou properties had ceased due to weak performance. Hangzhou, capital of Zhejiang province, it has a population of nearly 9 million and is one of China's richest cities. However, the property market in Hangzhou suffered from the state macro control and has a pressure in its economic growth. It is the intention of the Group to dispose of the Hangzhou properties to potential investors, although the Group would still consider leasing them out.

Iron Ore Mining Business

While facing the Ministerial Regulation No. 1/2014 promulgated by the Indonesian Government regarding the export restriction of iron sand still in force, the management had decided to stem the export of the iron sand trading business of PT. Dampar Golden International (an indirect 60% non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group) in Indonesia during the period under review as the purity level of the iron sand did not meet the minimum requirement under the Indonesia mining regulation.

After dismantled and removed the processing plants to warehouse, the management is continuing to explore the opportunity to dispose the plants and inventory. Meanwhile, the Group had closed down all activities except for those office and administration function.

Under the circumstances, the Company is considering to dispose the Indonesia mining business to potential investors who are interested in the mine so that the management can focus their effort on the other business units.

This segment recorded a loss of approximately HK\$2,672,000 for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: HK\$2,810,000). The loss was mainly comprised of operation and administrative expenses and impairment loss of fixed assets approximately to HK\$700,000.

Investing and Financing Business

Money Lending Business

The Group has obtained a money lenders licence in Hong Kong since July 2015 through its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, Asia Financial Holdings (Hong Kong) Limited ("Asia Financial"). Under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of Laws of Hong Kong), Asia Financial has commenced the money lending business since September 2015. In view of the keen competition on this business, the Group will continue to approach high credit rating customers.

For the year under review, the money lending business recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$6,651,000 (2016: HK\$3,942,000).

杭州物業

於二零一五年年底,由於表現疲弱,杭州物業的法式糕點咖啡店及室內遊樂場業務已終止。浙江省省會杭州共有約9百萬人口,並為中國其中一個最富裕的城市。然而,杭州的房地產市場遭受國家宏觀調控,經濟增長受壓。儘管本集團仍會考慮出租杭州物業,本集團有意出售杭州物業予潛在投資者。

鐵礦開採業務

印尼政府頒佈的有關鐵砂出口限制的部門規例第1/2014號仍然生效,於回顧期間,管理層已決定停止本集團擁有60%權益的間接非全資附屬公司PT. Dampar Golden International於印尼出口鐵砂貿易業務,原因為鐵砂之純度未能符合印尼採礦規例項下之最低要求。

將加工設備拆除並搬至倉庫後,管理層持續尋求出售廠房及存貨的機會。同時,除辦工及行政功能活動外,本集團已結束所有活動。

於此情況下,本公司正在考慮將印尼礦山業 務出售予對採礦有興趣之潛在投資者,從而 使管理層可專注於其他業務單元。

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,該分部錄得虧損約2,672,000港元(二零一六年:2,810,000港元)。虧損主要包括營運及行政開支,以及固定資產減值虧損約700,000港元。

投資及融資業務

放債業務

自二零一五年七月起,本集團已通過其間接 全資附屬公司亞洲金融集團(香港)有限公司 (「亞洲金融」)於香港取得放債人牌照。根據 香港法例第163章放債人條例,亞洲金融已自 二零一五年九月起開展放債業務。鑒於此業 務競爭激烈,本集團將繼續接洽高信貸評級 的客戶。

於回顧年度,放債業務錄得收益約6,651,000港元(二零一六年:3,942,000元)。

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

Securities and Other Trading Business

During the year under review, due to the volatility of the stock market, the management was prudent in taking risk on the securities trading business. There is no trading of securities during year ended 31 March 2017. The management focus their effort on other business.

Therefore, the securities trading business for the year ended 31 March 2017 recorded a loss of approximately HK\$2,870,000 (2016: HK\$6,490,000). The loss in 2017 was mainly due to the fair value change of the securities.

Other

- (A) The Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement on 29 June 2016 with Ms. Hu Huifang* (胡惠芳) and Ms. Shi Xiulan* (石秀蘭), relating to the acquisition of 100% equity interest of Shaanxi Tiandi Zhongli Energy Development Company Limited* (陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司) ("Shaanxi Tiandi") at a consideration of RMB31,200,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$36,816,000). Shaanxi Tiandi was established in the PRC with limited liability and is principally engaged in vehicle liquefied natural gas supply business, it owns and operates the LNG Station. The acquisition of Shaanxi Tiandi has not yet completed as at 31 March 2017. Subsequently, the Group has served a termination notice to the vendors for, among other things, termination of the sale and purchase agreement on 26 June 2017.
- (B) During the year under review, the Group paid interest for convertible notes/bonds of approximately HK\$10,442,000 (2016: HK\$13,142,000) and incurred non-cash finance costs of approximately HK\$32,115,000 (2016: HK\$30,774,000) as a result of the imputed interests on the convertible notes/bonds issued.

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

證券及其他貿易業務

於回顧年度內,受股票市場的波動影響,管理層在承擔證券交易業務的風險時加倍審慎。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度並無任何證券交易,管理層專注於其他業務。

因此,截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,證券交易業務錄得虧損約2,870,000港元 (二零一六年:6,490,000港元)。二零一七年的虧損主要由於證券公平值變動。

其他

- (A) 本集團於二零一六年六月二十九日與胡惠芳女士及石秀蘭女士訂立一份買賣協議,內容有關以代價人民幣31,200,000元(相當於約36,816,000港元)收購陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司(「陝中國大地」)之全部股權。陝西天地為於中國成立之有限公司,主要從事汽車液化天然氣供應業務,並擁有及營運液化天然氣供應業務,並擁有及營運液化天然氣站。陝西天地之收購於二零一七年三月三十一日尚未完成。其後,本集團於上零一七年六月二十六日向賣方發出。通知書,(其中包括)終止買賣協議。
- (B) 於回顧年度,本集團支付可換股票據/債券利息約10,442,000港元(二零一六年:13,142,000港元)及因發行可換股票據/債券估算之利息而招致非現金融資成本約32,115,000港元(二零一六年:30,774,000港元)。

股息

董事不建議派付截至二零一七年三月三十一 日止年度之末期股息(二零一六年:無)。

^{*} For identification purpose only

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Shareholders' equity decrease to approximately HK\$1,884,213,000 as at 31 March 2017 from approximately HK\$2,047,938,000 as at 31 March 2016. As at 31 March 2017, the short term and long term interest bearing debts to shareholders' equity was 11.13% (2016: approximately 9.7%).

2014 CONVERTIBLE NOTES

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated II July 2014, 3 September 2014, 25 September 2014, 15 October 2014, 22 October 2014, 29 October 2014 and the circular of the Company dated 8 September 2014 relating to the placing of a 2-year 12% coupon convertible notes due 2016 (at a conversion price of HK\$0.38 – subject to adjustment) in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$608,000,000 under specific mandate (the "2014 CN Placing"). The 2014 CN Placing was completed in three tranches on 15 October 2014 and 22 October 2014 and 29 October 2014 respectively (the "2014 Convertible Notes").

Holders of the Tranche 2 — 2014 Convertible Notes and Tranche 3 — 2014 Convertible Notes had been fully converted the outstanding principal amount during the financial year ended 31 March 2016.

During the year under review, the Company had redeemed all outstanding Tranche I — 2014 Convertible Notes at the principal amount of HK\$9,997,800 on its maturity date in October 2016.

2015 CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 21 May 2015 and 20 August 2015 and the circular of the Company dated 6 July 2015 in relation to the placing of a 3-year 4% coupon convertible bonds due 2018 (at a conversion price of HK\$0.72 — subject to adjustment) in the aggregate principal amount of up to HK\$432,000,000 (the "2015 CB Placing"). The 2015 CB Placing was completed on 20 August 2015 (the "2015 Convertible Bonds").

During the year under review, no holder of the 2015 Convertible Bonds has converted any outstanding principal amount into shares of the Company. As at 31 March 2017, the principal amount of the 2015 Convertible Bonds outstanding was HK\$244,800,000.

資本架構

股東權益由於二零一六年三月三十一日之約2,047,938,000港元減少至於二零一七年三月三十一日之約1,884,213,000港元。於二零一七年三月三十一日,短期及長期帶息債務佔股東權益為11.13%(二零一六年:約9.7%)。

2014年可換股票據

茲提述本公司日期為二零一四年七月十一日、二零一四年九月三日、二零一四年十月二十五日、二零一四年十月十四年十月二十二日及二零一四年十月二十二日之公佈及本公司日期為二零一四權一九月八日之通函,內容有關根據特別零一四權一九月八日之通函,內容有關根據特別零一之總額為608,000,000港元於二零一四權一六兩年期,12%票息之可換股票據(「2014年可換股票據配售事項」)。2014年可換股票據配售事項」)。2014年可換股票據配售事項已分別於二零一四年十月十五日大三十九日分三批完成(「2014年可換股票據」)。

2014年可換股票據一第二批及2014年可換股票據一第三批之持有人已於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止財政年度悉數轉換未償還本金額。

於回顧年度,本公司已於二零一六年十月到期日以本金額9,997,800港元贖回所有未行使2014年可換股票據一第一批。

2015年可換股債券

茲提述本公司日期為二零一五年五月二十一日及二零一五年八月二十日之公佈及本公司日期為二零一五年七月六日之通函,內容有關配售本金總額最高為432,000,000港元於二零一八年到期(轉換價為0.72港元,可予調整)之三年期、4%票息之可換股債券(「2015年可換股債券配售事項已於二零一五年八月二十日完成(「2015年可換股債券」)。

於回顧年度,概無2015年可換股債券之持有 人將任何未償還本金額轉換為本公司股份。 於二零一七年三月三十一日,2015年可換股 債券之未償還本金額為244,800,000港元。

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had total assets of approximately HK\$2,433,016,000 (2016: HK\$2,560,721,000) which was financed by current liabilities of approximately HK\$306,712,000 (2016: HK\$288,195,000), non-current liability of approximately HK\$251,238,000 (2016: HK\$232,658,000), non-controlling interests of approximately deficit balance HK\$9,147,000 (2016: HK\$8,070,000) and shareholders' equity of approximately HK\$1,884,213,000 (2016: HK\$2,047,938,000).

The Group's current ratio as at 31 March 2017 was approximately 5.23 (2016: 5.09) and gearing ratio, representing the total of bank borrowings and the sum of convertible notes, divided by the shareholders' equity was approximately 11.1% (2016: 9.7%). As at 31 March 2017, approximately 100% of debts were denominated in Hong Kong Dollars and with fixed interest coupon rate (2016: approximately 100%).

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had no pledged/changed on Group's assets (2016: Nil).

As at 31 March 2017, except for the capital commitment amounting to approximately HK\$251,442,000, the Group had no other material capital commitment and contingent liabilities.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS DURING THE YEAR

Acquisitions

Acquisition of 100% equity interest of Shaanxi Tiandi Zhongli Energy Development Company Limited* (陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司)

The Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement on 29 June 2016 to acquire 100% equity interest of Shaanxi Tiandi Zhongli Energy Development Company Limited* (陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司) at a consideration of RMB31,200,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$36,816,000) (details of which were disclosed in the announcements dated 29 June 2016 and 29 May 2017). The acquisition of Shaanxi Tiandi has not yet completed as at 31 March 2017. Subsequently, the Group has served a termination notice to the vendors for, among other things, termination of the sale and purchase agreement on 26 May 2017.

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團之資產總值約為2,433,016,000港元(二零一六年:2,560,721,000港元),乃由流動負債約306,712,000港元(二零一六年:288,195,000港元)、非流動負債約251,238,000港元(二零一六年:232,658,000港元)、非控股權益虧絀結餘約9,147,000港元(二零一六年:8,070,000港元)及股東權益約1,884,213,000港元(二零一六年:2,047,938,000港元)組成。

本集團於二零一七年三月三十一日之流動比率約為5.23(二零一六年:5.09),而資本負債比率(即銀行借款總額以及可換股票據總數除以股東權益)約為II.1%(二零一六年:9.7%)。於二零一七年三月三十一日,約100%債務以港元計值並按固定票息率計息(二零一六年:約100%)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團並無對本集團資產作出抵押/押記(二零一六年:無)。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,除約 251,442,000港元之資本承擔外,本集團並無 任何其他重大資本承擔及或然負債。

年內重大收購事項及出售事項

收購事項

收購陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司之全部 股權

於二零一六年六月二十九日,本集團訂立買賣協議,以代價人民幣31,200,000元(相當於約36,816,000港元)收購陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司之全部股權(詳情於日期為二零一六年六月二十九日及二零一七年五月二十九日之公佈披露)。陝西天地之收購於二零一七年三月三十一日尚未完成。其後,本集團於二零一七年五月二十六日向賣方發出終止通知書,(其中包括)終止買賣協議。

^{*} For identification purpose only

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

Acquisition of property located in the Phrase III of the Beijing Convention and Exhibition International Port (Exhibition Centre Ancillary Facilities) Project* (北京會展國際港展館配套設施項目第三期)

The Group entered into an acquisition agreement on 28 February 2017 to purchase (a) office premises (the "Office Premises") with a gross floor area of 8,335 square metres and (b) underground car park (the "Car Park") with a gross floor area of 3,100 square metres located in the Phrase III of the Beijing Convention and Exhibition International Port (Exhibition Centre Ancillary Facilities) Project* (北京會展國際港展館配套設施項目第三期) for an initial Consideration of RMB220,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$253,000,000) (subject to adjustments) (details of which were disclosed in the announcement dated 28 February 2017). The acquisition has not yet completed as at 31 March 2017.

Disposals

Disposal of 100% equity interest of Shenzhen Shi Longxinchang Industrial Company Limited* (深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司)

The Group entered into a share transfer agreement on 31 March 2016 to dispose 100% equity interest of Shenzhen Shi Longxinchang Industrial Company Limited* (深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司) and the sale loan for a total consideration of RMB13,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$16,048,000). The disposal was subsequently completed in April 2016.

Disposal of 100% equity interest of 深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司

The Group entered into a share transfer agreement on 14 April 2016 to dispose 100% equity interest of 深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司 and the sale loan for the total consideration of RMB41,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$48,397,000). The disposal was subsequently completed in April 2016.

Save as disclosed above, there was no other material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries or associates of the Company during the year under review.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Details of significant subsequent events are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements.

收購位於北京會展國際港展館配套設施項目 第三期之物業

於二零一七年二月二十八日,本集團訂立收購協議,以初始代價人民幣220,000,000元(相當於約253,000,000港元)(可調整)購買位於北京會展國際港展館配套設施項目第三期之(a)總建築面積為8,335平方米之辦公室物業(「辦公室物業」)及(b)總建築面積為3,100平方米之地下停車場(「停車場」)(詳情於日期為二零一七年二月二十八日之公佈披露)。收購於二零一七年三月三十一日尚未完成。

出售事項

出售深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司全部股權

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團訂立股份轉讓協議,以總代價人民幣13,600,000元(相當於約16,048,000港元)出售深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司全部股權及銷售貸款。出售事項其後已於二零一六年四月完成。

出售深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司全部股權

於二零一六年四月十四日,本集團訂立股份轉讓協議,以總代價人民幣41,000,000元(相當於約48,397,000港元)出售深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司全部股權及銷售貸款。出售事項其後已於二零一六年四月完成。

除上文所披露者外,於回顧年度,本公司並無其他重大收購或出售附屬公司或聯營公司。

結算日後事項

重大結算日後事項詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註43。

^{*} For identification purpose only

董事會總結與管理層討論及分析

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATION IN EXCHANGE RATES

Most of the Group's assets, liabilities and business transactions are denominated in Hong Kong Dollars, Renminbi, Indonesian Rupiah and US Dollars which have been relatively stable during the year ended 31 March 2017. The Group was not exposed to material exchange risk and had not employed any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The Group has a total of approximately 45 employees in Hong Kong, Indonesia and the PRC as at 31 March 2017. The total cost (staff salary and director emolument) for the year ended 31 March 2017 amounted to approximately HK\$47,868,000. Remuneration packages are generally structured according to market situations and individual performance. Apart from the mandatory provident fund and statutory retirement benefits, the Group also provides medical benefits and sponsors employees in different training and continuous education programs.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to thank our shareholders and business associates for their ongoing support and extend our appreciation to our management team and staff members for their contributions to our achievements in the year.

By order of the Board

Huang Yilin

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

匯率波動風險

本集團大部份資產、負債及業務交易均以港元、人民幣、印尼盾及美元計值,而該等貨幣於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內均相對穩定。本集團並無面對重大匯率風險及並無採用任何金融工具作對沖用途。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團在香港、印尼及中國共聘用約45名僱員。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度的員工薪金及董事酬金總成本達約47,868,000港元。薪酬待遇一般參照市況及個人表現而釐定。除強制性公積金及法定退休福利外,本集團亦提供醫療福利及資助僱員參加各種培訓及持續教育計劃。

致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表董事會,對股東及同業 友好多年來之不斷支持表示謝意,並就管理 層團隊及僱員年內對本集團之貢獻致以衷心 感謝。

承董事會命

執行董事

黃逸林

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

董事會報告

The directors of the Company present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017.

本公司董事謹此提呈截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報 表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 62 to 63.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE OPTIONS

Details of share options are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the Group's business during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in "Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 19 which forms part of this Directors' Report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial position, business results and prospects would be affected by a number of risks including operational risk, market risk and financial risk. The Group's property business in the PRC which is susceptible to change in government policies and foreign currency risk. The Group's money lending business is subject to credit risk. The Group's securities trading business is affected by the volatility of the stock market. The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are shown in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要業務

本公司乃作為一間投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註40。

業績

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 之業績載於第62頁至第63頁之綜合損益及其 他全面收益表。

股本

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之本 公司股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

購股權

購股權之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註32。

業務回顧

本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年 度之業務回顧載於第19頁「管理層討論及分析」,構成本董事會報告的一部份。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績及前景或受多項風險所影響,包括營運風險、市場風險及財務風險。本集團於中國之物業業務易受政府政策變動及外匯風險的影響。本集團的放債業務面臨信貸風險。本集團之證券交易業務受股市波動的影響。本集團之財務風險管理目標及政策於綜合財務報表附註5列示。

董事會報告

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders. However, a company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus, if:

- (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

The Company has deficit at 31 March 2017 which comprises contributed surplus of approximately HK\$180,030,000 less accumulated losses of approximately HK\$3,593,519,000. Accordingly, the Company has no reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 March 2017.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group spent an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$7,080,000 on the acquisition of property, plant and equipment for expansion and improvement of the facilities of mining business and aggregate amount of approximately HK\$505,000 on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

Details of these and other movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

本公司之可分派儲備

根據1981年百慕達公司法(經修訂),本公司 之實繳盈餘可供分派予股東。然而,倘出現 下列情況,則公司不得宣派或派付股息,或 自實繳盈餘作出分派:

- (i) 於派付股息後,公司將無法於其債務到 期時償還債務;或
- (ii) 其資產之可變現價值將因而低於其負債、已發行股本及股份溢價賬之總額。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司錄得虧損,當中包括實繳盈餘約180,030,000港元減累計虧損約3,593,519,000港元。因此,於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司並無可分派予股東之儲備。

物業、廠房及設備

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團耗資合共約7,080,000港元收購物業、廠房及設備以擴充及改善其採礦業務之設施及合共約505,000港元出售物業、廠房及設備。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內, 有關本集團之物業、廠房及設備之該等及其 他變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Huang Yilin

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith

Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James

(appointed on 26 April 2017)

Mr. Chan Yuk Sang

(appointed on 28 April 2017)

Mr. Wu Hongquan

(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)

Ms. Li Yali

(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)

Mr. Zhang Zhensheng

(resigned with effect from 28 April 2017)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Xianlin

Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse

Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (appointed on 1 October 2016)

Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory

(resigned with effect from 1 October 2016)

In accordance with Clause 86(2) of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Ng Ping Yiu, Mr. Liu Yan Chee, James and Mr. Chan Yuk Sang will retire at forthcoming General Meeting, and, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection as Directors at the forthcoming General Meeting.

In accordance with Clause 87(I) of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Zhang Xianlin, Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse and Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith will retire at the Annual General Meeting, and, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection as Directors at the Annual General Meeting.

The term of office of each of the Independent Non-executive Directors is for a term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Annual General Meeting as required by the Company's Bye-laws.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting has any unexpired service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事及董事服務合約

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內及 截至本報告日期止本公司之董事如下:

執行董事

黄逸林先生

陳詩賢先生

劉恩賜先生

(於二零一七年四月二十六日獲委任)

陳玉生先生

(於二零一七年四月二十八日獲委任)

吳宏權先生

(已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效) * m 和 + .

李亞利女士

(已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)

張振生先生

(已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效)

獨立非執行董事

張憲林先生

郭匡義先生

伍炳耀先生(於二零一六年十月一日獲委任) 何俊傑先生

(已辭任,自二零一六年十月一日起生效)

根據本公司之公司細則第86(2)條,伍炳耀先生、劉恩賜先生及陳玉生先生將於應屆股東大會上退任,而彼等均符合資格且願意於應屆股東大會上鷹撰連任董事。

根據本公司之公司細則第87(I)條,張憲林先生、郭匡義先生及陳詩賢先生將於股東週年大會上退任,而彼等均符合資格且願意於股東週年大會上鷹選連任董事。

各獨立非執行董事之任期為三年,惟須根據 本公司之公司細則規定於股東週年大會上輪 值退任及膺選連任。

擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選連任之董事概 無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立於一年內 本集團不作出補償(法定補償除外)則不可終 止之任何未屆滿服務合約。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debenture of the Company

As at 31 March 2017, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies as set out in Appendix 10 (the "Model Code") to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

Long positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company

董事及主要行政人員於證券之 權益

董事及主要行政人員於本公司股份、 相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊內,或另行根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司股份、相關股份及債券之好倉

Number of ordinary shares held 持有之普通股數目					
			Number of		Approximately percentage of the issued share capital of
Name of director	Conneity	Personal interest	share options held	Total interests	the Company
Name of director	Capacity	interest	neid	interests	(Note I) 佔本公司 已發行股本
艾 古.4. 4	≐ /∩	/m 4h \	持有之	ᄻᆏᄺᅜᅶ	之概約百分比
董事姓名	身份	個人權益	購股權數目	總權益	(附註1)
Huang Yilin 黃逸林	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	70,000	80,000,000	80,070,000	1.50%
Chan Shi Yin, Keith 陳詩賢	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,200,000	80,000,000	81,200,000	1.52%
Zhang Xianlin	Beneficial owner	_	6,840,000	6,840,000	0.13%
張憲林 Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse 郭匡義	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	6,700,000	6,700,000	0.13%
Wu Hongquan (Note 2) 吳宏權(附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	53,000,000	53,000,000	0.99%
Li Yali (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	-	53,000,000	53,000,000	0.99%
李亞利 <i>(附註2)</i> Zhang Zhensheng (Note 2) 張振生 <i>(附註2)</i>	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	53,000,000	53,000,000	0.99%

董事會報告

Note:

- The percentages calculated are based on the total number of issued shares of the Company of 5,343,690,000 Shares as at 31 March 2017.
- 2. Resigned with effect from 28 April 2017

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, none of the directors or the chief executives of the Company or their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The share option scheme adopted by the Company on 14 January 2002 (the "2002 Share Option Scheme") had been terminated on 9 August 2011 and a new share option scheme (the "2011 Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the Company on 9 August 2011.

2002 Share Option Scheme

As at 31 March 2017, the number of shares in respect of which share options remained outstanding under 2002 Share Option Scheme was 3.220.000.

附註:

- 該等百分比乃根據本公司於二零一七年三月三十一日之已發行股份總數5,343,690,000股股份計算。
- 2. 已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,概無本公司董事或主要行政人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊內,或另行根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零零二年一月十四日採納之購股權計劃(「二零零二年購股權計劃」)已於二零一一年八月九日被終止,而本公司已於二零一一年八月九日採納一項新購股權計劃(「二零一一年購股權計劃」)。

二零零二年購股權計劃

於二零一七年三月三十一日,於二零零二年 購股權計劃項下仍尚未行使之購股權涉及之 股份數目為3,220,000股。

董事會報告

During the year under review, the details and movements in the share options granted under 2002 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

於回顧年度內,根據二零零二年購股權計劃 已授出之購股權之詳情及變動如下:

			Adjusted			Number of s 購股相			
			Exercise price per	at I April	Granted during	Exercised during	Lapsed during	Cancelled during	Outstanding at 31 March
	Date of grant	Exercisable period	share	2016 於二零一六年	the year	the year	the year	the year	2017 於二零一七年
	授出日期	行使期	每股經調整 行使價 <i>(Note)</i> (附註) HK\$ 港元	四月一日尚未行使	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內失效	於年內註銷	三月三十一日 尚未行使
Category I: Director 類別一:董事									
Zhang Xianlin 張憲林	12 Jul 2011 二零一一年七月十二日	12 Jul 2011 - 11 Jul 2021 二零一一年七月十二日至 二零二一年七月十一日	1.775	140,000	-	-	-	-	140,000
Total for Director 董事總計				140,000	-	-	-	-	140,000
Category 2: Employees 類別二:僱員									
Employees 僱員	12 Jul 2011 二零一一年七月十二日	12 Jul 2011 - 11 Jul 2021 二零一一年七月十二日至 二零二一年七月十一日	1.775	3,080,000	-	-	-	-	3,080,000
Total for Employees 僱員總計				3,080,000	-	-	-	-	3,080,000
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				3,220,000	-	-	-	-	3,220,000

Note: The closing price of the Company's shares quoted on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant was HK\$0.071 (adjusted to HK\$1.775 upon capital reorganization became effective on 3 June 2013).

附註: 本公司股份於授出日期於聯交所所報之收市價為 0.071港元(於股本重組於二零一三年六月三日生 效後調整為1.775港元)。

董事會報告

2011 Share Option Scheme

On 28 September 2016, 379,500,000 share options were granted to Directors, employees and consultant of the Company under 2011 Share Option Scheme at an exercisable price of HK\$0.261 per share.

Reference is also made to the circular of the Company dated 28 July 2016. On 7 September 2016, an ordinary resolution was duly passed by the shareholders at annual general meeting of the Company, approving, inter alia, to refresh the scheme mandate limit under the 2011 Share Option Scheme of the Company adopted on 9 August 2011. The refreshed scheme limit as at 7 September 2016 was 534,369,000.

During the year under review, the details and movements in the share options granted under 2011 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

二零一一年購股權計劃

於二零一六年九月二十八日,本公司根據二零一一年購股權計劃按行使價每股0.261港元向本公司董事、僱員及顧問授出379,500,000份購股權。

茲提述本公司日期為二零一六年七月二十八日之通函。於二零一六年九月七日,一項普通決議案於本公司之股東週年大會上獲股東正式通過,以批准(其中包括)更新本公司於二零一一年八月九日採納之二零一一年購股權計劃項下之計劃授權限額。於二零一六年九月七日之已更新計劃限額為534,369,000。

於回顧年度內,根據二零一一年購股權計劃 已授出之購股權之詳情及變動如下:

						Number of s 購股權			
	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期	Exercise price per share 每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Outstanding at I April 2016 於二零一六年 四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Cancelled during the year 於年內註銷	Outstanding at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Category I: Directors 類別一:董事	i								
Wu Hongquan (Note) 吳宏權 <i>(附註)</i>	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 - 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000
Huang Yilin 黃逸林	20 Apr 2015 二零一五年 四月二十日	20 Apr 2015 - 19 Apr 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	27,000,000	-	-	-	-	27,000,000
	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 – 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000
Chan Shi Yin, Keith 陳詩賢	20 Apr 2015 二零一五年 四月二十日	20 Apr 2015 - 19 Apr 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	27,000,000	-	-	-	-	27,000,000
	四月二十日 28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日		0.261	-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000
Li Yali (Note) 李亞利 <i>(附註)</i>	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 - 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000

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						Number of s 購股相			
	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share	Outstanding at I April 2016 於二零一六年	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Cancelled during the year	Outstanding at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年
	授出日期	行使期	每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	四月一日尚未行使	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內失效	於年內註銷	三月三十一日尚未行使
Zhang Zhensheng (Note) 張振生 <i>(附註)</i>	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 – 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000
Zhang Xianlin 張憲林	26 Aug 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 Aug 2014 – 25 Aug 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
	3 Oct 2014 二零一四年 十月三日	3 Oct 2014 – 2 Oct 2024 二零一四年十月三日至 二零二四年十月二日	0.520	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	20 Apr 2015 二零一五年 四月二十日	20 Apr 2015 - 19 Apr 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 – 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse 郭匡義	26 Aug 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 Aug 2014 - 25 Aug 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
	3 Oct 2014 二零一四年 十月三日	3 Oct 2014 – 2 Oct 2024 二零一四年十月三日至 二零二四年十月二日	0.520	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	20 Apr 2015 二零一五年 四月二十日	20 Apr 2015 - 19 Apr 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 – 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
Total for Directors 董事總計				57,400,000	275,000,000	-	-	-	332,400,000

董事會報告

						Number of s 購股權			
	Date of grant	Exercisable period	price per share	Outstanding at I April 2016 於二零一六年	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Cancelled during the year	at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年
	授出日期	行使期	每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	四月一日 尚未行使	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內失效	於年內註銷	三月三十一日 尚未行使
Category 2: Employees 類別二:僱員	3								
Employees 僱員	26 Aug 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 Aug 2014 – 25 Aug 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	1,200,000	-	-	-	-	1,200,000
	3 Oct 2014 二零一四年 十月三日	3 Oct 2014 - 2 Oct 2024 二零一四年十月三日至 二零二四年十月二日	0.520	45,400,000	-	-	-	-	45,400,000
	20 Apr 2015	20 Apr 2015 — 19 Apr 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	35,800,000	-	-	(15,000,000)	-	20,800,000
	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 – 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	51,500,000	-	-	-	51,500,000
Total for Employees 僱員總計				82,400,000	51,500,000	-	(15,000,000)	-	118,900,000
Category 3: Consultan 類別三:顧問	t								
Consultant 顧問	28 Sept 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 Sept 2016 – 27 Sept 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000
Total for Consultant 顧問總計				-	53,000,000	-	-	-	53,000,000
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				139,800,000	379,500,000	-	(15,000,000)	-	504,300,000

Note: Resigned with effect from 28 April 2017.

The closing price of the Company's shares quoted on the Stock Exchange on the respective dates of grant of 26 August 2014, 3 October 2014, 20 April 2015 and 28 September 2016 were HK\$0.345, HK\$0.520, HK\$0.395 and HK\$0.255 respectively.

附註: 已辭任,自二零一七年四月二十八日起生效。

本公司股份於授出日期(分別為二零一四年八月二十六日、二零一四年十月三日、二零一五年四月二十日及二零一六年九月二十八日)於聯交所所報之收市價分別為0.345港元、0.520港元、0.395港元及0.255港元。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above in respect of the Directors' interests in securities and Share Options in the note 32 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2017, was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2017, so far as was known to the Directors and the chief executive of the Company, the following persons (other than any director and chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or as recorded in the register to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange:

董事購入股份或債權證之權利

除上文就董事於證券之權益及綜合財務報表 附註32之購股權所披露者外,本公司或其任 何附屬公司於截至二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度內任何時間概無參與訂立任何安排, 致使本公司之董事可藉收購本公司或任何其 他法人團體之股份或債務證券(包括債券)而 獲利。

主要股東之權益及淡倉

於二零一七年三月三十一日,就董事及本公司之主要行政人員所知,以下人士(本公司任何董事及主要行政人員除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉,而須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之條文作出披露,或記錄於本公司須根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊內,或另行知會本公司及聯交所:

			Approximate
			percentage of the
			issued share
		Number of	capital of the
		issued ordinary	Company
Name of shareholder	Capacity	shares held	(Note 1)
			佔本公司已發行股本
		持有之已發行	之概約百分比
股東名稱	身份	普通股數目	(附註1)
Xi'an Communication Energy	Beneficial owner	1,330,000,000	24.89%
(Hongkong) Co., Limited	zemenetar e mne.	(Note 2)	2110770
西安交通能源(香港)有限公司	實益擁有人	(附註2)	
	Q.m.//	(11) #12/	
Xi'an Communication Gas Corporation Limited	Through controlled corporations	1,330,000,000	24.89%
		(Note 2)	
西安交通燃氣有限責任公司	透過受控法團	(附註2)	
		(113 #1127	
西安城市基礎設施建設投資集團有限公司	Through controlled corporations	1,330,000,000	24.89%
		(Note 2)	
	透過受控法團	(附註2)	
		,,,,,	
Shanxi Yanchang Petroleum (Group) Co., Ltd.	Through controlled corporations	1,330,000,000	24.89%
		(Note 2)	
陝西延長石油(集團)有限責任公司	透過受控法團	(附註2)	

董事會報告

Notes:

- The percentages calculated are based on the total number of issued shares of the Company of 5,343,690,000 Shares as at 31 March 2017.
- (2) Xi'an Communication Energy (Hongkong) Co., Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xi'an Communication Gas Corporation Limited, which is owned as to 49% by Shanxi Yanchang Petroleum (Group) Co., Ltd., 46.8% by 西安城市基礎設施建設投資集團有限公司 and 4.2% by 西安市公共交通總公司 (100% interest controlled by 西安城市基礎設施建設投資集團有限公司).

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified and is not aware of any other person who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO as having an interest of 5% or more in the issued shares capital of the Company as at 31 March 2017.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

There were no contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 March 2017.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the Group had not made any charitable donations (2016: HK\$Nil).

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2017 and up to the date of this report, there was or is permitted indemnity provision in the Bye-laws of the Company being in force. The Company has maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover certain legal actions brought against its Directors and officers arising out of corporate activities.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save as disclosed in respect of Convertible Notes and Share Options in the notes 30 and 32 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2017 or subsisted at the end of the year.

附註:

- (I) 該等百分比乃根據本公司於二零一七年三月三十一 日之已發行股份總數5.343.690,000股股份計算。
- (2) 西安交通能源(香港)有限公司為西安交通燃氣有限責任公司之全資附屬公司,西安交通燃氣有限責任公司由陝西延長石油(集團)有限責任公司擁有49%、西安城市基礎設施建設投資集團有限公司擁有46.8%及西安市公共交通總公司(由西安城市基礎設施建設投資集團有限公司控制100%權益)擁有4.2%。

除上文所披露者外,於二零一七年三月三十一日,本公司並無獲通知且並不知悉有任何其他人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條佔本公司已發行股本5%或以上須存置之登記冊內之權益或淡倉。

董事於合約之權益

本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無 參與訂立任何於年底或於截至二零一七年三 月三十一日止年度內任何時間存續且本公司 董事直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約。

慈善捐款

年內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款(二零 一六年:零港元)。

獲准許彌償條文

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日期,本公司之公司細則過往或現時載有有效之獲准許彌償條文。本公司全年均已投購董事及高級人員責任保險,以就其董事及高級人員可能面對因企業活動而引起之若干法律訴訟提供適當保障。

權益掛鈎協議

除綜合財務報表附註30及32就可換股票據及 購股權所披露者,本公司於截至二零一七年 三月三十一日止年度概無訂立或於年末亦概 無存在將會或可能導致本公司發行股份或要 求本公司訂立任何協議致使將會或可能導致 本公司發行股份的任何權益掛鈎協議。

董事會報告

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales during the year ended 31 March 2017, attributable to the Group's five largest customers comprised approximately 100% of the Group's total sales.

The Group had no major suppliers due to the nature of the principal activities of the Group.

At no time during the year ended 31 March 2017, did a director, an associate of a director or a shareholder of the Company, which to the knowledge of the directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, have an interest in any of the five largest suppliers or customers of the Group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 March 2017, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The remuneration policy of the employees of the Group is set up on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. Apart from the mandatory provident fund and statutory retirement benefits, the Group also provides medical benefits and sponsored employees in different training and continuous education program.

The remuneration of the Directors of the Company are decided, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to Directors and eligible employees, details of which are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Byelaws, or the laws of Bermuda, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內, 本集團五大客戶之合共銷售額佔本集團總銷 售額約100%。

因本集團主要業務活動之性質使然,本集團 並無主要供應商。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內任何時間,董事、董事之聯繫人士或就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之本公司股東概無擁有本集團任何五大供應商或客戶之權益。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上 市證券

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度內, 本公司及其附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回 本公司任何上市證券。

薪酬政策

本集團僱員之薪酬政策乃根據其表現、資歷 及才能而制定。除強制性公積金及法定退休 福利外,本集團亦提供醫療福利和資助僱員 參加各種培訓及持續教育計劃。

本公司董事之薪酬乃參照本公司之經營業 績、個人表現及市場上可資比較統計數字而 決定。

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃,作為對董事 及合資格僱員之獎勵,詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註32。

優先購買權

本公司之細則或百慕達法律概無有關本公司 須按比例向現有股東發售新股份之優先購買 權規定。

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2017, none of the Directors is considered to have business interests which are likely to compete directly or indirectly with the business of the Group.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 March 2017.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited, which retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the 2017 Annual General Meeting.

A resolution to re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the 2017 Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Huang Yilin

Executive Director

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

董事於競爭性業務中之權益

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,概無 董事被視為擁有直接或間接與本集團業務可 能構成競爭之業務權益。

足夠公眾持股量

本公司已於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止 年度維持足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

截至二零一六年及二零一七年三月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表已由國衛會計師事務 所有限公司(其於二零一七年股東週年大會退 任並符合資格膺選連任)審核。

續聘國衛會計師事務所有限公司及授權董事 釐定彼等薪酬之一項決議案將於二零一七年 股東週年大會上獲提呈。

代表董事會

執行董事

黃逸林

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

環境、社會及管治報告

I. PREAMBLE

The Group actively adheres to environmental and social responsibilities. The Board is ultimately responsible for leading the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") works by establishing dedicated teams to manage ESG issues. Designated staff are assigned to enforce and supervise the implementation of relevant policies. The Group is committed to making continuous improvements in environmental and social responsibility in order to meet the changing needs of an advancing society. The Group is pleased to present its ESG report this year to demonstrate its efforts in sustainable development.

II. REPORTING PERIOD AND SCOPE OF THE REPORT

The ESG report covers the operational boundary of the property business in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and money lending business in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 March 2017 ("FY 2017"). For corporate governance section, please refer to the Group's Annual Report 2017 on pages 8 to 18. The reporting period of this ESG report is for the financial year 2017, from 1 April 2016 to 31 March 2017, unless specifically stated otherwise.

III. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

To conduct of the Group's materiality assessment in identifying and understanding the main concerns and material interests of stakeholders, the Group has engaged its stakeholders, including customer, employee and shareholder. Stakeholders are selected based on stakeholder influence and stakeholder dependence on the Group. Stakeholders with high influence and high dependence on the Group are selected by the management of the Group. The selected stakeholders have been invited to express their views and concerns on major social and environment issues. The stakeholder engagement has been conducted through online survey. For this ESG report, the Group has identified employee benefits, product and service quality, anti-corruption policies and legal compliance on operating practices as material concerns to stakeholders.

After assessing the feedback from stakeholders through an online survey, the Group has reviewed the sustainability strategies, practices and measures undertaken in FY2017 and highlighted material and relevant aspects throughout this report so as to align with the stakeholders' expectations.

I. 緒言

本集團積極履行環境及社會責任。董事會透過建立專責管理環境、社會及管治事務的團隊,最終負責領導環境、社會及管治工作。指定人員執行及監督實施相關政策。本集團致力不斷改善環境及社會責任,滿足先進社會不斷變化的需求。本集團欣然呈列本年度環境、社會及管治報告,以展示其為可持續發展付出的努力。

Ⅱ. 本報告報告期及範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度(「二零一七年財政年度」)中華人民共和國(「中國」)的物業業務及香港的放債業務的營運邊界。有關企業管治章節,請參閱第8至18頁之本集團二零一七年年度報告。除另有指明外,本環境、社會及管治報告報告期為二零一七年財政年度(從二零一六年四月一日至二零一七年三月三十一日)。

Ⅲ. 持份者參與

本集團透過評估持份者於網上問卷提供 的回饋,審視於二零一七年財政年度採 取之可持續性策略、常規及措施,並於 本報告內強調重大及相關事項,從而符 合持份者的期望。

環境、社會及管治報告

IV. ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

The main continuous business segments of the Group include property business, money lending business, securities and other trading business. Since the projects of the property business are all completed in FY2016, there are no ongoing constructions. Therefore, all business operations are conducted in the office buildings with a little emissions and resources consumption. The Group strictly adheres to relevant laws and regulations including but not limited to the Environmental Protection Law of the PRC (中國環境保護法), the Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution of the PRC (中國大氣污染防治法), the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC (中國水污染防治法), Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes (中國固體廢物污染環境防治法).

A. I. Emissions

The major environmental emissions of the Group include greenhouse gases (GHGs) generated indirectly from property electricity consumption, wastewater and solid waste.

Understanding that the GHGs emission is positively correlated to the electricity consumption, the Group has tried to reduce the electricity consumption in its daily operation. The specific measures it takes will be explained in A2 Use of Resources.

Wastewater emission of the Group only comes from domestic use of the employees in the working area, which are discharged to the municipal sewage pipe network directly. To reduce wastewater generation, the Group has taken measures to reduce the water consumption which will be explained the details in A2 Use of Resources.

Solid wastes generated by the Group mainly include waste paper and domestic solid waste generated by the employees in the working area, which are put in the garbage bins and collected daily by the property management of the office buildings. To reduce the solid waste emission, the Group has taken measures to reduce the paper consumption (which will be explained the details in A2 Use of Resources).

IV. 環境可持續性

本集團的主要持續業務分部包括物業業務、放債業務、證券及其他貿易業務。由於物業業務項目於二零一六年財政中度已全部完成,概無施工中的建築宇度、所有的業務運營皆於辦公樓團嚴的,排放低且資源消耗少。本集團嚴格遵守相關法律法規,包括但不限於一時不限,與大氣污染防治法及中國固體廢物污染環境防治法。

A.I.排放物

本集團的主要環境排放物包括物業 電力消耗間接產生的溫室氣體(「溫 室氣體」)、廢水及固體廢物。

了解到溫室氣體的排放與電力消耗 成正比,本集團嘗試於日常營運中 減少電力消耗。所採取的具體措施 於A2資源使用中闡述。

本集團僅因僱員於辦公區的日常使用而 排放污水,污水直接排入市政污水管道 網絡。為減少產生廢水,本集團已採取 措施以減少水消耗,詳情將於A2資源使 用中闡述。

本集團產生的固體廢物主要包括辦公區 僱員產生的廢紙及日常固體廢物,該固 體廢物被放入垃圾箱並由辦公樓物業管 理處每天收集。為減少固體廢物排放, 本集團已採取措施以減少紙張消耗(詳 情將於A2資源使用中闡述)。

環境、社會及管治報告

A.2. Use of Resources

Due to the business nature and operation status of the Group in FY2016, resources used by the Group mainly include electricity, water and paper.

To reduce the electricity consumption, the Group has conducted the following practices:

- Turn off the electronics and lights in the office at the end of the day;
- Modify the set temperature of the air conditioners in the offices based on the season:

To reduce the water consumption, the Group has conducted the following practices:

- Hold frequent vocal education on saving water among the employees;
- Adopt water-saving equipment instead of traditional one;
- Use groundwater or spring as greening water and road cleaning water in the construction site;
- Use rain or spring for construction and maintenance in the construction site.

To reduce the paper consumption, the Group has conducted the following practices:

- Use the blank sides of unneeded single-sided copies for printing drafts;
- Use e-mail instead of memos and faxes for inter-office memos;
- Print double-sided for paper-intensive activities.

To raise the utilisation efficiency of raw material and avoid unnecessary waste, the Group adopts the Just-in-time ("JIT") procurement as the policy of purchasing.

A.2.資源使用

由於本集團於二零一六年財政年度 的業務性質及經營狀況,本集團所 使用的資源主要包括電、水及紙 張。

為減少耗電量,本集團已實行下列 措施:

- 於每天結束時關閉辦公室電源 及電燈;
- 按季節修改空調的設定溫度;

為減少耗水量,本集團已實行下列 措施:

- 於員工之間時常進行節約用水 的口頭教育;
- 採用節水設備以代替傳統設備;
- 使用地下水或泉水作為綠化用水及施工現場的道路清潔水;
- 施工現場的施工及維修使用雨水或泉水。

為減少紙張消耗,本集團已實行下 列措施:

- 使用單面複印的多餘空白處打 印草稿;
- 辦公室內的備忘錄使用電子郵件代替備忘錄及傳真;
- 字跡密集工作採用雙面打印。

為提高原材料的使用率及避免不必要的浪費,本集團採用即需即供(「即需即供」)採購作為採購政策。

環境、社會及管治報告

A.3. The Environment and Natural Resources

In respect to the impact on the environmental and natural resources, the Group is in strict compliance with the relevant laws and regulations including Circular Economy Promotion Law of the people's Republic of China (中華人民共和國循環經濟促進法). In FY 2016, the Group has no construction work, thus it exerts no bad influence on its surroundings. The Group closely links its concept of green building to the construction projects by planting many trees around its property scope. The Group aims to perform better in the cause of energy saving and emission reduction and create green enterprise in the future.

V. SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

B.I. Employment

The Group treasures talent as it is the most valuable asset and key for driving success and maintaining sustainable development. The Group strives to provide its staff with a safe and suitable platform for career development and advancement.

The Group's human resources policies strictly adhere to the applicable employment laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC, including the Employment Ordinance, Employees' Compensation Ordinance, Minimum Wage Ordinance, Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Labour Law of the PRC (中國勞動法) and Labour Contract Law of the PRC (中國勞動合同法). This ensures that the Group provide fair welfare and benefits, and a fair working environment to its employees. The Group's Human Resources Department reviews and updates relevant company policies regularly in accordance with the latest laws and regulations.

Talent acquisition is vital to the Group's business future development. To attract high-calibre workforce, the Group offers competitive and fair remuneration and benefits based on individuals' performance, professional qualifications and experiences. The Group also makes reference to market benchmarks and the Group's financial performance. In order to motivate and reward existing management and employees, the Group conducts regular compensation review according to the overall market environment, inflation, profitability of the Group and employee performance in the past to determine the staff salary adjustment to ensure that they are recognised by the Group appropriately with regard to their working efforts and contributions.

A.3.環境及天然資源

就對環境及大自然資源的影響而言,本集團嚴格遵守相關法律法 規,包括中華人民共和國循環經濟 促進法。於二零一六年財政年度 工程法。於二零一六年財政年度 電環境並無不良影響。本集團通樹 在其物業範圍內周圍種植多種樹 將其綠色建築理念與工程項目緊 相連。本集團致力於更好地執完 能減排及於未來開創綠色企業。

V. 社會可持續發展

僱傭及勞工措施

B.I. 僱傭

本集團視人才為企業走向成功及維持可持續發展的最寶貴資產。本集 團致力向員工提供安全及舒適的平台以供職業發展及提升。

本集團人力資源政策嚴格遵守香港 及中國適用僱傭法例及規例,包括 僱傭條例、僱員補償條例、最例、 資條例、強制性公積金計劃條例 中國勞動法及中國勞動合同法則 保本集團為其僱員提供公平集團人 行遇及平等工作環境。本集團人力 資源部門根據最新法例及規例,定 期審視及更新相關公司政策。

環境、社會及管治報告

Remuneration Committee of the Group is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management, reviewing the remuneration package and recommending salaries, bonuses, including the incentive awards for Executive Directors and senior management. Meanwhile, any termination of employment contract should be based on reasonable and lawful grounds. The Group strictly prohibits any kinds of unfair or unreasonable dismissals.

The Group determines working hours and rest period for its employees in line with local employment laws and employment contracts with employees. In addition to statutory holidays, employees may also be entitled to additional leave entitlements which are stipulated by the employment law of the local government such as the paid annual leave and sick leave.

As an equal opportunity employer, the Group is committed to create a fair, respectful and diverse working environment by promoting anti-discrimination and equal opportunity in all human resources and employment decisions. For instance, training and promotion opportunities, dismissals and retirement policies are determined irrespective of their gender, race, age, disability, family status, marital status, sexual orientation, religion beliefs, nationality or any other non-job related factors in all business units. The Group's equal opportunities policy enforces zero tolerance to any workplace discrimination, harassment or victimisation in accordance to relevant government legislation, ordinances and regulations such as Hong Kong's Disability Discrimination Ordinance and Sex Discrimination Ordinance. If there is any violation of anti-discrimination incidents, employees can report to Human Resources Department. Human Resources Department is fully responsible to strictly comply with national and corporate regulations on assessing, dealing with, recording and taking disciplinary actions on such events.

In terms of internal coaching, effective two-way communication between general staff and managerial staff is highly encouraged. Employees maintain timely and smooth communication with the management and colleagues within the Group through the emails, trainings and meetings. The interactive communication benefits the Group's decision-making process and results in a barrier-free employer-employee relationship.

本集團薪酬委員會負責就有關本公司所有董事及高級管理人員薪酬之政策及架構向董事會作出建議: 討執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬待 遇並就彼等之薪金、花紅(包括與金)作出建議。同時,任何僱傭由 約的終止應基於合理及合法理由進 行。本集團嚴格禁止任何不公平 不合理解僱。

本集團按照當地僱傭法例及與僱員 訂立的僱傭合約釐定僱員工作時數 及休息時間。除法定假期外,僱員 亦有權享有當地政府僱傭法例所載 列的額外休假(例如年假及病假)。

作為平等機會僱主,本集團承諾創 造公平、相互尊重及多樣化的工作 環境,本集團於所有業務單位中所 有人力資源及僱傭決策方面(如培 訓及升職機會、解僱及退休政策) 促進反歧視及平等機會,而不論 其性別、種族、年齡、殘疾、家庭 狀況、婚姻狀況、性取向、宗教信 仰、國籍或任何其他非工作相關因 素。根據相關政府法例、條例及規 例(例如,香港殘疾歧視條例及性 別歧視條例),本集團平等機會政 策絕不容忍任何工作區域歧視、騷 擾及危害。如發生任何違反反歧視 的事件,僱員可向人力資源部門匯 報。人力資源部門全面負責嚴格遵 守有關評估、處理、記錄的國家及 企業法規及對相關事件採取紀律行 動。

在內部輔導方面,本集團極為鼓勵 一般員工及管理層員工之間的有效 互相溝通。僱員透過電郵、培訓及 會議與本集團內管理層及同事保持 及時順暢溝通。本集團決策程序將 受惠於互動溝通,並使僱主僱員間 達致無障礙的關係。

環境、社會及管治報告

B.2. Health and Safety

To provide and maintain good working conditions and a safe and healthy working environment, the Group's safety and health policies are in line with various laws and regulations stipulated by the local government, including the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance, the Production Safety Laws of the PRC (中國安全生產法), Occupational Disease Prevention Law in the PRC (中國職業病防治法) and Regulation on Work-Related Injury Insurance (工商保險條例).

The Group has established a comprehensive mechanism in committing the workplace safety by incorporating a range of occupational health and safety measures for all of its employees in the office. The Group prohibits smoking and drinking liquor in workplace, carries out the disinfection treatment of carpets and sets up first aid boxes with an aim to maintain a clean, tidy, smoke-free, non-toxic, non-hazardous, healthy and safe working environment in the office. Besides, the Group held regular occupational health and safety trainings to its staff to minimise the risk of accidents and enhance the employees' health and safety awareness. The Group targets to achieve accident-free workplace environment.

B.3. Development and Training

The Group emphasises on staff's training and development in order to strengthen work-related skills and knowledge and improve operational efficiency. The Group encourages and sponsors employees to attend external seminars such as annual regulatory updates and newly implemented ordinances which are organised by professional institutions to strengthen work-related skills and knowledge on products, regulations, compliance procedures and market updates.

B.2. 健康及安全

本集團為提供並維持良好工作狀況 及一個安全及健康的工作環境,已 制定符合當地政府所訂明的多項法 例及規例(包括職業安全及健康條 例、中國安全生產法、中國職業病 防治法及工傷保險條例)的安全及 健康政策。

B.3. 發展及培訓

本集團重視員工培訓及發展,以提升工作相關技能及知識以及提升營運效率。本集團鼓勵及贊助僱員參與年度法規更新及新實施條例等由專業機構舉辦的外部講座,以提升工作相關技能及有關產品、法規、合規程序及市場更新的知識。

環境、社會及管治報告

B.4. Labour Standards

The Group strictly abides by the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, Labour Law of the PRC and other related labour laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC to prohibit any child and forced labour employment. To combat against illegal employment on child labour, underage workers and forced labour, prior to confirmation of employment, the Group's human resources staff requires job applicants to provide valid identity documents to ensure that the applicants are lawfully employable. The Human Resources Department is responsible to monitor and ensure compliance of latest and relevant laws and regulations that prohibits child labour and forced labour. If the Group discovered such case, the employment will be immediately terminated.

OPERATING PRACTICES

B.5. Supply Chain Management

As a socially responsible enterprise, it is critical and vital to maintain and manage a sustainable and reliable supply chain. The Group's supply chain management is consistent to its sustainability in establishing a mutual trust and understanding with its business partners.

For property business, the Group generally outsources construction work to independent construction companies that specialise in different aspects of property development. The project company of the Group oversees the procurement of construction materials and typically invites competitive tendering procedures. Each bid is assessed based on the contractor's reputation and product quality comply with PRC laws and regulations relating to the quality of construction as well as its own standards and specifications. Once the eligible tender has been selected, the project company works closely with the selected contractors in the execution of the development plans and closely monitors each phase of the construction to oversee the quality and timetable of completion of each project. The contractors are subject to the Group's quality control procedures, including the examination of materials and supplies, on-site inspection and production of progress reports. The sample of supplied materials is sent to the relevant qualified certification bodies for further testing on its density and safety.

B.4. 勞工準則

營運措施

B.5. 供應鏈管理

作為一家負有社會責任的企業,保持及管理一條可持續及可靠的供應 鏈至關重要。本集團供應鏈管理貫 徹可持續發展的理念,務求與業務 夥伴建立相互信任及了解。

就物業業務而言,本集團通常將建 造工程外判予專業從事物業開發不 同領域的獨立建築公司。本集團的 項目公司監察建築材料採購,一般 會進行招標競價。項目公司會根據 承建商的聲譽及產品質素是否符合 與建造工程有關的中國法例及規則 以及其自身的標準及規則來評估每 項競標。在選出中標的承建商後, 項目公司會與獲選的承建商緊密合 作,執行開發計劃,密切監察各期 建設工程的進行以監督各項目的工 程質量和竣工時間表。承建商須遵 守本集團的質量控制程序,包括檢 查材料及供應物料、現場查驗及編 製進度報告。所供應的物料送往相 關合資格認購機構,供進一步檢測 其密度及安全性。

環境、社會及管治報告

Its main suppliers in money lending and security trading business are the security service providers. Comprehensive assessment is performed in selecting suppliers. The Group expects its suppliers are in high quality and operate in compliance with applicable local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations. By selecting reliable supplier, the Group is committed to conduct business with the suppliers which are socially responsible with high level of professional ethics.

To avoid any disruptions of supply chain, the Group maintains a close dialogue with the suppliers and at least two suppliers for each of supplied services if there are available suppliers in the market. Meetings are held periodically with the suppliers to share market information and product updates. In order to manage the supply chain effectively, the Group would maintain good and long-term relationship with suppliers by establishing mutual trust and understanding.

For any non-compliance with expected standards of the suppliers' services, the Group would propose suppliers to take remedial actions immediately to rectify the problems. The Group would closely follow-up on each supplier's complaint and the implementation of the remedial measures to ensure that they are carried out properly and effectively.

B.6. Product Responsibility

Property Business

Property business is extensively regulated by planning policies and other laws and regulations of the PRC Government including The Administrative Regulations on the Work Safety of Construction Projects (建設工程安全生產管理條例), Convention concerning Safety and Health in Construction (建築業安全衛生公約), Regulatory Measures on the Sale of Commercial Houses (商品房銷售管理辦法) and Law of the PCR on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests (中華人民共和國消費者權益保護法).

本集團放債及證券交易業務的主要 供應商為證券服務供應商。於挑選 供應商時會進行綜合評估。本集團 預期其供應商維持優良質素,並選 照適用當地環境法例、條例及法規 營運。透過選擇可靠供應商,本集 團致力與履行社會責任及職業道德 水平高的供應商進行業務往來。

為防止對供應鏈造成任何干擾,本 集團與供應商維持緊密對話。。本 場上有多個供應商可供選擇,本 團會維持每項供應服務均有最更 個供應商。本集團會定期與供應商 舉行會議,交流市場及產品最新資 配。為有效管理供應鏈,本集團 過建立互信理解,維持與供應商的 長期良好關係。

如未能符合供應商服務的預期標準,本集團將向供應商建議即時採取補救措施糾正問題。本集團會緊密跟進各供應商的投訴並實施補救措施,確保該等措施適當並有效地進行。

B.6. 產品責任

物業業務

物業業務廣泛受中國政府的規劃政 策以及其他法例及規則監管,包括 建設工程安全生產管理條例、建築 業安全衛生公約、商品房銷售管理 辦法及中華人民共和國消費者權益 保護法。

環境、社會及管治報告

The project company of the Group has the responsibility of safe management throughout the whole process of construction and sales of properties. The Group sets up the rules for property business which is specific to the characteristics of project in order to improve and standardise the safety management. It covers safety responsibility, safety education and training, safety inspection, contingency plan for public emergencies and safety incident reporting mechanism. Besides, the Group sets up the product quality targets and formulates the corresponding technical standards and construction plans in the project planning. The safety and quality of the Group's properties are monitored at all stages of construction to ensure they meet the national standards and stringent requirements in place.

In the process of housing sales, the Group offers the maintenance period to the property projects to customers. If there are any problems on quality deficiencies, the project company would arrange the necessary rectification before obtaining the acceptance from customers. The Group pays paramount importance to customer's opinion. The Group has placed the letter box to collecting customer's opinions. Designated person will analysis the complaints and propose corrective measures and responses to customers promptly.

Money Lending Business

The Group was granted a money lenders licence by the licensing court in Hong Kong pursuant to the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group adopted and set up the money lending policy and procedure manuals such as Credit Policy Manual which provide guidelines on handling and/or monitoring of money lending procedures to ensure that the services comply with the requirement of the aforesaid rules and regulations. The Group is committed to provide clear and balanced information to customers. Service features, terms and conditions, and any associated risks are clearly communicated to customers by the Group's employees with professional due care, in particular the terms in relation to repayment, through letters and telephone. Services provided are complied with the requirement of Hong Kong Monetary Authority. In addition, the Group must perform a credibility test in assessing customers' financial background and risk tolerant level before any transaction taken place.

於住房銷售過程中,本集團為客戶提供物業項目維護期。倘存在任何質量問題,項目公司在客戶接更前會安排必要的糾正措施。本集團已分重視客戶的意見。本集團已大數。指定人士將分析投訴及提出整改措施並及時反饋予客戶。

放債業務

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group strives to provide a prompt response to customers' complaints and opinions. All comment are collected and analysis by a team of Credit Department. After internal discussion, a formal reply will be issued to customers in writing if necessary.

The Group

The Group emphasises the importance of protecting the privacy of the customers and commits in abiding by Hong Kong's Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance and other relevant local laws and regulations at all times in collection, use and holding of customer's information. The Group prohibits the provision of consumer information to a third party without authorisation from the customers. All customers' personal data should be used for the purpose authorised or implied by the service contract or invoice and relevant data must be properly kept. If there are any requests for customers' information, internal department will be consulted to ensure the appropriateness of disclosure under the law and policies. All collected personal data during the course of business are treated as confidential and kept securely, accessible by designated personnel only.

Advertisements of the Group do not include any statement, promise or forecast which is false, misleading or deceptive to our customers which comply with the relevant laws and regulations for local operations. Prior to public release of advertisement, the materials are reviewed by senior management for final approval to ensure that there are no erroneous statements. Information provided by the Group is committed to be true, accurate and not misleading and makes disclosure of all relevant and material information which complies with the relevant laws and regulations. For the advertisement in relation to the money lending business, the Group strictly complies with the requirements under the additional licensing conditions of Money Lenders Licence.

本集團積極響應客戶的投訴及意見。所有意見將收集起來並由信貸 部門的團隊進行分析。經內部討論 後,在必要時將向客戶作出正式書 面回應。

本集團

環境、社會及管治報告

B.7. Anti-corruption

To maintain a fair, ethical and efficient business and working environment, the Group strictly adheres to the laws and regulations relating to anti-corruption and bribery irrespective of the area or country where the Group is conducting business such as Hong Kong's Prevention of Bribery Ordinance. The Group will not be tolerated any form of corruption. All employees are expected to discharge their duties with integrity and self-discipline, and they are required to abstain from engaging in bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering activities or any activities which might exploit their positions against the Group's or client's or impair their interests. Declaration should be made by the directors of the Company in writing to the internal department for any financial interests, directly or indirectly, in any business which competes with the Group or with which the Group has business dealings. The Group remind its staff to follow the professional ethics of relevant professional bodies and encourage its staff to attend the training courses of bribery, fraud and money laundering which are organised by Hong Kong Independent Commission Against Corruption and other professional bodies. Where criminality and misconduct behaviours are suspected, a report is made following the procedures of the relevant regulators or law enforcement authorities if to be necessary.

COMMUNITY

B.8. Community Investment

The Group is now working on cultivating social responsibility awareness among its staff and encourage them to participate in charitable activities. In future, the Group aims to extend active presence in community activities to support public welfare in addition to its efforts in delivering business growth and will listen to community needs, exerting itself to contribute to local economy, livelihood and a harmonious environment for mutual benefit.

B.7. 反貪污

為維持公平、合乎道德及高效的業 務及工作環境,不論本集團於任何 地區或國家經營業務,本集團均嚴 格遵守反貪污及賄賂有關法例及規 則,如香港防止賄賂條例。本集團 不會容忍任何形式的貪污。本集團 預期所有僱員均廉潔及自律地履行 職務,彼等不得從事賄賂、敲詐、 欺詐及洗黑錢活動或任何可能利用 彼等職位有違本集團或客戶利益或 有損彼等利益的活動。本公司董事 必須向內部部門就任何直接或間接 於任何與本集團產生競爭或與本集 團有業務往來的業務的財務權益作 出書面聲明。本集團提醒其員工遵 守相關專業機構的專業操守並鼓勵 其員工參加香港廉政公署及其他專 業機構組織的有關賄賂、欺詐及洗 黑錢活動的培訓課程。倘涉嫌犯法 及行為不當,本集團將於認為必要 時遵照相關監管或執法機關的程序 作出報告。

社區

B.8. 社區投資

本集團現時著力培養員工對社會責任的關注,並鼓勵彼等參加慈善活動。日後,本集團計劃在努力促進業務增長之餘積極投身社區活動以支持公共福利,聆聽社區需求,為本地經濟、民生及互利互惠的和諧環境貢獻自身力量。

獨立核數師報告



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Hong Kong 告羅士打大廈31樓

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ASIA RESOURCES HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Asia Resources Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 62 to 183, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements sections of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致亞洲資源控股有限公司各股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

Central

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於 第62頁至第183頁的亞洲資源控股有限公司 (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」) 的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二 零一十年三月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表, 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以 及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中 肯地反映貴集團於二零一七年三月三十一日 的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財 務表現及綜合現金流量, 並已按照香港公司 條例的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計 準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。我們在該 等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告核數師就審 計綜合財務報表承擔的責任部份中作進一步 闡述。根據香港會計師公會的專業會計師道 德守則(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。我們 相信,我們獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地 為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項為根據我們的專業判斷,我們認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨意見。

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

我們的審計如何處理該關鍵審計事項

Recoverability of properties under development 發展中物業的可收回性

Refer to Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. 參閱綜合財務報表附註22。

The Group had approximately HK\$765,886,000 of properties under development as at 31 March 2017.

於二零一七年三月三十一日, 貴集團持有發展中物業約765,886,000港元。

Management assessed the recoverability of properties under development based on an estimation of the net realisable value of the underlying properties. This involves considerable analyses of estimated costs to completion and committed contracts and expected future sales price or rental value based on prevailing market conditions such as current market prices of comparable standards and locations.

管理層根據相關物業的估計可變現淨值評估發展中物業的可收回性。當中涉及對於完工及承諾合約的估計成本及基於當時市況(例如可資比較標準及位置的當前市價)的預期未來售價或租金價值的大量分析。

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment of recoverability of properties under development included:

我們與管理層對發展中物業的可收回性所作 的評估有關的程序包括:

- Testing the key controls around the property construction cycle with particular focus on, but not limited to, controls over cost budgeting for estimated costs to completion; and
- 測試圍繞物業建築週期的關鍵監控,尤 其集中於(惟不限於)對估計完工成本的 成本預算監控;及

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

我們的審計如何處理該關鍵審計事項

Recoverability of properties under development (continued) 發展中物業的可收回性(續)

If the actual net realisable values of the underlying stock of properties fluctuates from those values estimated as a result of changes in market condition, material reversal of or provision for impairment losses on properties under development may result.

倘相關物業存貨的實際可變現淨值因市況有變而與該等估計價值不 同,則可能引致重大發展中物業減值虧損回撥或撥備。

Due to the estimation uncertainty and management judgement, we considered this a key audit matter.

由於估計的不確定性及管理層判斷,我們認為此乃關鍵審計事項。

- Assessing the reasonableness of key assumptions and estimates in management's assessment, on a sample of properties selected, including:
- 在挑選的物業樣本中,評估關鍵假設及 管理層評估中估計的合理性,包括:
 - expected future sales prices which we compared to contracted sales prices of the underlying properties or current market prices of properties of comparable standards and locations, where applicable; and
 - 就預期未來售價與相關物業的合約 售價或可資比較標準及位置物業的 當前市價(如適用)進行比較;及
 - anticipated costs to completion and committed contracts which we compared to latest approved budgets on total construction costs and checked to supporting documentation.
 - 就完工及承諾合約的預計成本與最 新通過的總建築成本預算進行比較 及查證證明文件。

We found that management's assessment of recoverability of properties under development is supported by the available evidence

我們已查證管理層對發展中物業的可收回性 所作的評估乃有據可依。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter

我們的審計如何處理該關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of interest in an associate 於聯營公司之權益減值評估

Refer to Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements. 參閱綜合財務報表附註20。

The interest in an associate is accounted for under the equity method. As at 31 March 2017, the interest in an associate amounted to approximately HK\$427,228,000 and the related share of results of an associate for the year ended 31 March 2017 was approximately HK\$840,000.

於聯營公司之權益乃以權益法入賬。於二零一七年三月三十一日, 於聯營公司之權益約為427,228,000港元,而截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度相關分佔一間聯營公司業績約為840,000港元。

The management performed impairment assessment of interest in an associate with the use of valuation performed by an independent professional external valuer based on the value in use calculation. The valuation requires the application of significant judgement and estimation by the management in determining the appropriate valuation methodology to be used, use of subjective assumptions and various unobservable inputs.

管理層就於聯營公司之權益進行減值評估,其乃使用獨立專業外部 估值師作出之估值,並使用價值計算法得出。估值需要管理層在釐 定適當之所使用估值方法、所使用主觀假設及不同不可觀察所得輸 入數據時應用重大判斷及估計。 Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of interest in an associate included:

管理層對於聯營公司之權益所作的減值評估 的程序包括:

- Evaluating the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent professional external valuer;
- 評估獨立專業外部估值師之技能、能力 及是否客觀;
- Assessing the appropriateness of valuation methodology, key assumptions and estimates used based on our knowledge of the property industry and using our valuation experts; and
- 根據我們的物業行業知識及使用估值專家評價估值方法、關鍵假設及估計是否 合適;及
- Checking, on a sampling basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used.
- 抽樣查核所用輸入數據是否準確及是否 相關。

We found the key assumptions were supported by the available evidence. 我們已查證關鍵假設乃有據可依。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理該關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment on loan receivables 應收貸款減值評估

Refer to Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements. 參閱綜合財務報表附註23。

The Group has loan receivables of approximately HK\$38,344,000. Management judgement is required in assessing and determining the recoverability of loan receivables and adequacy of allowance made. 貴集團持有應收貸款約38,344,000港元。在評估及釐定應收貸款的可回收性及所作出撥備的恰當性時,管理層須作出判斷。

The judgement mainly includes estimating and evaluating expected future receipts from customers based on past payment trend, age of the customers, knowledge of the customers' businesses and financial condition.

判斷主要包括根據過往付款趨勢、客戶年齡以及對於客戶的業務及 財務狀況的認識,估計及評估來自客戶的預期未來收入。 Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment on loan receivables

我們與管理層對應收貸款所作的減值評估有 關的程序包括:

- Discussing the Group's procedures on credit limits and credit periods given to customers with the management;
- 與管理層討論 貴集團向客戶提供信貸 限額及信貸期的程序;
- Evaluating the management's impairment assessment of loan receivables;
- 評價管理層對應收貸款所作的減值評估;
- Assessing, validating and discussing with the management and evaluating their assessment on the recoverability of the outstanding loan receivables and the adequacy of allowance made based on the loan receivables ageing analysis, collections subsequent to the end of the reporting period, past collection history and trend analysis and knowledge of the businesses, with focus on long outstanding debts and debts which are past due but not impaired;
- 根據應收貸款賬齡分析、報告期末後的 收款、過往收款歷史及趨勢分析,以及 對該等業務的認識,並特別著重長期拖 欠債務及已逾期但尚未減值之債務,評 估、驗證及與管理層討論,以及評價彼 等對尚未償還應收貸款的可收回性及所 作出撥備的充足性之評估;及

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment on loan receivables (continued) 應收貸款減值評估(續)

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon ("Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

我們的審計如何處理該關鍵審計事項

- Checking on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of information included in the impairment assessment of loan receivables.
- 以抽樣方式檢查應收貸款減值評估所包 括資料的準確性及相關性。

We consider the management conclusion to be consistent with the available information. 我們認為管理層的結論與現有資料一致。

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年報內的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告([其他信息])。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們並不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。根據我們所做的工作,如果我們認為該其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,則我們須報告該事實。我們於此方面並無報告。

獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及審核委員會對綜合財務 報表的責任

審核委員會負責監督貴集團之財務報告程序。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承 擔的責任

獨立核數師報告

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我 們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,作為我 們的意見基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及 們的意見基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或凌 內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發 現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風 險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易及事項。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Shek Lui.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Shek Lui

Practising Certificate Number: P05895

Hong Kong, 28 June 2017

核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜 合財務報表發表意見。我們負責貴集團 審計的方向、監督及執行。我們為審核 意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或於極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,則我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目董事為石 磊。

國衛會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

石磊

執業證書編號: P05895

香港,二零一七年六月二十八日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

			2017	2016
			二零一七年	二零一六年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註_	千港元 ————	千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue, net	收入,淨額	7	6,651	4,454
Cost of sales	銷售成本		-	(100)
Gross profit	毛利		6,651	4,354
Other revenue	其他收入	8	3,058	10,801
Other gains	其他收益	9	48	132
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售費用		(1,003)	(3,650)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(69,049)	(87,111)
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之業績		(840)	(732)
Write down of obsolete inventories	滯銷存貨撇減	21	_	(3,493)
Provision for impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值			
plant and equipment	虧損撥備	18	(761)	(4,156)
Provision for impairment loss on	無形資產減值虧損撥備			
intangible assets		19	_	(26,557)
Loss on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司虧損	34	(110)	(25)
Finance costs	融資成本	10	(32,115)	(30,774)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	11	(94,121)	(141,211)
Taxation	税項	14	317	(1,664)
Loss for the year from	本年度持續經營業務之虧損			
continuing operations			(93,804)	(142,875)
Profit for the year from	本年度已終止業務之溢利			
discontinued operations		15	-	50,111
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(93,804)	(92,764)
Other comprehensive	其他全面			
income/(expenses), net of tax	收益/(開支),除税後			
Reclassification adjustments relating to	有關年內已出售海外業務之			
foreign operations disposed during the year	重新分類調整		123	(28,408)
Share of other comprehensive expense	分佔聯營公司其他全面開支			(==, :==)
of an associate	2 III W I Z W Z II Z W Z		(28,245)	(5,264)
Exchange differences on translating	換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額			(-, -)
foreign operations			(77,561)	(64,228)
				, ,
Other comprehensive expenses for the year,	本年度其他全面開支,除税後			
net of tax			(105,683)	(97,900)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額		(199,487)	(190,664)
				` ' /

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	應佔虧損: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	17	(92,794) (1,010)	(76,205) (16,559)
			(93,804)	(92,764)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	應佔全面虧損總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(198,508) (979)	(173,672) (16,992)
			(199,487)	(190,664)
			HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損			
From continuing and discontinued operations	來自持續經營及已終止業務			
– Basic and diluted	- 基本及攤薄	17	(0.017)	(0.018)
From continuing operations – Basic and diluted	來自持續經營業務 一 基本及攤薄	17	(0.017)	(0.030)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備	18	39,630	39,157
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	20	427,228	456,313
Deposits paid	已付按金	24	361,011	598,092
			827,869	1,093,562
Current assets	流動資產			
Properties under development	發展中物業	22	765,866	782,281
Loan receivables	應收貸款	23	38,344	40,638
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables	其他應收賬款	24	317,360	58,289
Amount due from an associate Financial assets at fair value through	應收一家聯營公司之款項 經損益按公平值入賬之	20	11,789	4,167
profit or loss	財務資產	25	7,762	10,632
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	26	464,026	505,485
			1,605,147	1,401,492
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售之資產	16	-	65,667
			1,605,147	1,467,159
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	27	39,560	8,676
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計費用	28	166,847	169,972
Receipts in advance	預收款項		100,082	97,800
Tax payable	應付税項		223	2,101
Convertible notes	可換股票據	30	-	9,646
			306,712	288,195
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,298,435	1,178,964
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		2,126,304	2,272,526

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	29 35	1,335,923 548,290	1,335,923 712,015
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	本公司擁有人應佔權益總額非控股權益		1,884,213 (9,147)	2,047,938 (8,070)
			1,875,066	2,039,868
Non-current liabilities Convertible notes Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 可換股票據 遞延税項負債	30 31	209,769 41,469 251,238	188,448 44,210 232,658
			2,126,304	2,272,526

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2017 and signed on its behalf by: 該等綜合財務報表已由董事會於二零一七年 六月二十八日批准及授權刊發並由以下人士 代表董事會簽署:

Mr. Huang Yilin 黃逸林先生 Director 董事

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith 陳詩賢先生 Director 董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為該等綜合財務報表之一部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

					Attribu	itable to owne 本公司擁有		npany					
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	Capital reserve 股本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)	Convertible S notes reserve 可換股票 據儲備 HK\$'000 千港元		Special reserve 特別儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 (note ii) (附註ii)	PRC statutory reserve funds 中國法定 公積金 HK\$'000 千港元 (note iii)	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$*000 千港元	Subtotal 小計 HK\$000 千港元	Attributable to non- controlling interest 非控股權益 應佔 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At I April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	694,848	1,188,237	198,350	7,209	31,900	92,926	2,062	31,466	(1,166,060)	1,080,938	8,433	1,089,371
Loss for the year Other comprehensive expenses	本年度虧損本年度其他全面收益	-	-	=	-	=	-	-	-	(76,205)	(76,205)	(16,559)	(92,764)
for the year	个干及共旧主叫农皿	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(97,467)	-	(97,467)	(433)	(97,900)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(97,467)	(76,205)	(173,672)	(16,992)	(190,664)
Conversion of convertible notes/bond into shares	可換股票據/債券轉換為股份	215.000	200.200	_	(54,311)	_	_	_	_	_	360.889	_	360.889
Recognition of equity component of convertible notes/bonds	確認可換股票據/債券之權益部分	=	=	-	119,993	=	-	=	=	-	119,993	-	119,993
Lapse of share options Equity settled share-based transactions	購股權失效 以權益結算以股份為	-	-	-	-	(10,255)	-	-	-	10,255	-	-	-
Share subscription	基礎之交易 股份認購	332,500	- 146,300	-	=	35,564 -	- -	=	-	-	35,364 478,800	=	35,564 478,800
Placing of shares	配售股份	85,000	57,800	-	-	-	-	-	=-	=.	142,800	-	142,800
Disposal of subsidiaries Issue of ordinary shares upon exercise	出售附屬公司 行使購股權後發行普通股	- 0.575	-	-	-	- (10.102)	-	(2,062)	-	2,062	2115	=	2.115
of share options Acquisition of additional interest in subsidiaries	收購附屬公司之額外權益	8,575	4,642	-	-	(10,102)	-	-	2,174	(2,663)	3,115	489	3,115
									2,177	(2,003)	(107)	707	
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 於二零一六年四月一日	1,335,923	1,597,179	198,350	72,891	47,107	92,926	-	(63,827)	(1,232,611)	2,047,938	(8,070)	2,039,868
Loss for the year Other comprehensive (expenses)/income	本年度虧損 本年度其他全面(支出)/收益	=	=	=	=	=	-	=	=	(92,794)	(92,794)	(1,010)	(93,804)
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(105,714)	-	(105,714)	31	(105,683)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(105,714)	(92,794)	(198,508)	(979)	(199,487)
Redemption of convertible notes Lapse of share options Equity settled share-based transactions	贖回可轉換票據 購股權失效 以權益結算以股份為	-	-	-	(330)	- (4,559)	-	-	-	330 4,559	-	-	-
Deregistration of a subsidiary	基礎之交易撤銷註冊附屬公司	-	-	-	-	34,783	-	-	=	-	34,783	- (98)	34,783 (98)
				_			-						
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	1,335,923	1,597,179	198,350	72,561	77,331	92,926	-	(169,541)	(1,320,516)	1,884,213	(9,147)	1,875,066

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- Pursuant to a special resolution passed at a special general meeting held on 31 May 2013, the Company effected the capital reorganisation ("Capital Reorganisation") which became effective on 3 June 2013 and involved (i) the consolidation of every twenty-five issued and unissued shares with a par value of HK\$0.05 each into one consolidated share; (ii) the reduction of issued share capital whereby the par value of each issued consolidated shares will be reduced from HK\$1.25 to HK\$0.25 by cancelling the paid-up capital to the extent of HK\$1.00 on each of the consolidated shares to a reduced share of HK\$0.25 each; (iii) transfer of the credit arising from the capital reduction to the capital reserve account of the Company; (iv) the sub-division of each unissued consolidated share into five reduced shares of HK\$0.25 each.
- (ii) The special reserve of the Group represents the excess of the nominal amount of the shares of the subsidiaries at the date of the group reorganisation over the nominal amount of the shares issued by the Company as consideration for the acquisition of the subsidiaries.
- (iii) As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for foreign investment in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to maintain two statutory reserves, being a statutory surplus reserve and an enterprise expansion fund (collectively referred to as the "PRC statutory reserve funds"), which are non-distributable. The statutory surplus reserve fund may be used to make up prior year losses incurred and, with approval from relevant government authority, to increase capital. The enterprise expansion fund, subject to approval by relevant government authority, may also be used to increase capital.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

附註:

- (i) 根據於二零一三年五月三十一日舉行之股東特別大會上通過之特別決議案,本公司實行股本重組(「股本重組)」並於二零一三年六月三日生效及涉及(i)每二十五股每股面值為0.05港元之已發行及未發行股份合併為一股合併股份:(ii)削減已發行股本,據此,每股已發行合併股份之面值將透過註銷每股合併股份之實繳股本1.00港元至每股面值為0.25港元之經削減股份而由1.25港元削減至0.25港元:(iii)將因股本削減產生之進賬轉撥至本公司之資本儲備賬;(iv)每股未發行合併股份拆細為五股每股面值為0.25港元之經削減股份。
- (ii) 本集團之特別儲備指於集團重組當日附屬公司之股份面值超出本公司作為收購附屬公司之代價而發行之股份面值之金額。
- (iii) 按中華人民共和國(「中國」)外商投資相關法律及法規之規定,本公司之中國附屬公司須設立兩項法定儲備,即不可分派之法定盈餘公積金及企業發展基金(統稱「中國法定公積金」)。法定盈餘公積金可用作補足上一年度產生之虧損,並可在相關政府部門批准之情況下作為增加資本之用。企業發展基金在相關政府部門批准之情況下亦可作為增加資本之用。

隨附之附註為該等綜合財務報表之一部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities Loss before taxation	來自營運業務之現金流量 除税前虧損			
Continuing operationsDiscontinued operations	一持續經營業務 一已終止業務		(94,121) -	(141,121) (50,111)
			(94,121)	(91,100)
Adjustments for:	就下列各項之調整:		(2.222)	(1.1.10)
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	8	(2,809)	(1,112)
Interest income on loan receivables Dividend income	應收貸款利息收入 股息收入	8	(21)	(1,147)
Finance cost	放 总 收 八 融 資 成 本	0	(21) 32,115	(24) 30.774
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	10	4,554	3,546
Written off of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備撤銷	11	-,,,,,	1.268
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷			6.170
Equity settled share-base transaction	以權益結算以股份為基礎之交易		34,783	35,564
Loss/(gain) on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司虧損/(收益)	34	110	(54,568)
Loss on deregistration of a subsidiary	撤銷註冊附屬公司虧損		2	(5 1,2 2 5)
Fair value change on financial assets at fair value	經損益按公平值入賬之			
through profit or loss	財務資產之公平值變動	11	2,870	436
Share of results of an associate	應佔聯營公司業績		840	732
Gains on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
equipment, net	收益,淨額		(48)	_
Written-off of inventories	存貨撇銷		_	3,493
Provision for impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損撥備		_	26,557
Provision for impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值			
plant and equipment	虧損撥備	11	761	4,156
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets	出售經損益入賬之			
through profit or loss	財務資產所得款項		_	24,375
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through	購買經損益按公平值			
profit or loss	入賬之金融資產		-	(29,623)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Increase in properties under development Decrease in trade and bills receivables Increase in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Decrease/(increase) in loan receivables Increase in amount due from an associate Increase/(decrease) in trade payables Increase/(decrease) in other payables and accruals Increase in receipts in advance Decrease in amount due to	營運資金變動前之營運現金流量 發展中物業增加 貿易應收賬款及應收票據減少 預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款 增加 應收貸款減少/(增加) 應收聯營公司款增加 貿易應付賬款及應計費用 增加/(減少) 收取墊款增加 應收非控股股東款項減少		(20,964) (32,828) - (267,708) 2,294 (8,053) 32,111 6,360 8,533	(40,403) (10,536) 55,329 (55,476) (40,638) (4,082) (52,539) (12,590) 97,800
non-controlling shareholders Cash used in operations Income tax paid	營運業務所用現金 已付所得税		(280,255) (1,561)	(389) (63,524) 541
Net cash used in operating activities Investing activities	經營活動所用現金淨額 投資活動		(281,816)	(62,983)
Deposit for acquisition of investment properties Deposit for acquisition of fixed assets Net cash outflow from acquisition of subsidiaries Interest received Purchase of property, plant and equipment Dividend income Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries	收購投資物業之按金 收購固定資產之按金 來自收購附屬公司之 現金流出淨額 已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備 股息收入 出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 出售附屬公司之現金流入淨額		204,350 - - 2,809 (7,080) 21 70 63,148	(395,138) 26,230 (18,617) 2,259 (2,693) 24 - 48,556
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動產生/(所用)現金淨額		263,318	(339,379)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financing activities	融資活動			
Interest paid	已付利息		(10,442)	(13,142)
Net proceeds from issue of convertible notes Repayment of convertible notes upon	發行可換股票據所得款項淨額 贖回可換股票據還款			426,234
redemption			(9,998)	_
Net proceeds from placing of new shares	配售新股份所得款項淨額			137,170
Net proceeds from share subscription	股份認購所得款項淨額			476,560
Net cash outflow on acquisition of an associate Issue of ordinary shares upon exercise of	收購聯營公司現金流出淨額 購股權行使後發行普通股			(371,476)
share options				3,115
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/產生之現金 淨額		(20,440)	658,551
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等值物(減少)/增加			
equivalents	淨額		(38,938)	256,189
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	於年初之現金及現金等值物		506,806	339,807
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動影響		(3,842)	(89,290)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	於年末之現金及現金等值物		464,026	506,806
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物之結餘分析			
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金		464,026	505,485
Bank balances and cash included in assets	計入分類為持作出售資產之			
classified as held for sales	銀行結餘及現金			1,321
			464,026	506,806

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註為該等綜合財務報表之一部分。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

I. GENERAL

Asia Resources Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability. Its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information of its annual report.

The Company acts as an investment holding company, while its subsidiaries (hereinafter the Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in property sales and investment operations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), engaged in iron ore exploration, exploitation and trading operations in Indonesia, and engaged in investing and financing operations in Hong Kong.

According to the register of substantial shareholder maintained by the Company, at 31 March 2017, Xi'an Communication Energy (Hongkong) Co., Limited is substantial shareholder of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

1. 總則

亞洲資源控股有限公司(「本公司」)在百慕達註冊成立為受豁免有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址於其年報之公司資料中披露。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,而其附屬公司(下文本公司及其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」)則主要於中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事物業銷售及投資營運、於印尼從事鐵礦石勘探、開採及貿易營運,以及於香港從事投資及融資營運。

根據本公司存置的主要股東名冊,於二零一七年三月三十一日,西安交通能源(香港)有限公司為本公司的主要股東。

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,其同時為本 公司之功能貨幣。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(a) New and amended Hong Kong Financial Report Standards ("HKFRSs") adopted by the Group

In the current year, the Group has applied for the first time, the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations ("new HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA, which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning on I April 2016.

HKAS I (Amendments) Disclosure Initiative

HKAS 16 and HKAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of

(Amendments) Depreciation and Amortisation

HKAS 16 and HKAS 41 Agriculture: Bearer Planets

(Amendments)

HKAS 27 (Amendments) Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014

Cycle

HKFRS 10. HKFRS 12 and Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation

HKAS 28 (Amendments) Exceptions

HKFRS 11 (Amendments) Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in

Joint Operations

HKFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts

The application of these amendments in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior year and/or disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則 |)

(a) 本集團採用之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則 |)

> 本年度,本集團已首次採納以下由 香港會計師公會頒佈之新訂及經修 訂準則、修訂及詮釋(「新香港財務 報告準則」),其於本集團自二零 一六年四月一日開始之財政年度生 效。

香港會計準則第1號 主動披露 (修訂)

香港會計準則第16號及 可接受之折舊及攤銷方式

香港會計準則 之澄清

第38號(修訂)

香港會計準則第16號及 農業:生產性植物

香港會計準則 第41號(修訂)

香港會計準則第27號 獨立財務報表之權益法

(修訂)

香港財務報告準則 二零一二年至二零一四年 (修訂) 週期之香港財務報告準

則之年度改進

香港財務報告準則第10 投資實體:應用綜合入賬

號、香港財務報告 之例外情况

準則第12號及香港 會計準則第28號 (修訂)

香港財務報告準則

收購共同經營者權益之會

計處理 第口號(修訂) 香港財務報告準則 監管遞延賬目

第14號

於本年度應用此等修訂對本集團於 本年度及過往年度之財務表現及狀 况及/或此等綜合財務報表內載列 之披露資料並無重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs

The Group has not early adopted the following new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year ended 31 March 2017:

HKAS 7	(Amendments)) Disclosure	Initiative1

HKAS 12 (Amendments) Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for

Unrealised Losses¹

HKAS 40 (Amendments) Transfers of Investment Property²

HKFRSs (Amendments) Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016

Cycle⁵

HK(IFRIC)-Int 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance²

HKFRS 2 (Amendments) Classification and Measurement of Share-based

Payment Transactions²

HKFRS 4 (Amendments) Insurance Contracts²

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments²

HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an (Amendments) Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture⁴

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers²
HKFRS 15 (Amendments) Clarifications to HKFRS 15 Revenue from

Contracts with Customers²

HKFRS 16 Leases³

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, with earlier application permitted

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with earlier application permitted
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019, with earlier application permitted
- ⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- 5 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 or 1 January 2018 as appropriate

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則

> 本集團並無於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止財政年度提早採用下列 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告 準則:

香港會計準則 主動披露

第7號(修訂)

香港會計準則 就未變現虧損確認 第12號(修訂) 遞延稅項資產! 香港會計準則第40號 投資物業轉讓?

(修訂)

香港財務報告準則 二零一四年至二零一六年週 (修訂) 期之香港財務報告準則之

年度改進5

香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 外幣交易及預付款項2

員會)計釋第22號

香港財務報告準則 以股份為基礎的支付交易之

第2號(修訂) 分類及計量² 香港財務報告準則 保險合約²

第4號(修訂)

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具2

香港財務報告準則第10 投資者與其聯營或合營企業 號及香港會計準則 之間的資產出售或注資4

第28號(修訂)

香港財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約之收入2

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則第15號來 第15號(修訂) 自客戶合約之收入之澄清²

香港財務報告準則 租賃3

第16號

- 於二零一七年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,可提早應用
- 於二零一八年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,可提早應用
- 於二零一九年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效,可提早應用
- 4 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 於二零一七年一月一日或二零一八年一月一 日或之後開始之年度期間生效(如適用)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduced new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was subsequently amended in 2010 to include requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition, and in 2013 to include the new requirements for general hedge accounting. Another revised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 mainly to include a) impairment requirements for financial assets and b) limited amendments to the classification and measurement requirements by introducing a FVTOCI measurement category for certain simple debt instruments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9:

all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are required to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are generally measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair value at the end of subsequent accounting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9, entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定:

屬於香港會計準則第39號財務 工具:確認及計量範圍以內之 所有已確認財務資產其後須按 攤銷成本或公平值計量。具體 而言,以收取合約現金流量為 目的之業務模式持有,及合約 現金流量僅為支付本金及尚未 償還本金之利息之債務投資, 一般於其後之會計期間結束時 按攤銷成本計量。於目的為同 時收回合約現金流量及出售財 務資產之業務模式中持有之債 務工具,以及合約條款令於特 定日期產生之現金流量僅為支 付本金及未償還本金利息之債 務工具,一般按公平值列賬並 於其他全面收益內處理之方式 計量。所有其他債務投資及股 本投資均於其後會計期間結束 時按其公平值計量。此外,根 據香港財務報告準則第9號, 實體可作出不可撤回之選擇, 於其他全面收益中呈列股本投 資(並非持作買賣)公平值之其 後變動,惟只有股息收入一般 於損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9: (continued)

- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities' credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.
- in relation to the impairment of financial assets, HKFRS
 9 requires an expected credit loss model, as opposed
 to an incurred credit loss model under HKAS 39. The
 expected credit loss model requires an entity to account
 for expected credit losses and changes in those expected
 credit losses at each reporting date to reflect changes in
 credit risk since initial recognition. In other words, it is no
 longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before
 credit losses are recognised.

- 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則」)(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規定:(續)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

Key requirements of HKFRS 9: (continued)

• the new general hedge accounting requirements retain the three types of hedge accounting mechanisms currently available in HKAS 39. Under HKFRS 9, greater flexibility has been introduced to the types of transactions eligible for hedge accounting, specifically broadening the types of instruments that qualify for hedging instruments and the types of risk components of non-financial items that are eligible for hedge accounting. In addition, the retrospective quantitative effectiveness test has been removed. Enhanced disclosure requirements about an entity's risk management activities have also been introduced.

The Directors anticipate that the application of HKFRS 9 in the future may have a material impact on amounts reported and disclosures made in respect of the Group's financial assets. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 9 until a detailed review has been completed.

新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則(續) 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具 (續)

> 香港財務報告準則第9號之主要規 定:(續)

> • 新一般對沖會計規定保留香港 會計準則第39號目前提供香港 類對沖會計機制。根據香規 務報告準則第9號,該新規 內更大靈活度,尤其是 資格作對沖會計之其是 資格作為對沖會計之工具之工 資格作對沖會計之非金融 及可作對沖會計之,此外。 定面險成份類別。此外。 定 計量成效測試已被 定 所 活動之優化披露規定。

> 董事預期,未來應用香港財務報告 準則第9號可能會對本集團財務資 產之呈報金額及披露產生重大影 響。然而,在完成詳細審閱前,就 香港財務報告準則第9號之影響提 供合理估計並無實際意義。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (continued)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

HKFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related Interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been added in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則 |)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶 合約之收入

香港財務報告準則第15號之頒佈 為實體確立一項單一全面模式,供 用作將自客戶合約所產生之收益之 賬。香港財務報告準則第15號生效 後,將取代現時之收益確認指引, 包括香港會計準則第18號收益、香 港會計準則第11號建築合約及有關 詮釋。

香港財務報告準則第15號之核心原則為實體應確認收益以說明向客戶轉移應允之貨品或服務,金額為反映該實體預期就交換該等貨品或服務而有權獲得之代價。具體而言,該準則引入五個步驟以確認收益:

- 第一步:識別與客戶訂立之合約
- 第二步:識別合約中之履約責任
- 第三步: 釐定交易價
- 第四步:將交易價分配至合約 中之履約責任
- 第五步:於(或隨著)實體完成 履約責任時確認收益

根據香港財務報告準則第15號,於(或隨著)實體完成履約責任時確認收益,即與特定履約責任相關之商品或服務之「控制權」轉移予客戶時。香港財務報告準則第15號已加入更多特定指引以處理特別情況。此外,香港財務報告準則第15號要求更詳盡之披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF THE NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued but not yet effective HKFRSs (continued)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (continued)

The Directors anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Group's consolidated financial statements. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of the effect of HKFRS 15 until the Group performs a detailed review.

HKFRS 16 Leases

The new standard specifies how an entity to recognise, measure, present and disclosure leases. HKFRS 16 required lessees to recognised assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying assets has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance with HKFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor HKAS 17.

The directors of the Company anticipate that all of the pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's accounting policy for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. The directors of the Company are currently assessing the possible impact of the above new or revised standards on the Group's results and financial position in the first year of application. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether these new pronouncements will result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies or financial statements. Other new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective are unlikely to have material impact on the Group's financial statement upon application.

Except as described above, the Directors do not anticipate that the application of other new and revised HKFRSs will have a material effect on the amounts recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則之應用(「香港財務報告 準則 1)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財 務報告準則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第15號來自客戶 合約之收入(續)

董事預期,日後採納香港財務報告 準則第15號可能會對本集團綜合財 務報表內所申報之金額及所作出之 披露造成重大影響。不過,於本集 團進行詳細檢討前對香港財務報告 準則第15號之影響作出合理估計並 不可行。

香港財務報告準則第16號租賃

該新準則列明實體應如何確認、計量、呈報及披露租賃。香港財務報告準則第16號規定,除非租賃期為12個月或以下,或相關資產的負債。出租人須就所有租赁企及負債。出租人繼續所有租赁。出租賃或融資租賃或融資租赁,有關出租賃,付额投資。 對務報告準則第16號有關出租計準則第17號比較大致不變。

除上文所述外,董事預計,應用其 他新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 將不會對本集團之綜合財務報表內 所確認金額造成重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consolidation given exchange for assets.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36.

3. 主要會計政策

合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及香港公 司條例之披露規定編製。

編製該等綜合財務報表所應用之主要會 計政策載列如下。除另有註明者外,否 則該等政策已於呈報年間貫徹應用。

編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製, 惟如下文所列會計政策所述,以公平值 計量之若干財務工具除外。

歷史成本乃基於所述之資產綜合變動之 公平值計量。

公平值為在計量日的有序交易中,市場 參與者之間出售一項資產所能收取或轉 移一項負債將會支付的價格,而不論該 價格是否直接可予觀察或可採用另一項 估值方法估計。於估計資產或負債公平 值時,倘市場參與者於計量日對資產或 負債定價時考慮該項資產或負債的特 徵,則本集團會計及該等特徵。綜合財 務報表中用作計量及/或披露用途的公 平值按該基準釐定,惟香港財務報告準 則第2號範圍內的股份付款交易、香港 會計準則第17號範圍內的租賃交易,以 及與公平值存在若干相似點但並非公平 值的計量(如香港會計準則第2號中的可 變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號中的使 用價值)除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of preparation (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level I, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level I inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date:
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level I, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公平值計量輸入數據的可觀察程度及公平值計量輸入數據的整體重要性劃分為第一、第二或第三級,描述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據為實體可於計量日 獲取的相同資產或負債於活躍市場 的報價(未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據為資產或負債的可 直接或間接觀察所得輸入數據(第 一級包括的報價除外);及
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債的不可觀察所得輸入數據。

綜合賬目基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本集團控制之實體(包括結構性實體)之財務報表。在以下情況下,本公司被視為有控制權:

- 對投資對象享有權利;
- 因參與投資對象的業務而面對或有權享有可變回報;及
- 有能力透過其對投資對象的權力影響該等回報。

倘事實和情況顯示上文所述的三項控制 因素之一項或多項出現變動,本集團會 重新評估其是否控制投資對象。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

綜合賬目基準(續)

本集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附屬公司綜合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言,於本年度內購入或出售之附屬公司之收入及開支,按自本集團獲得控制權當日起至本集團失去附屬公司控制權當日止,計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

損益及各項其他全面收益項目歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司的 全面收益總額歸屬於本公司擁有人及非 控股權益,即使此舉將導致非控股權益 出現虧絀結餘。

必要時,可調整附屬公司之財務報表使 彼等之會計政策符合本集團所採用者。

本集團成員公司之間的交易所涉及的集 團內公司間的所有資產及負債、權益、 收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合賬目時 悉數對銷。

業務合併

業務收購乃採用收購法進行列賬。業務 合併轉讓代價乃按公平值計算,計算方 式為本集團所轉讓的資產、本集團對被 收購方的前擁有人所產生的負債,以及 本集團為換取被收購方的控制權發行的 股權於收購日的公平值的總和。收購相 關成本通常於產生時在損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations (continued)

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 and HKAS 19 respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangement of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace sharebased payment arrangements of the acquire are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another HKFRS.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

於收購日期,所收購可識別資產及所承 擔負債按公平值確認,惟下列項目除 外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福利 安排有關之負債或資產分別根據香 港會計準則第12號及香港會計準則 第19號確認及計量;
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎的支付款項安排或本集團就替換該款項安排而訂立之以股份為基礎的支付款項安排之有關負債或權益工具於收購日期根據香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎的支付」計量;及
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號劃分 為持作出售之資產(或出售組別)根 據該項準則計量。

屬現時擁有權權益且於清盤時讓持有人有權按比例分佔實體資產淨值之非控股權益,可初步按公平值或非控股權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值之已確認金額比例計量。計量基準視乎每項交易而作出選擇。其他類別之非控股權益乃按其公平值或(如適用)按另一香港財務報告準則規定之基準計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combinations (continued)

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments made against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, and additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併(續)

倘本集團於業務合併中轉讓之代價包括 或然代價安排產生之資產或負債,則或 然代價按其於收購日期之公平值計量, 並計入於業務合併所轉讓之代價之一 分。符合資格為計量期間調整之或然代 價公平值變動將予追溯調整,相應調整 於商譽調整。計量期間調整為於「計量 期間」(不可超過自收購日期起計一年) 取得有關於收購日期已存在之事實及情 況之額外資料產生之調整。

不合資格為計量期間調整之或然代價公 平值變動之後續會計處理取決於如何將 或然代價分類。分類為權益之或然代價 不會於後續報告日期重新計量,其後續 結算亦於權益內入賬。分類為資產或負 債之或然代價將於後續報告日期重新計 量,相應之盈虧於損益內確認。

倘業務合併分階段達成,本集團以往所持的被收購方股本權益於收購日期(即本集團取得控制權當日)按公平值重新計量,所產生的盈虧(如有)在損益內確認。倘出售被收購方權益,則以往在其他全面收益中確認的從該等權益於收購日期前產生的金額重新分類至損益(若此處理方法合適)。

倘業務合併的初步會計處理於合併產生 的報告期末仍未完成,則本集團會就仍 未完成會計處理的項目呈報暫定金額。 該等暫定金額於計量期間內作出調整, 同時確認額外資產或負債,以反映獲得 有關於收購日期已存在事實及情況的新 資料,而倘知悉該等資料,將會影響於 當日確認的金額。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and title has passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measure reliably).

Net gain/loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised on the transaction date when the relevant contracts are executed.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less subsequent depreciation and any identified impairment loss at the end of the reporting period.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production or for its own use purposes. Construction in progress is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss. Construction in progress is classified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認

收益乃按已收或應收代價之公平值計 算,指於一般業務過程中已售貨品之應 收款項扣除折扣及銷售相關税項。

貨品銷售收益於交付貨品及轉移所有權 後確認。

來自財務資產之利息收入按未償還本金額及適用實際利率以時段比例累積計算,該利率為確實地將財務資產之預計可使用年期內之估計未來現金收入貼現至該資產之賬面淨值之貼現率。

投資之股息收入於股東收款權利確立時 (即經濟利益將可能流入本集團及收入 金額能可靠計量)予以確認。

經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產之收 益/虧損淨額乃於簽訂有關合約之交易 日期確認。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)按成本減其後之折舊及報告期末之任何已辨認之減值虧損入賬。

在建工程指作生產或自用用途而仍然在 建之物業、廠房及設備。在建工程乃按 成本減任何已確認減值虧損入賬。在建 工程於完工及可作擬定用途時分類為物 業、廠房及設備之適當類別。與其他物 業資產相同,該等資產於可作擬定用途 時開始計提折舊。

4%

 $6^{2}/_{3}\% - 30\%$

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of other property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives after considering their estimated residual values, using the straight-line method, at the following rates per annum:

Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	20% – 25%
Leasehold improvements	20% – 50%
Motor vehicles	12 1/2% - 30%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the year in which the item is derecognised.

Mining right

Plant and machinery

Buildings

Mining right is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The mining right is amortised using the unit-of-production method based on the total proven and probable mineral reserves, which is reviewed at least at each end of the reporting period.

Impairment of mining right

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for mining right at each reporting date. Mining right is tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present values of those cash flows.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

其他物業、廠房及設備之折舊按下列年 率於其估計可使用年期內(於計及其估 計殘值後)以直線法撇銷成本:

樓宇	4%
傢俬、裝置及辦公室	20% – 25%
設備	
租賃物業裝修	20% - 50%
汽車	12 1/2% - 30%
廠房及機器	6 ² / ₃ % - 30%

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或預期 繼續使用資產再不會產生未來經濟利益 時取消確認。任何資產取消確認之盈虧 (按項目出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之 差額計算)列入項目取消確認年度之綜 合全面收益表。

採礦權

採礦權乃以成本減累計攤銷及減值虧損 列賬。採礦權乃根據已探明及可能礦產 總儲量以生產單位法進行攤銷,其至少 須於各報告期末予以檢討。

採礦權減值

本集團於各報告日期評估採礦權是否有 任何減值跡象。採礦權於有跡象顯示可 能不可收回其賬面值時測試減值。當採 用使用價值計算法時,管理層須估計資 產或現金產生單位之預計未來現金流 量,並選取合適之貼現率以計算該等現 金流量之現值。

綜合財務報表附註

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Expected useful lives of Mining right and Mineral Reserves

The Group's management has determined the estimated useful lives of its mining right based on the proven and probable mineral reserves.

Amortisation rate is determined based on estimated proven and probable mineral reserve quantities with reference to the independent technical assessment report. The capitalised costs of the mining right are amortised using the unit-of production method. Any change to the estimated proven and probable mineral reserves will affect the amortisation charge of the mining right.

Proven and probable mineral reserve estimates are updated at regular basis taking into account production and technical information about the mines. In addition, as prices and cost levels change from year to year, the estimate of proven and probable mineral reserves also changes. This change is considered a change in estimate for accounting purposes and is reflected on a prospective basis in relation to amortisation rate.

Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5. Under the equity method, interests in associates is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

採礦權及礦產儲量之預計可使用 年期

本集團之管理層根據已探明及可能礦產儲量釐定其採礦權之估計可使用年期。

攤銷率乃參考獨立技術評估報告根據估計已探明及可能礦產儲量釐定。採礦權之資本化成本使用生產單位法計算攤銷。估計已探明及可能礦產儲量如有任何變動,將影響採礦權之攤銷費用。

已探明及可能礦產儲量之估計乃定期更新,並計及有關礦山之生產及技術資料。此外,由於價格及成本水平每年均有變化,已探明及可能礦產儲量之估計亦會改變。就會計目的而言,此改變乃被視為攤銷率之估算變動,並按未來適用基準予以反映。

於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司指本集團可對其行使重大影響力之實體。重大影響力指有權參與決定被投資方之財務及營運政策,但並非控制或共同控制該等政策。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interests in associates (continued)

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of HKAS are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's interest in associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in associate that are not related to the Group.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except while another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefit from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals a rising under operating lease are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

於聯營公司之權益(續)

自被投資公司成為聯營公司之日起,任何於聯營公司之投資使用權益法入資使開整公司之投資,投資公司之投資,投資別超出本集團應佔被投資公司之可識別資產及負債公平淨值之任何數額確認於重大人有關投資之賬面值內。於負責不可,不淨值超出投資成本之數額,即時在收購投資期間之損益中確認。

倘集團實體與本集團聯營公司進行交易,則只會就與本集團無關之聯營公司權益,在本集團綜合財務報表中確認與聯營公司進行交易所產生之溢利及虧損。

和約

當租約條款將所涉及擁有權之絕大部分 風險及回報轉讓予承租人時,租約乃分 類為融資租約。所有其他租約均分類為 經營租約。

本集團作為承租人

經營租賃付款於租期內以直線基準確認 為開支,惟倘另一種系統基準更能代表 租賃資產經濟利益之消耗之時間模式則 除外。經營租賃所產生之或有租金於發 生期間確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leasing (continued)

Leasehold land use rights

To the extent the allocation of the lease payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "prepaid lease payment" in the consolidated statement of financial position and is amortised over the lease term on straight-line basis.

Foreign currencies

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the income statement.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries, jointly-controlled entities and associates are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

租約(續)

租賃土地使用權

在租金可可靠分配的情況下,被列為經營租約的租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況 表中呈列為「預付租賃款項」,並於租期 內以直線法攤銷。

外幣

該等綜合財務報表以港元(即本公司之功能和呈報貨幣)呈報。本集團旗計會實體決定其自身之功能貨幣,而計資數報表之項目均按該功能貨幣效易會體財務報表之項目均按該功能貨會會會大數。本集團旗下實體之外幣交易會物質其各自於交易日期適用之功能資幣資本人賬。以外幣計值之貨幣資產之資數,按有關功能貨幣於報告期末之適用的差額於收益表確認。

按外幣歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目按首次交易日期的匯率換算。按外幣項目探所量於外幣項目採用釐定公平值計量的匯率換算。換算按公平值計量的匯率換算。換算按公平值計數項目而產生的收益或虧損,按確認的項目的公平值變動的收益或虧損於與一種認的項目的過去或損益中確認的項目的換算,被不可以或損益中確認的項目的過去。 額亦分別於其他全面收入或損益中確認的。

若干海外附屬公司、共同控制實體及聯營公司的功能貨幣為港元以外的貨幣。 於報告期末,該等實體的資產與負債, 按於報告期末的適用匯率換算為本公司 的呈報貨幣,其收益表則按本年度的加權平均匯率換算為港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currencies (continued)

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Retirement benefits costs

Retirement benefits scheme

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans (state-managed retirement benefits schemes/the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme) are charged as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme, the assets of which are held in separate trustee administered funds.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

所產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收入確認 並於匯兑波動儲備累計。出售海外業務 時,與該特定海外業務有關之其他全面 收入之部分於損益中確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 之現金流量按現金流量當日適用匯率換 算為港元。海外附屬公司於整個年度經 常產生之現金流量乃按年內之加權平均 匯率換算為港元。

借貸成本

收購、興建或生產合資格資產(需長時間準備以供擬定用途或出售之資產)之直接應佔借貸成本乃撥充作有關資產之部分成本。當有關資產大致上可作擬定用途或出售時,則停止借貸成本資本化。利用某項借貸作短暫投資所賺取之投資收入於支付合資格資產之開支後從資本化借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間內於損益 中確認。

退休福利成本

退休福利計劃

向界定供款退休福利計劃(國家管理之 退休福利計劃/強制性公積金計劃)所 作之供款,均於僱員提供使彼等有權享 用供款之服務時列為開支。

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例 為根據香港僱傭條例所僱用之僱員提供 強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強 積金計劃為定額供款計劃,其資產由獨 立信託管理基金持有。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Retirement benefits costs (continued)

Retirement benefits scheme (continued)

Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, with the employers' contributions subject to a cap monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. The Group's contributions to the scheme are expensed as incurred are vested in accordance with the scheme's vesting scales. Where employees leave the scheme prior to the full vesting of the employer's contributions, the amount of forfeited contributions is used to reduce the contributions payable by the Group.

Pursuant to the regulations of the relevant authorities in the PRC, the Group participates in the relevant social retirement benefit schemes (the "PRC Schemes") whereby the Group is required to contribute to the PRC Schemes to fund the retirement benefits of the eligible employees. Contributions made to the PRC Schemes are calculated based on certain percentages of the applicable payroll costs as stipulated under the requirements in the PRC. The relevant authorities of the PRC are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the PRC Schemes is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the PRC Schemes.

The retirement benefit schemes contribution represents gross contributions by the Group to the PRC Schemes operated by the relevant authorities of the PRC.

Share options scheme

The Company operates a share options scheme for the purpose of recognition of significant contribution of and for the provision of incentives to any directors, employees (whether full-time or part-time), consultants, customers, suppliers, agents, partners or advisors of or contractors to the Group or affiliates. The fair value of share options granted to employee is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options, the total estimated fair value of share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

退休福利成本(續)

退休福利計劃(續)

根據強積金計劃,僱主及其僱員各自須按僱員相關收入之5%之比例就計劃作出供款,而僱員供款的每月相關收入之 上限為30,000港元。本集團向強積金計劃作出之供款於產生時支銷,並根據計劃之應享比例歸屬僱員。倘僱員於僱主供款全數歸屬前退出強積金計劃,沒收之供款金額將用作扣減本集團之應付供款。

根據中國有關部門之規例,本集團參加相關的社會退休福利計劃(「中國計劃」),據此,本集團須向中國計劃供款以為合資格僱員之退休福利提供中國有關規定所指定之適用工資成本之時期之一,中國有關部門負責。本國計劃之唯一責任為根據中國計劃之唯一責任為根據中國計劃之唯一責任為根據中國計劃支付持續所需之供款。

退休福利計劃供款指本集團向由中國有 關部門營辦之中國計劃作出之供款總 額。

購股權計劃

本公司設有購股權計劃,旨在肯定本集團或聯屬公司之任何董事、僱員(不高)、顧問、客戶、供應商代理人、合夥人或諮詢人或承辦商作出大之重要貢獻及提供獎勵。向僱員授本,而權之公平值確認為僱員成本,而權益內資本儲備將相應增加。倘僱員一种獲得購股權前須符合歸屬條件,經濟關聯股權將歸屬之可能性後,估計購股權公平值總額將均等分佈於歸屬期間。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Retirement benefits costs (continued)

Share options scheme (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

退休福利成本(續)

購股權計劃(續)

税項

所得税指現時應付税項及遞延税項總 額。

即期税項

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利不包括其他年度之應課稅或應扣減之收入或開支項目,亦不包括永不應課稅或可扣稅之項目,故與綜合全面收益表所列溢利不同。本集團之現時稅項負債乃按報告期末已制定或實質上已制定之稅率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司及聯營公司 之投資所產生之應課税暫時差額確認, 惟本集團有能力控制暫時差額之回撥, 以及有關暫時差額很有可能於可見未來 無法回撥,則作別論。

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於各個報告期 末進行檢討,並予以相應扣減,直至並 無足夠應課税溢利可供收回全部或部分 資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期適用於負債清償或資產變現期間之稅率計算,有關稅率根據於報告期末已制定或實質上已制定之稅率(及稅法)計算。

遞延税項負債及資產之計算,反映了本 集團於報告期末所預期對收回或償還其 資產及負債之賬面值之方式所產生之稅 務結果。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Research and development expenditure

All research costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred development costs are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised using the straight line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products not exceeding five to seven years, commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

税項(續)

本年度之即期及遞延税項

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟當其與在其他全面收入中或直接在權益中確認之項目相關時,則即期及遞延税項亦分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益中確認。倘即期税項或遞延稅項產生自某項業務合併之初步會計處理,則有關稅務影響計入該業務合併之會計處理內。

無形資產

分開收購之無形資產

分開收購之無形資產在初始確認時以成本計量。業務合併所收購之無形資產成本為其在收購日之公平值。無形資產可使用年期分為有限期或無限期。具有限期之無形資產隨後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並於有跡象顯示無形資產可能出現減值時評估減值。具有限可使用年期之無形資產之攤銷期及攤銷方法至少於每個財政年度末檢討。

研究及開發開支

所有研究成本均於產生時在收益表扣 除。

新產品開發項目產生之開支僅會於本集 團可證明令無形資產完成而可供使用或 出售之技術可行性、本集團完成無形資 產之意向及使用或出售有關資產之能 力、有關資產將如何產生未來經濟利 益、有足夠資源完成項目及有能力可靠 計量開發開支時,方會撥充資本及遞延 入賬。不符合上述標準之產品開發開支 於產生時支銷。

遞延開發成本按成本減任何減值虧損列 賬及以直線法按相關產品之商業年期 (不超過五至七年)攤銷,並自該等產品 投入商業生產之日起開始攤銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

Inventories - properties under development

The cost of properties under development for sale comprises specifically identified cost, including the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses, and an appropriate proportion of overheads and borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price, based on prevailing market conditions, less estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

Provision

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

有形及無形資產減值

具無限可使用年期之無形資產以及尚未 可使用之無形資產會至少每年及於有跡 象顯示該資產可能減值時進行減值測 試。

存貨-發展中物業

發展中物業之成本由特別識別之成本組成,包括土地收購成本、開發總成本、材料及物料、工資及其他直接費用,以及適當比例的間接成本及資本化的借貸成本。可變現淨值指按現行市場狀況估計的銷售價格減估計竣工成本及銷售物業將產生的成本。

撥備

凡因過去事件而產生現有責任(不論法 律上或推論的責任),以致未來可能需 要付出資源履行該責任,而責任金額能 可靠地估計,即應確認撥備。

倘折讓影響重大,確認之撥備金額應為 預期履行責任所需未來開支於報告期末 之現值。倘折讓現值隨時間而增加,則 增加金額於收益表內列為融資成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具

當集團實體成為工具合約條文之一方 時,財務資產及財務負債於綜合財務狀 況表內確認。

財務資產及財務負債初步按公平值計量。收購或發行財務資產及財務負債直接應佔之交易成本(經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產及財務負債除外)乃按適當情況於初步確認時加入,或從財務資產或財務負債之公平值扣除。收購經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產或財務負債益按公平值入賬之財務資產或財務負債產生之直接應佔交易成本即時於損益確認。

財務資產

本集團之財務資產分類為經損益按公平 值入賬(「經損益按公平值入賬」)之財務 資產、貸款及應收款項。分類是視乎財 務資產之性質及目的並於初步確認時釐 定。所有定期購買或出售財務資產乃按 交易日基準確認及取消確認。定期購買 或出售乃購買或出售財務資產,並要求 於市場上按規則或慣例設定之時間框架 內付運資產。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務資產之攤銷成本 及分配相關期間利息收入之方法。實際 利率乃按財務資產之預計年期或(如適 用)較短期間,準確貼現估計未來現金 收入(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部分 之一切已付或已收費用及利率差價、交 易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至其初步確 認時賬面淨值之利率。

債務工具收入按實際利率法確認,惟該 等被分類為經損益按公平值入賬之財務 資產除外。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL.

A financial asset is classified as held-for-trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; or
- it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each end of the reporting period subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, loan receivables, amount due from an associate and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at each end of the reporting period. Loans and receivables are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition, the estimated future cash flows have been affected.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產 當財務資產乃持作買賣或被指定為經損 益按公平值入賬時,財務資產乃分類為 經損益按公平值入賬。

如為下列情況,財務資產分類為持作買 賣:

- 主要為於不久將來出售而購入;或
- 構成本集團合併管理之已識別財務 工具組合一部分,且近期出現實際 短期獲利模式;或
- 屬於未被指定之衍生工具,並可有效作為對沖工具。

經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產按公平 值列賬,並於損益確認因重新計量產生 之任何收益或虧損。於損益確認之收益 或虧損淨額納入財務資產所賺取之任何 股息或利息並計入綜合損益及其他全面 收益表內。

貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項乃有固定或可釐定付款而並無活躍市場報價之非衍生財務資產。於初步確認後之各報告期末,貸款及應收款項(包括應收貿易賬款、按金及其他應收賬款、應收貸款、應收一家聯營公司款項,以及銀行結餘和現金)以實際利率法按攤銷成本減去任何減值入賬。

貸款及應收款項減值

貸款及應收款項於各報告期末評定有否 減值跡象。因初步確認後出現一項或多 項事件而有客觀證據顯示估計未來現金 流量已受到影響,則貸款及應收款項已 減值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of loans and receivables (continued)

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the loans and receivables is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment losses was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續) 財務資產(續) 貸款及應收款項減值(續) 減值之客觀證據包括:

- 發行人或交易對手出現重大財政困難;或
- 未能繳付或延遲償還利息或本金;或
- 借款人有可能面臨破產或財務重 組;或
- 財務資產之活躍市場因財政困難而 不再存在。

倘有客觀證據證明資產出現減值,則於 損益確認減值虧損,並按資產之賬面值 及按原實際利率貼現之估計日後現金流 量之現值之差額計算。

所有財務資產之減值虧損會直接於貸款 及應收款項之賬面值中作出扣減,惟貿 易及其他應收賬款除外,貿易及其他應 收賬款之賬面值會透過撥備賬作出扣減。撥備賬內之賬面值變動會於損益中 確認。當應收款項被視為不可收回時, 其將於撥備賬內撇銷。先前已撇銷之款 項如其後得以收回,將撥回損益內。

倘減值虧損金額於隨後期間有所減少, 而有關減少客觀而言與確認減值虧損後 發生之事件有關,則先前已確認之減值 虧損將透過損益撥回,惟該資產於減值 被撥回當日之賬面值不得超過未確認減 值時之已攤銷成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Convertible notes

Convertible notes issued by the Company that contain both the conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible notes is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, representing the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in equity until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in capital reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in capital reserve will be released to the retained profits. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續) 財務負債及股本工具

分類為債務或股本

集團實體發行之財務負債及股本工具乃 根據所訂立合同安排之性質與財務負債 及股本工具之定義分類。

股本工具

股本工具乃證明集團實體於扣減所有負債後之資產中擁有剩餘權益之任何合同。本集團發行之股本工具乃按已收所得款項(扣除直接發行成本)確認。

可換股票據

本公司所發行包括兑換期權部分之可換 股票據均於初步確認時單獨分類至各自 項目。將以固定現金額或另一種財務資 產換取本公司固定數目之本身股本工具 方式結算之兑換期權乃分類為股本工 具。

於初步確認時,負債部分之公平值乃採用類似非可換股債務之現行市場利負實。於其後期間,可換股票據之負債率分採用實際利率法按攤銷成本為負債部分兑換為內、即將負債部分兑換為內、資產通股之期權,將留存於權益內、資價則之結餘將轉撥至股份溢價則則不能備內載列之結餘將撥至保留溢或虧備內載列之結餘將撥至保留溢或虧價則可來儲備內載列之結餘將撥至保留溢或虧損益內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

Convertible notes (continued)

For the convertible notes issued in connection to the acquisition of assets and liabilities through acquisition of subsidiary, the conversion option component is recognised at fair value and included in equity, taking into account that the counterparty must forfeit the right to received cash in order to receive equity instrument. For other convertible notes, the difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible notes and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to covert the notes into equity, is included in equity (capital reserve).

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities (including trade payables, other payables and accruals and amount due to a non-controlling shareholder) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability or where appropriate, a short period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognise the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement and recognises an associated liability.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續) 財務負債及股本工具(續)

可換股票據(續)

就透過收購附屬公司而收購資產及負債 所發行之可換股票據而言,兑換期權部 分乃按公平值確認及計入權益內,並計 及交易對方須喪失收取現金之權利以收 取股本工具。就其他可換股票據而言,發行可換股票據之所得款項總額與賦 發行可換股票據之所得款項總額與賦本 負債部分(即持有人將票據兑換為股本 之兑換期權)之公平值間之差額乃計入 權益(資本儲備)內。

其他財務負債

其他財務負債(包括貿易應付賬款、其 他應付款項及應計費用及應付一名非控 股股東款項)其後採用實際利率法按已 攤銷成本計量。

實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算財務負債之攤銷成本 及分配相關期間利息開支之方法。實際 利率乃按財務負債之預計年期或適用之 較短期間,準確折現估計未來現金付款 之利率。

取消確認

本集團僅當從資產收取現金流量之權利 屆滿,或財務資產已予轉讓及資產擁有 權之全部重大風險及回報轉讓予其他實 體時方取消確認財務資產。如本集團並 無轉讓或保留擁有權之全部重大風險及 回報及繼續控制該轉讓資產,則本集團 於持續參與及確認相關債務下繼續確認 該資產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition (continued)

If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety, the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial positions.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

取消確認(續)

如本集團保留轉讓財務資產擁有權之全 部重大風險及回報,則本集團繼續確認 該財務資產及亦就已收所得款項確認抵 押借貸。

於全面取消確認財務資產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代價總和之間的差額,以及已於其他全面收益確認及於權益累計之累計收益或虧損,乃於損益中確認。

當及僅當本集團之責任獲解除、取消或 到期時,本集團方會取消確認財務負 債。取消確認之財務負債之賬面值與已 付及應付代價之間的差額會於損益中確 認。

現金及現金等值物

現金及現金等值物包括手頭現金、隨時可提取之銀行存款、原期限不超過三個月之其他高流動性短期投資及銀行透支。銀行透支於綜合財務狀況表內流動負債之借款中呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Contingent liabilities and assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, they will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. A contingent asset is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. When inflow is virtually certain, an asset is recognised.

Related parties transactions

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

或然負債及資產

或然負債乃因過去事件而可能出現之責任,而須視乎日後會否出現一項或多項本集團不可完全控制之不確定事件方可確實。或然負債亦包括基於過去事件產生之現有責任,但由於未必需要經濟資源流出或不能就該責任數額作可認為實行不會確認。或然負債不會確認為實行,而相當可能性出現變化,而相當可能出現,則會確認為發備。

或然資產乃因過去事件而可能出現之資產,而須視乎日後會否出現一項或多項本集團不可完全控制之不確定事件方可確實。倘很可能出現經濟利益流入,則或然資產不會確認入賬但會於綜合財務報表附註中披露。倘實際存在經濟利益流入,則確認有關資產。

關連人士交易

下列人士被視為與本集團有關連:

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士 之近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要管理層成員。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties transactions (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiaries is related to the others);
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group which the other entity is a member);
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employees are also related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

關連人士交易(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與本 集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之 成員公司(即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有 關連):
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業);
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的合 營企業;
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營 企業,而另一實體為該第三方 實體的聯營公司;
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關 連之實體就僱員利益設立的離 職福利計劃。倘本集團本身便 是該計劃,則提供資助的僱主 亦與本集團有關連;
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或受 共同控制;
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實體有 重大影響力或屬該實體(或該 實體之母公司)主要管理層成 員;或
 - (viii) 該實體(或其作為一份子的集團的任何成員公司)向本集團 或本集團的母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties transactions (continued)

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influence by, that person in their dealing with the entity.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources, or obligations between the Group and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier. It also occurs when the operation is abandoned.

When operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented on the face of the profit or loss, which comprises:

- the post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- the post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group(s) constituting the discontinued operation.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

關連人士交易(續)

個別人士之近親家族成員為於彼等與實 體進行交易時預期可影響該人士或受該 人士影響之該等家族成員。

倘本集團與一名關連人士之間存在資源 或責任轉讓,不論是否有收取價格,有 關交易被視為關連人士交易。

已終止業務

已終止業務乃本集團業務之組成部分, 其營運及現金流量可與本集團其他業務 清楚劃分,屬經營業務或地區之獨立主 要業務範疇,或為出售經營業務或地區 之獨立主要業務範疇之單一協調計劃之 一環,或屬於僅為轉售而收購之附屬公 司。

當出售時或業務符合分類為持作出售之條件時(以較早者為準),則進行已終止業務分類。此外,當廢棄一項業務時亦會進行已終止業務分類。

倘若業務分類列為終止經營,則會於損益中按單一數額呈列,當中包括:

- 已終止業務之除稅後溢利或虧損;及
- 就計量公平值減銷售成本或就(於 出售時)構成已終止業務之資產或 出售組別確認之除稅後盈虧。

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the consolidated financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

When the Group is committed to a sale plan involving loss of control of a subsidiary, all of the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary are classified as held for sale when the criteria described above are met, regardless of whether the Group will retain a non-controlling interest in its former subsidiary after the sale.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

3. 主要會計政策(續)

分類報告

經營分類及綜合財務報表所呈報的各分 類項目金額與就本集團各項業務及地區 作資源分配及評估其表現而定期向本集 團最高行政管理人提供的財務資料有 別。

就財務報告而言,個別重大的經營分類 不會彙集入賬,除非該等分類的經濟特 質相近,且彼等的產品及服務性質、生 產工序性質、客戶類型或階層、分銷產 品或提供服務的方法及監管環境性質等 方面相類近。如具備上述大部分特質, 個別不重大的經營分類可合併為一個分 類。

持作出售之非流動資產

倘非流動資產及出售組別之賬面值主要 透過出售交易而非透過持續使用而收 回,則其歸類為持作出售。僅在出售的 可能性極高,且非流動資產(或出售組 別)按其現況可直接出售,方符合所述 條件。管理層須致力進行出售,且預計 在歸類日期起計一年內合資格確認為已 完成出售。

當本集團已致力一項出售計劃並涉及失去一附屬公司之控制權,倘上述標準符合,該附屬公司之所有資產及負債均被 歸類為持作出售,不論於出售後本集團 是否於其前附屬公司保留非控股權益。

歸類為持作出售之非流動資產(及出售 組別)按資產原先之賬面值及公平值減 銷售成本之較低者計量。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Note 3 describes that depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using straight—line method. The estimation of useful lives of the depreciable assets is based on the experience of the Group, and useful lives are reviewed at each end of the reporting period based on changes in circumstances.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment

In accordance with HKAS 16, the Group estimates the useful lives of property, plant and equipment in order to determine the amount of depreciation expenses to be recorded. The useful lives are estimated at the time the asset is acquired based on historical experience, the expected usage, wear and tear of the assets, as well as technical obsolescence arising from changes in the market demands or service output of the assets. The Group also performs annual reviews on whether the assumptions made on useful lives continued to be valid. The Group tests annually whether the assets have suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is determined based on market value of the assets which require the use of assumptions and estimates.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註3所載)過程中,管理層需要對其他來源未能顯然易見之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。此等估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被認為相關之因素而作出,實際情況可能和此等估計有所不同。

此等估計及相關假設會持續予以審閱。 如會計估計的修訂僅對作出修訂的期間 產生影響,則有關修訂只會在該期間內 確認;如會計估計的修訂對現時及未來 期間均產生影響,則會在作出該修訂期 間和未來期間內確認。

估計不確定因素之主要來源

以下為報告期末關於未來之主要假設, 以及估計不確定因素之其他主要來源, 對下一財政年度資產及負債之賬面值有 重大調整風險。

物業、廠房及設備之使用年期

附註3闡述物業、廠房及設備之折舊按 其估計可使用年期以直線法撇銷成本。 可折舊資產之可使用年期乃根據本集團 之經驗進行估計,並於各報告末按照相 應轉變檢討有關可使用年期。

物業、廠房及設備之減值

綜合財務報表附註

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KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Net realisable value of properties under development

Valuation of properties under development are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value at the end of the reporting period. Net realisable value is determined on the basis of the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The directors estimate the net realisable value for properties under development based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. In addition, the directors perform an inventory review on a product by product basis at the end of each reporting period and assess the need for write down of properties under development.

Estimate of recoverable amounts of assets

The Group tests annually whether the assets have suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash generating unit is determined based on value-in-use calculations which require the use of assumptions and estimates.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源 (續)

估計不確定因素之主要來源(續) 所得稅

本集團須在香港及中國繳納所得稅。於 釐定所得稅撥備時須作出重大判斷。日 常業務過程中有大量無法確定最終稅款 之交易及計算。本集團根據對是否需要 繳付額外稅款之估計,就預期稅務審計 項目確認負債。倘該等事項最終稅款結 果有別於最初記錄之金額,有關差額將 影響作出有關決定之期間之所得稅及遞 延稅項撥備。

發展中物業之可變現淨值

於報告期末,發展中物業之估值乃按成本及可變現淨值中之較低者列賬。可變現淨值內按估計售價減估計出售必要成本釐定。董事估計發展中物業之可變現淨值乃主要基於最新發票價格及現行市場狀況。此外,於各報告期末,董事按產品進行存貨審閱,並評估撇減發展中物業之需要。

估計資產之可收回金額

本集團每年測試該等資產是否已遭受任 何減值。資產或現金產生單位之可收回 金額根據使用價值計算,當中須作出假 設及估計。

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4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued) Impairment of loan and other receivables

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Group takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. The Group's maximum exposure to financial loss due to failure to discharge an obligation by the debtors is the carrying amount of loan and other receivables as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Measurement of convertible notes

On the date of issue of convertible notes, the fair value is determined using a discount rate determined by an independent professional valuer to the Group with reference to market information; and this amount is carried as a long term liability at fair value at the end of the reporting period in accordance with the accounting policy stated above.

Valuation of share options

The Binominal Option Pricing Model and Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model were applied to estimate the fair value of share options granted by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. These pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share price. The changes in input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

4. 估計不確定因素之主要來源 (續)

估計不確定因素之主要來源(續) 貸款及其他應收賬款之減值

倘有客觀證據證明出現減值虧損,則本 集團會考慮估計日後現金流量。減資產之 損金額乃按資產之賬面值及按財務資 之原實際利率(即於初次確認時計量 之原實際利率)貼現之估計日後現金流量 包括計算。倘實際日後現金流之是現 之差額計算。倘實際日後現金流之量,則可能產生重大減值虧損之之 預期,則可能產生重大減值虧損之之 預期債務人無法履行責任而造成之財務 損失所承擔之最高風險,為綜合財務 況表所列之貸款及其他應收賬款之 值。

可換股票據之計量

於發行可換股票據之日期,公平值乃採 用本集團獨立專業估值師所釐定之貼現 率並參考市場資料而釐定;及此金額乃 根據上述會計政策於報告期末按公平值 列為長期負債。

評估購股權

已採用二項式購股權定價模式及柏力克一舒爾斯期權定價模式以估計本公司及若干附屬公司所授出購股權之公平值。該等定價模式要求輸入高度主觀假設數據,包括股價波幅。輸入假設之變動可能對公平值估計產生重大影響。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

5A. Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

As at 31 March 2017, the capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which comprises of convertible notes (2016: convertible notes) and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure regularly. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new shares issues, as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

5. 財務工具

5A. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目的,在於確保本集團各實體能夠持續經營,同時 透過取得債務與權益之間之最佳平 衡,為股權持有人爭取最大回報。 本集團之整體策略與往年一致。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集 團之資本架構包括債務,當中包括 可換股票據(二零一六年:可換股 票據)及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包 括已發行股本及儲備)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作 為檢討一部分,董事考慮資本之成 本與各類資本之相關風險。本集團 會根據董事之推薦意見,透過發行 新股、發行新債或贖回現債以平衡 整體資本架構。

於報告期末負債比率如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total debts# Shareholders' equity	總債務# 股東權益	209,769 1,884,213	198,094 2,047,938
Gearing ratio	負債比率	11.13%	9.67%

[#] Total debts comprises convertible notes as detailed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

[#] 總債務包括可換股票據,詳情見綜合 財務報表附許30。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. 財務工具(續)

5B. Categories of financial instruments

5B. 財務工具類別

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Loans and receivables	財務資產 經損益按公平值入賬之 財務資產 貸款及應收款項(包括現金及	7,762	10,632
(including cash and cash equivalents) Financial liabilities Amortised cost	現金等值物) <i>財務負債</i> 攤銷成本	557,212 413,545	598,678 376,742

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include loan receivables, other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, amount due from an associate, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and convertible notes. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要財務工具包括應收貸款、其他應收賬款、經損益按公司, 原之財務資產、應收聯營及及現金, 意項、銀行結餘及現金、貿易及。 等財務工具之詳情於各附註披露。 該等財務工具之詳情關風險及如等財務工具之相關風險及如。 經營理及監督該等風險,確保及時 及有效地採取適當措施。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk refers to the risk that movement in foreign currency exchange rate which will affect the Group's financial results and its cash flows. The Group's operations are mainly in the PRC other than Hong Kong, and the sales and purchases transactions are conducted using RMB, as such the foreign currency risk is minimal. The Group currently has not entered into any contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk. However, the management monitors foreign currency exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities and no significant interest rate risk as at 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty to a transaction is unwilling or unable to fulfil its obligation which results in financial loss. The carrying amounts of bank balances and cash, other receivables and loan receivables included in the consolidated statement of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets.

In respect of loan receivables, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approval and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken for the recoverable amount. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual's loan receivables at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment loss are made for irrecoverable amounts. As at 31 March 2017, based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment on individual loans is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

外幣風險

外幣風險指涉及外幣匯率變動(會影響本集團之財務業績及其現金流量)之風險。由於本集團之業務賣之業務賣之工,故有關外民幣進行,故有關外幣風險。本集團現時並無訂立任何層納以對沖外幣風險及於必要時考慮就重大外幣風險進行對沖。

利率風險

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集 團並無重大計息資產及負債,亦無 重大利率風險(二零一六年:無)。

信貸風險

信貸風險源自因交易對手方不願意 或無法履行其責任而導致本集團蒙 受財務損失。計入綜合財務狀況表 之銀行結餘及現金、其他應收賬 款以及應收貸款之賬面值,為本集 團就其金融資產承受之最高信貸風 險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The Group manages and analyses the credit risk for each of their new and existing clients before standard payment terms and conditions are offered. If there is no independent rating, the Group assesses the credit quality of the customer based on the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

In respect of other receivables, credit evaluations are performed on all debtors requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the debtor's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the debtor.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arises when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, the Group has no trade receivables (2016: Nil).

In relation to the Group's deposit with bank, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by placing deposits with financial institution with high credit rating and no recent history of default. The directors consider that the Group's credit risk on the bank deposits is low. Management continues to monitor the position and will take appropriate action if their ratings are changed. As at 31 March 2017 and 2016, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in relation to deposit with bank.

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

就其他應收賬款而言,本集團對信貸超過某一數額之所有債務人進行信貸評估。該等評估集中於債務 人過往到期付款記錄及現時付款 能力,並考慮債務人特定之賬目資 料。

本集團所面對之信貸風險主要受各客戶之本身個別特性影響,因此, 倘本集團與個別客戶往來頻繁,則 會出現重大信貸集中風險。於報 告期末,本集團並無貿易應收賬款 (二零一六年:無)。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework to meet the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Liquidity table

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights within one year after the reporting date. The maturity analysis for other non-derivative financial liabilities is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates.

The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period.

In addition, the following tables detail the Group's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual cash flows of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on these non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Group's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動性風險

流動資金風險管理之最終責任在董事會,而董事會已設立合適之流動資金風險管理架構,以滿足本集動之短期、中期及長期融資及流動勇金管理需要。本集團透過維持充資儲備、銀行融資及儲備借貸融資企風險,方法是持續監察預測及實際現金流量並安排金融資產及負債之到期日得到配合。

流動性列表

下表詳列本集團非衍生財務負債之 尚餘合同到期狀況。下表乃根據於 本集團須支付財務負債之最早日期 按財務負債之未貼現現金流量編 製。

具體而言,具有即時還款條款的銀行貸款會列為最早時段償付,不論銀行選擇於報告日期後一年內行使其權利的可能性。其他非衍生財務負債之到期日分析乃根據預設還款日期而編製。

該表包括利息及本金現金流量。倘 利息流為浮動利率計算,於報告期 末未貼現金額是來自利率曲線。

此外,下表詳述本集團非衍生財務 資產的預期到期日。該等表格按照 財務資產未貼現合約現金流量(包 括該等資產將賺取的利息)編製。 載入該等非衍生財務資產的資料對 理解本集團流動性風險管理乃必要 之舉,原因是流動性按淨資產及負 債基準而受管理。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Liquidity table (continued)

The amounts included below for variable interest rate instruments for both non-derivative financial assets and liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates different to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

Moreover, the following tables detail the Group's liquidity analysis for its derivative financial instruments. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual net cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis, and the undiscounted gross inflows and outflows on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed has been determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves at the end of the reporting period. The liquidity analyses for the Group's derivative financial instruments are prepared based on the contractual maturities as the management considers that the contractual maturities are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows of these derivatives, which have been entered into for hedging purposes.

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動性風險(續)

流動性列表(續)

倘可變利率變動有別於該等於報告 期末所釐定之利率估計,則以下就 非衍生財務資產及負債之可變利率 工具之金額會出現變動。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Liquidity table (continued)

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動性風險(續)

流動性列表(續)

		Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率	Within I year 一年內 HK\$'000 千港元	I-2 years -至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	2-5 years 兩至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現總 現金流量 HK\$'000 千港元	Total carrying amount at year ended 年末 總賬面值 HK\$*000
As at 31 March 2017	於二零一七年 三月三十一日							
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	-	39,560				39,560	39,560
Other payables	其他應付賬款	-	164,216				164,216	164,216
Convertible notes	可換股票據	15.91	9,792	248,609			258,401	209,769
			213,568	248,609			462,177	413,545

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Liquidity table (continued)

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動性風險(續)

流動性列表(續)

		Weighted						Total
		average						carrying
		effective					Total	amount
		interest	Within			Over	undiscounted	at year
		rate	l year	I-2 years	2-5 years	5 years	cash flows	ended
		加權平均					未貼現總	年末
		實際利率	一年內	一至兩年	兩至五年	五年以上	現金流量	總賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年							
	三月三十一日							
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	_	8,676	_	_	_	8,676	8,676
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及							
	應計費用	-	169,972	_	_	-	169,972	169,972
Convertible notes	可換股票據	15.54	11,145	217,733	-	-	228,878	198,094
		_	189,793	217,733	_	_	407,526	376,742

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5C. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investment in listed equity securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk and return profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities quoted on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. In addition, the management monitors the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Other price risk - Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date.

If equity prices had been 10% higher/lower, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2017 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$776,000 (2016: increase/decrease by approximately HK\$1,063,000). This is mainly due to the changes in fair value of held-for-trading investments.

5D. Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices;
 and
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transactions as input.

5. 財務工具(續)

5C. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

其他價格風險

本集團因投資於上市股本證券而須 承受股本價格風險。管理層透過維 持具有不同風險及回報之投資組合 管理有關風險。本集團之股本價格 風險主要集中於在香港聯合交易所 有限公司掛牌之股本證券。此外, 管理層會監察價格風險,並於有需 要時考慮對沖有關風險。

其他價格風險 - 敏感度分析 以下敏感度分析乃根據於報告日期 之股本價格風險進行。

倘股本價格升/跌10%,本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度之虧損會增/減約776,000港元(二零一六年:增/減約1,063,000港元),主要受到持作買賣投資之公平值變動影響。

5D. 公平值

財務資產及財務負債之公平值釐定 方法如下:

- 受標準條款及條件規管及於活躍流通市場交易之財務資產之公平值乃參考市場報價釐定:及
- 其他財務資產及財務負債之公 平值按公認定價模型,以可知 當前市場交易價格或利率作為 輸入值進行貼現現金流量分析 釐定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5D. Fair value (continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level I: quoted prices in active markets for the same instrument (i.e. without modification or repackaging);

Level 2: quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or other valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data; and

Level 3: valuation techniques for which any significant input are not based on observable market data.

The following table show an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value hierarchy:

5. 財務工具(續)

5D. 公平值(續)

於綜合財務狀況表內確認之公平值 計量

下表為於初步確認後按公平值計量 之財務工具之分析,並根據公平值 之可觀察程度分為第一至三級:

第一級:同一工具(即未經調整或 重新包裝)於活躍市場內 之報價;

第二級: 類似資產或負債於活躍市場內之報價或所有主要輸入值以可觀察之市場數據為基礎之其他估值方法;

及

第三級: 主要輸入值並非以可觀察 之市場數據為基礎之估值 方法。

下表顯示按公平值分級制所劃分之 財務工具分析:

		Level I 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2017 Financial assets at fair value	於二零一七年 三月三十一日 經損益按公平值				
through profit or loss	入賬之財務資產	7,762			7,762
As at 31 March 2016	於二零一六年 三月三十一日				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	經損益按公平值 入賬之財務資產	10,632	_	_	10,632

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

5D. Fair value (continued)

For reconciliation of fair value of convertible notes, please refer to note 30.

There were no transfers between Level I and Level 2 in the both years.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 in the both years.

5. 財務工具(續)

5D. 公平值(續)

就可換股票據之公平值對賬而言, 請參閱附註30。

於兩個年度內第一級與第二級之間 並無轉撥。

於兩個年度內並無轉撥入第三級或 自第三級轉出。

		lue as at 期之公平值			
Financial assets 財務資產	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技巧及主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入數據
Listed equity securities classified as financial assets at FVTPL (note 25)	In Hong Kong HK\$7,762	In Hong Kong HK\$10,632	Level I	Quoted bid prices in an active market	N/A
分類為按經損益按公平值 入賬之財務資產之 上市股本證券(附註25)	於香港 7,762 港元	於香港 10,632港元	第一級	於活躍市場之報價	不適用

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value.

並非按公平值計量之財務資產及財 務負債之公平值。

	2017	2017	2016	2016
	二零一七年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一六年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	amount	value	amount	value
	賬面值	公平值	賬面值	公平值
Financial liabilities Convertible notes/bonds 財務負債 可換股票據/債券	209,769	226,645	198,094	218,642

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating segments are identification the basis of internal reports which provides information about components of the Group. These information are reported to and received by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") for the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The Group has the following continuing operating segments during the year. These segments are managed separately. No operating segments have been aggregated to for the following reportable segments.

- (1) For iron ore exploration, exploitation and trading operations, the CODM regularly reviews the performance of the iron ore operation in Indonesia. These operations have been aggregated into a single operating segment and named "Iron ore exploration, exploitation and trading operations".
- (2) For investing and financing operations, the CODM regularly reviews the performance of the investing and financing operations. These operations have been aggregated into a single operating segment and named "Investing and financing".
- (3) For property sales and investment operations, the CODM regularly reviews the performance of the property sales and investment operations. This operation has been classified into a single operating segment and named "Property sales and investment".

6. 分類資料

本集團營運分類按提供有關本集團各部 分資料之內部申報基準區分。該等資料 會呈報予主要營運決策者(「主要營運決 策者」)並由其審閱,以分配資源及評估 表現。

年內,本集團擁有下列持續營運分類。 該等分類乃受個別管理。營運分類概無 與下列可報告分類綜合入賬。

- (I) 就鐵礦勘探、開採及貿易營運而言,主要營運決策者定期審查印尼 鐵礦營運之表現。此等營運已合計 為單一營運分類並命名為「鐵礦勘 探、開採及貿易營運」。
- (2) 就投資及融資業務而言,主要營運 決策者定期檢討投資及融資業務的 表現。該等業務已合計為名為「投 資及融資」之單一經營分類。
- (3) 就物業銷售及投資業務而言,主要 營運決策者定期審核物業銷售及投 資經營的表現。此項業務已分類為 單一經營分部並命名為「物業銷售 及投資」。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and result

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

For the year ended 31 March

6. 分類資料(續)

分類收入及業績

以下為本集團按可報告分類之收入及業 績之分析:

截至三月三十一日止年度

			(Continuing (持續經營							
		Iron ore exploration, exploitation and trading operations 鐵礦勘探、開採及		Inve	•	Proper and inve	ty sales	Unallocated		Consolidation	
		貿易		投資及	及融資	物業銷售	馬及投資	未分	200	綜	合
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
		二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales to external customers	向外部客戶銷售	-	-	6,651	4,248	-	-	-	206	6,651	4,454
Total revenue	總收入	-	-	6,651	4,248	-	-	-	206	6,651	4,454
Segment results	分類業績	(2,672)	(2,810)	(734)	(3,242)	(8,921)	(5,572)	-	-	(12,327)	(11,624)
Other revenue Other gains Provision for impairment loss on intangible assets	其他收入 其他收益 無形資產減值虧損 撥備	205 59	- 53 (26,557)	21 (11)	24 -	7 - -	2 -	2,825 - -	10,765 79 –	3,058 48 -	10,801 132 (26,557)
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Write down of obsolete	經損益按公平值入 賬之財務資產之 公平值虧損 滯銷存貨撇減	-	-	(2,870)	(436)	-	-		-	(2,870)	(436)
inventories Central administration costs Loss on disposal of		- -	(3,493) -	-	-	-	-	- (49,805)	- (79,235)	- (49,805)	(3,493) (79,235)
subsidiaries Finance costs	融資成本	- -	-	-	-	- -	-	(110) (32,115)	(25) (30,774)	(110) (32,115)	(25) (30,774)
Loss before taxation Taxation	除税前虧損税項	-	-	(119)	(102)	_	_	436	(1,562)	(94,121) 317	(141,211) (1,664)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損									(93,804)	(142,875)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment revenues and result (continued)

Revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales during the year.

Segment results represent the loss suffered by each segment without allocation of other revenue, other gain, other expense, fair value change on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, central administration costs, loss on disposal of subsidiaries, finance costs and taxation. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets by reportable segments:

6. 分類資料(續)

分類收入及業績(續)

以上報告之收入指來自外部客戶之收 入。年內並無分類間之銷售。

分類業績指各個分類所蒙受之虧損,但 未分配其他收入、其他收益、其他開 支、經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產之 公平值變動、中央行政成本、出售附屬 公司虧損、融資成本及税項。此乃向主 要營運決策者匯報之措施,旨在進行資 源分配及分類表現評估。

分類資產及負債

以下為本集團資產按可報告分類劃分之 分析:

		Iron ore exploration, exploitation and trading operations 鐵礦勘探、開採及		and fin	ancing	and inve	ty sales estment	Consolidation	
		頁 <i>易</i> 2017	營運 2016	投資及 2017	2016	物 美	喜及投資 2016	綜 2017	台 2016
		二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS Segment assets Unallocated corporate assets	資產 分類資產 未分配企業 資產	3,040	5,401	47,666	54,383	1,425,076	1,398,968	1,475,782 957,234	1,458,752
qssers	貝性							2,433,016	2,560,721
LIABILITIES Segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	負債 分類負債 未分配企業 負債	(6)	(11)	(1,270)	(3,091)	(329,516)	(292,000)	(330,792)	(295,102) (225,751)
наиниеѕ	共良							(557,950)	(520,853)

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the directors of the company monitor the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following basis:

All assets are allocated to reportable segments other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and unallocated corporate assets (mainly include property, plant and equipment, bank balances and cash that are used by the investment holding company and other receivables that are receivable by the investment holding companies).

All liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than convertible notes, deferred tax liabilities and unallocated corporate liabilities (mainly include other payables and accruals borne by the investment holding companies).

Other segment information

6. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

為評估分類表現及分類間分配資源之目的,本公司董事以下述基準監察應佔各可報告分類之業績、資產及負債:

所有資產均分配至可報告分類,除經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產及未分配企業資產(主要包括物業、廠房及設備、投資控股公司動用之銀行結餘及現金及投資控股公司應收之其他應收賬款)外。

所有負債均分配至可報告分類,除可換股票據、遞延税項負債及未分配企業負債(主要包括投資控股公司所承擔之其他應付賬款及應計費用)外。

其他分類資料

		Iron are ex	Continuing operations 持續經營業務 ron ore exploration,					Discont opera 已終止 Manufa	tions 業務 cturing				
		exploita	tion and	Investi	•	Property		pharma	ceutical				
		trading o 鐵礦勘探		finar	icing	invest	ment	prod	lucts	Unallo	cation	Consoli	idation
		貿易		投資及		物業銷售	,,,,,,,,	生產及釒	is mercan	未分		綜	
		2017 二零一七年	2016 - 零一六年	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016 - 零一六年	2017	2016 二零一六年	2017	2016 二零一六年
		ー专 ^一 でサ HK\$'000	—◆ ^一 ハサ HK\$'000	—专一七十 HK\$'000	ー令 ^一 ハサ HK\$'000	—专一七十 HK\$'000	ー令 ^一 ハサ HK\$'000	—专一七十 HK\$'000	—◆ ^一 八十 HK\$'000	—专一七十 HK\$'000	—◆ ^一 八十 HK\$'000	ー专 ^一 でサ HK\$'000	—令 ^一 八十 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to property, plant and equipment	增添物業、廠房及設備	_	4	207	382	6,791	_		-	82	2,307	7,080	2,693
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	(1,360)	(1,463)	(281)	(44)	(1,137)	(348)	-	(1,114)	(1,776)	(577)	(4,554)	(3,546)
Provision for impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets	物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損撥備 無形資產攤銷	(761) -	- (6,170)		-		-	-	-		(4,156) –	(761) -	(4,156) (6,170)
Amortisation of prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項攤銷	-	-		-		-	-	(25)		-	-	(25)
Provision for impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產之減值 虧損撥備	-	(26,557)		-		-	-	-		-	_	(26,557)
Write down of obsolete Inventories	s 滞銷存貨撒減	-	(3,493)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,493)

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Geographical information

The Group operates in three principal geographical areas – the PRC, Hong Kong and Indonesia.

The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below:

6. 分類資料(續)

地區資料

本集團在三個主要地區經營-中國、香 港及印尼。

本集團來自外部客戶之收入及有關其非 流動資產(按地理位置劃分)之資料詳述 如下:

Information about major customers

During the year ended 31 March 2017, Customer A and Customer B contributed approximately HK\$3,264,000 and HK\$2,817,000 respectively (2016: Nil). Both Customer A and Customer B were contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2017.

主要客戶資料

截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,客戶A及客戶B分別貢獻約3,264,000港元及2,817,000港元(二零一六年:零)。截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度,客戶A及客戶B均佔本集團總收入10%以上。

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7. REVENUE, NET

Revenue, which is stated net of value added tax and other sales taxes and returns, represents amounts invoiced to customers for securities investment and money lending during the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

An analysis of the Group's turnover for the year is as follows:

7. 收入,淨額

收入以扣除增值税及其他銷售税及退貨 後淨額列賬,指截至二零一七年及二零 一六年三月三十一日止年度內證券投資 及放債業務向客戶發出發票之金額。

本集團於本年度之收益分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Securities investment, net Proceeds on sales Less: Cost of sales	持續經營業務 證券投資,淨額 銷售所得款項 減:銷售成本	Ξ	24,682 (24,376)
Loan interest income Other	貸款利息收入 其他	- 6,651 - 6,651	306 3,942 206 4,454

8. OTHER REVENUE

8. 其他收入

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Interest income on bank deposits	持續經營業務 銀行存款利息收入	2,809	1,112
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	經損益按公平值入賬之 財務資產之股息收入	21	24
Other precious metal trading, net Sundry	其他貴金屬貿易淨額 雜項	228	9,440 225
		3,058	10,801

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9. OTHER GAINS

9. 其他收益

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Exchange gains, net Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	持續經營業務 匯兑收益,淨額 出售物業、廠房及設備收益, 淨額	-	132
	73 84	48	132

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 融資成本

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations Interest on convertible notes/bonds	持續經營業務 可換股票據/債券利息	32,115	30,774

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II. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

11. 除税前虧損

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group's loss before taxation from continuing operations is carried at after charging:	本集團之持續經營業務除税前 虧損乃於扣除下列各項後 達致:		
Directors' remuneration (note 12) Other staff costs Share-based payment expenses Other staff's retirement benefits scheme contributions	董事酬金(附註12) 其他員工成本 以股份支付開支 其他員工之退休福利計劃供款	26,269 10,094 10,920 585	33,237 3,732 4,924
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	47,868	42,114
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Provision for impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets	物業、廠房及設備折舊 物業、廠房及設備減值 虧損撥備 無形資產攤銷	4,554 761 -	3,546 4,156 6,170
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷總額	5,315	13,872
Auditors' remuneration – audit services – non-audit services	核數師酬金 一核數服務 一非核數服務	900 191	960 309
		1,091	1,269
Minimum lease payments under operating leases Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange loss, net	經營租約下之最低租金付款 經損益按公平值入賬之財務 資產之公平值虧損 匯兑虧損,淨額	3,552 2,870 285	4,856 436 —

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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors were as

已付或應付每位董事之酬金如下:

		董事 2017	ors' fees 袍金 2016 二零一六年	other l	es and penefits 其他福利 2016 二零一六年	購 2017	options 殳權 2016 二零一六年	benefits contril 退休福利 2017		總 2017	tal 額 2016 二零一六年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:										
Mr. Huang Yillin (note i)	黄逸林先生 <i>(附註i)</i>	384	384		313	4,599	8,207		_	4,983	8,904
Mr. Lin Chengdong (note ii)	林誠東先生 <i>(附註ii)</i>	_	241	_	-	_	5,715	_	-	_	5,965
Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith	陳詩賢先生	384	384	_	-	4,599	8,207	18	18	5,001	8,609
Mr. Mo Tsz Yuk (note iii)	武子鈺先生 <i>(附註iii)</i>	-	241	-	-	-	8,207	-	П	-	8,459
Mr. Wu Hongquan (Chairman)	吳宏權先生 <i>(主席)</i>										
(note iv)	(附註iv)	384	252	-	-	4,599	-	-	-	4,983	252
Ms. Li Yali (note v)	李亞利女士(<i>附註v)</i>	384	144	-	-	4,599	-	-	-	4,983	144
Mr. Zhang Zhensheng (note vi)	張振生先生 <i>(附註vi)</i>	384	141	-	-	4,599	-	-	-	4,983	141
		1,920	1,787	-	313	22,995	30,336	18	29	24,933	32,465
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:										
Mr. Zhang Xianlin	張憲林先生	156	156	_	_	434	152	_	_	590	308
Mr. Kwok Hong Yee, Jesse	郭匡義先生	156	156	_	_	434	152	_	_	590	308
Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory (note vii)	何俊傑先生(<i>附註vii</i>)	78	156	_	_	_	-		_	78	156
Mr. Ng Ping Yiu (note viii)	伍炳耀先生 <i>(附註viii)</i>	78	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	_
		468	468	-	-	868	304	-	-	1,336	772
		2,388	2,255	-	313	23,863	30,640	18	29	26,269	33,237

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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Huang Yillin was resigned as the Chairman of the Company on 19 November 2015.
- (ii) Mr. Lin Chengdong was resigned on 16 November 2015.
- (iii) Mr. Mo Tsz Yuk was resigned on 16 November 2015.
- (iv) Mr. Wu Hongquan as appointed on 5 August 2015 and was appointed as the chairman of the Company on 19 November 2015.
- (v) Ms. Li Yali was appointed 16 November 2015.
- (vi) Mr. Zhang Zhensheng was appointed 19 November 2015.
- (vii) Mr. Ho Chun Kit, Gregory was resigned on 1 October 2016.
- (viii) Mr. Ng Ping Yiu was appointed on 1 October 2016.

During the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, no remunerations were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Continuing operations

(a) Five highest paid individuals

The aggregate emoluments of the five highest paid individuals for the year included 5 (2016: 4) executive directors of the Company, whose emoluments are included in note 12 above.

12. 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) 黃逸林先生已於二零一五年十一月十九日辭 任本公司主席。
- (ii) 林誠東先生已於二零一五年十一月十六日辭任。
- (iii) 武子鈺先生已於二零一五年十一月十六日辭任。
- (iv) 吳宏權先生於二零一五年八月五日獲委任, 並於二零一五年十一月十九日獲委任為本公司主席。
- (v) 李亞利女士於二零一五年十一月十六日獲委任。
- (vi) 張振生先生於二零一五年十一月十九日獲委任。
- (vii) 何俊傑先生已於二零一六年十月一日辭任。
- (viii) 伍炳耀先生於二零一六年十月一日獲委任。

於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團概無支付予董 事酬金作為彼等加入或於加入本集團時 之獎金或離職補償。於截至二零一七年 及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,概 無董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬。

13. 僱員酬金

持續經營業務

(a) 五名最高薪人士

本年度五名最高薪人士之酬金總額包括本公司5名(二零一六年:4名)執行董事,其酬金詳情載於上文附註12。

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme contributions	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	- -	917 18
		_	935

Their emoluments were all within HK\$1,000,000.

During both years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

彼等之酬金均在1,000,000港元以內。

於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三 月三十一日止兩個年度,本集團概 無支付予五名最高薪人士酬金作為 彼等加入或於加入本集團時之獎金 或離職補償。

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13. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Continuing operations (continued)

(b) Senior management of the Group

The emoluments of the non-Directors senior management included in abovementioned five highest paid individuals of the Group are within the following bands:

13. 僱員酬金(續)

持續經營業務(續)

(b) 本集團之高級管理層

本集團非董事之高級管理層(載於 上文五名最高薪人士)之酬金屬以 下組別:

During both years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the senior management as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三 月三十一日止兩個年度,本集團概 無支付予高級管理層酬金作為彼等 加入或於加入本集團時之獎金或離 職補償。

14. TAXATION

Continuing operations

14. 税項

持續經營業務

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax: - Hong Kong Profits Tax - PRC Enterprise Income Tax - Indonesia Corporate Income Tax Over-provision in prior years	即期税項: 一香港利得税 一中國企業所得税 一印尼企業所得税 過往年度超額撥備	119 - - (436)	1,658 6 - -
(Credit)/Charge for the year	本年度(抵免)/開支	(317)	1,664

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit arising in Hong Kong during the year.

Subsidiaries in Indonesia are subjected to Corporate Income Tax at 25% for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

Subsidiaries in the PRC are subjected to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax at 25% for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

香港利得税已按於本年度在香港產生之估計應課税溢利之税率16.5%(二零一六年:16.5%)撥備。

截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度,印尼之附屬公司須按 25%繳付企業所得税。

截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度,中國之附屬公司須按 25%繳付中國企業所得稅。

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14. TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Continuing operations (continued)

No provision for Indonesia Corporate Income Tax and the PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been made in the consolidated financial statements respectively as the Group incurred taxation losses in Indonesia and the PRC for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

In accordance to the tax assessment of Inland Revenue Department of tax losses of approximately HK\$49,407,000 (2016: HK\$64,187,000) can be carried forward to offset the future taxable profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of the future profit stream.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation per consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

14. 税項(續)

持續經營業務(續)

截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度,由於本集團於印尼及 中國錄得税項虧損,故並未於綜合財務 報表中就印尼企業所得税及中國企業所 得税計提撥備。

根據税務局之税項評估,約49,407,000港元(二零一六年:64,187,000港元)之 税項虧損可結轉以抵銷日後之應課税溢 利。由於日後收益來源之不可預測性, 故並無確認遞延税項資產。

本年度之税項開支可與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表之除税前虧損對賬如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		
(from continuing operations)	(來自持續經營業務)	94,121	141,211
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (2016:16.5%)	按香港利得税税率16.5% (二零一六年:16.5%)	15,530	23,330
Tax effect of share of result of an associate	分佔一間聯營公司 業績之稅務影響	(210)	(183)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	就税項而言不獲扣税 開支之税項影響	(1,307)	(29,003)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	就税項而言毋須課税 收入之税項影響	509	3,402
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未獲確認之税項 虧損之税項影響	(16,033)	(12,429)
Utilisation of tax losses previous not recognised Over-provision in prior years	動用先前未獲確認之税項虧損 過往年度超額撥備	- 436	(814)
Tax effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	在其他司法轄區經營之附屬 公司不同税率之稅務影響	1,392	14,033
Tax credit/(charge) for the year	本年度税項抵免/(開支)	317	(1,664)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

15. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 9 April 2015, the Company entered into the Sales and Purchase Agreement (the "Sales and Purchase Agreement") that manufacturing and sales of pharmaceutical products operations were discontinued following the disposal of Billion Source Investments Limited ("Billion Source"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and its subsidiaries (collectively known as the "Billion Source Group"), which carried out all of the Group's manufacturing and sale of pharmaceutical product operations.

For the year ended 31 March 2015, the results and cash flows of the Billion Source Group are treated as discontinued operations.

Analysis of profit for the year from discontinued operations

15. 已終止業務

於二零一五年四月九日,本公司訂立 買賣協議(「買賣協議」)以於出售本 公司間接全資附屬公司Billion Source Investments Limited(「Billion Source」)及 其附屬公司(統稱為「Billion Source集 團」)後終止生產及銷售藥品業務,有關 公司乃營運本集團所有生產及銷售藥品 業務。

截至二零一五年三月三十一日止年度, Billion Source集團之業績及現金流量被 視為已終止業務。

本年度來自已終止業務之溢利分析

		2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	635 (628)
Gross profit Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses Finance costs	毛利 分銷及銷售費用 行政開支 融資成本	7 (387) (3,225) (777)
Loss before taxation Taxation	除税前虧損 税項	(4,382)
Gain on disposal of operation (note 34(i))	出售經營業務之收益 <i>(附註34(i))</i>	(4,382) 54,493
Profit for the year from discounted operations	本年度來自已終止業務之溢利	50,111
Profit for the year from discontinued operations attributable to:	應佔本年度來自已 終止業務之溢利:	
Owners of the Company	於正耒份之溢刊 · 本公司擁有人	50,111

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

15. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

Analysis of profit for the year from discontinued operations (continued)

15. 已終止業務(續)

本年度來自已終止業務之溢利分析 (續)

> 2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000

> > (835)

		十港兀
Profit before taxation: The Group's profit before taxation from discontinued	除税前溢利: 本集團之已終止業務除税前溢利乃	
operations are carried at after charging: Staff costs	於扣除下列各項後達致: 員工成本 	627
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	1,114
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項攤銷	25
Total depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷總額	1,139
Cash flows from discontinued operations:	來自已終止業務之現金流量:	
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生現金淨額	7,908
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額	(5,914)
Net cash increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值物現金淨額增加	1,994
Effect of foreign exchange rate exchanges	外匯匯率變動影響	(2,829)

現金流出淨額

Net cash outflow

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

16. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

16. 分類為持作出售資產

		Notes 附註	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposit for acquisition of equity interest Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Bank balances and cash	收購股權之按金 預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款 銀行結餘及現金	24 24 26	48,109 16,237 1,321
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售之資產		65,667

Notes:

Disposal Group Held for Sale

- (i) On 31 March 2016, the Group entered into a disposal agreement with a purchaser to dispose of the entire registered capital of Shenzhen Shi Longxinchang Industrial Company Limited* (深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司) (Longxinchang), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, investment consultancy services at a consideration of approximately HK\$16,358,000. The carrying amount of related assets and liabilities are carried at the lower of carrying amount and their fair value less costs to sell and, accordingly, no impairment loss was recognised. The disposal was completed on 25 April 2016.
- (ii) In April 2016, the Group entered into a disposal agreement with a purchaser to dispose of the entire registered capital of 深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, at a consideration of approximately HK\$49,313,000. The carrying amount of related assets and liabilities are carried at lower of carrying amount and their fair value less costs to sell and, accordingly, no impairment loss was recognised. The disposal was completed on 25 April 2016.

Note:

* The English name for identification only.

附註:

持作出售之出售組別

- (i) 於二零一六年三月三十一日,本集團與一名 買方訂立出售協議,以出售本公司之全資附 屬公司深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司(「隆 欣昌」,從事投資諮詢服務)之全部註冊資 本,代價約為16,358,000港元。相關資產及負 債之賬面值按賬面值及其公平值減出售成本 之較低者列賬,因此,概無確認減值虧損。 出售事項於二零一六年四月二十五日完成。
- (ii) 於二零一六年四月,本集團與一名買方訂立 出售協議,以出售本公司之全資附屬公司深 圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司之全部註冊資 本,代價約為49,313,000港元。相關資產及負 債之賬面值按賬面值及其公平值減出售成本 之較低者列賬,因此,概無確認減值虧損。 出售事項於二零一六年四月二十五日完成。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

17. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY FOR THE YEAR

From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

17. 本年度本公司擁有人應佔每 股虧損

來自持續經營業務及已終止業務 本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損乃根據 以下數據計算:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss Loss for the year from continuing operations for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	虧損 本公司擁有人應佔本年度來自 持續經營業務虧損	(92,794)	(126,316)
Profit for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度來自 已終止業務溢利	(92,794)	50,111
		(72,774)	(70,203)
		2017 二零一七年 '000 Shares 千股	2016 二零一六年 '000 Shares 千股
Number of shares Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share (note)	股份數目 用作計算每股基本盈利之股份 加權平均數(<i>附註</i>)	5,343,690	4,187,939

Note:

The basic and diluted loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations are the same for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, as the effect of the share options and convertible notes would be anti–dilutive and were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share.

附註:

由於購股權及可換股票據均具反攤薄作用且其不包括在每股攤薄虧損之計算中,故此截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之來自持續經營業務及已終止業務之每股基本及攤薄虧損相同。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

17. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY FOR THE YEAR (CONTINUED)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic loss per share from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

17. 本年度本公司擁有人應佔每 股虧損(續)

來自持續經營業務

本公司擁有人應佔來自持續經營業務之 每股基本虧損乃基於以下數據進行計 算:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度來 自持續經營業務虧損	(92,794)	(126,316)

The basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations are the same for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, as the effect of the share options and convertible notes would be anti-dilutive and were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share.

From discontinued operation

For the year ended 31 March 2016, basic loss per share from discontinued operations is HK\$0.012 per share, based on the loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$50,111,000. The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings/loss per share.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares of 4,205,402,000 for the purpose of diluted earnings per share for the year ended 31 March 2016 was derived from the adjustment in relation to potential dilutive share options and convertible notes/bonds issued by the Company of 12,956,000 shares and 4,507,000 shares respectively.

由於購股權及可換股票據均具反攤薄作用且其不包括在每股攤薄虧損之計算中,故此截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度之來自持續經營業務之每股基本及攤薄虧損相同。

來自已終止業務

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,來自已終止業務之每股基本虧損為每股 0.012港元,基於本公司擁有人應佔已終 止業務之年度虧損約50,111,000港元。 所用分母與上文詳述用作計算每股基本 及攤薄盈利/虧損者相同。

用以計算截至二零一六年三月三十一日 止年度每股攤薄盈利之普通股加權平 均數 4,205,402,000 股乃分別來自就潛 在攤薄購股權及本公司發行之可換 股票據/債券之調整 12,956,000 股及 4.507,000股股份。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 裝置、像俬及 辦公室設備 HK\$000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$1000 千港元
Cost: At I April 2015 Acquisition of subsidiary (note 33) Additions Disposal of subsidiaries Written off Exchange realignment	成本: 於二零一五年四月一日 收購附屬公司(附註33) 增添 出售附屬公司 撤銷 匯兑調整	41,335 - - - - (1,654)	825 - 75 (121) - (32)	3,905 97 399 (365) (958) (169)	1,968 - 2,217 - - (209)	9,779 - 2 (136) (1,213) (347)	57,812 97 2,693 (622) (2,171) (2,411)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 Additions Disposals Exchange realignment At 31 March 2017	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 於二零一六年四月一日 增添 出售 匯兑調整 - 於二零一七年三月三十一日	39,681 - - (1,600) 38,081	747 1,515 (36) (132)	2,909 5,565 - (138) 8,336	3,976 - (245) (133) 3,598	8,085 - (224) (72) 7,789	55,398 7,080 (505) (2,075)
Accumulated depreciation and impairment: At I April 2015 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal of subsidiaries Eliminated on written off Impairment loss Exchange realignment	累計折舊及減值: 於二零一五年四月一日年內支附屬公司時撤銷 撤銷時對銷 減值虧損 匯兑調整	4,926 933 - - 4,156 (77)	259 151 (99) - - (5)	1,815 406 (252) (590) – (14)	772 793 - - - (16)	2,181 1,263 (18) (313) - (30)	9,953 3,546 (369) (903) 4,156 (142)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016 Charge for the year Impairment loss Eliminated on disposals Exchange realignment	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 於二零一六年四月一日 年內支部 減值虧損 出售時撤銷 匯兑調整 - 於二零一七年三月三十一日	9,938 1,161 - (642)	306 362 I (14) (14)	1,365 1,160 - - (44) 2,481	1,549 533 - (245) (90)	3,083 1,338 760 (224) (15)	16,241 4,554 761 (483) (805)
At 31 March 2017 Carrying amounts: At 31 March 2017 At 31 March 2016		27,624 29,743	1,453	5,855 1,544	1,747 1,851 2,427	4,942 2,847 5,002	20,268 39,630 39,157

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

19. 無形資產

		Exclusive right 獨家權利 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost: At April 2015, 31 March 2016, April 2016 and 31 March 2017	成本: 於二零一五年四月一日、二零一六年三月三十一日、 二零一六年四月一日及二零一七年三月三十一日	576,334
Accumulated amortisations and impairments: At I April 2015 Charge for the year Impairment loss recognised	累計攤銷及減值 : 於二零一五年四月一日 年內支出 已確認減值虧損	543,607 6,170 26,557
At 31 March 2016, 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	於二零一六年三月三十一日、二零一六年四月一日及 二零一七年三月三十一日	576,334
Carrying amounts: At 31 March 2017 At 31 March 2016	賬面值: 於二零一七年三月三十一日 於二零一六年三月三十一日	

Notes:

Exclusive right represents the Deed of Statement and Power of Attorney dated 12 September 2009 and made between PT. Indo Modern Mining Sejahtera ("Indo"), the holder of the operation license in the mining are located in Lumajang, East Java, Indonesia, and PT. Dampar Golden International ("PT. Dampar"), pursuant to which, Indo grants exclusive rights and authorities to PT. Dampar to manage and arrange all activities in the mining area on behalf of Indo.

Exclusive right is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful economic life. The useful economic life of the exclusive rights was estimated with reference to the validity of the operation license held by Indo. The operation license was valid for ten years from 21 July 2010 and the holder was entitled to apply for renewal for two times with a 10-year term each.

附註:

獨家權利指PT. Indo Modern Mining Sejahtera(「Indo」) (為位於印尼東爪哇省南彰縣開採之經營許可證 之持有人)與PT. Dampar Golden International(「PT. Dampar」)於二零零九年九月十二日訂立之聲明契約 及授權書,據此,Indo向PT. Dampar授出獨家權利 及權力以代表Indo管理及安排於礦區進行之所有活 動。

獨家權利乃於其估計可用經濟年期內以直線法攤銷。獨家權利之可用經濟年期乃參考由Indo所持經營許可證之有效性而進行估計。經營許可證之有效期由二零一零年七月二十一日起計為期十年,而持有人有權申請續期兩次,每次期限為十年。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Notes: (continued)

Amortisation was provided for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2014, the capitalised cost of the exclusive right was amortised over the remaining period of the licence as from 1 April 2014 to 20 July 2020.

During the year ended 31 March 2014, the Ministerial Regulation No. 1/2014 promulgated by the Indonesian Government with effect from 1 January 2014. According to the regulation, the Indonesian government stopped the export of unprocessed mineral products with a view to encouraging the upgrading of minerals through processing and refining before such minerals can be exported. To mitigate this negative effect, the Company entered into a purchase agreement to purchase equipment for the purpose of refining the iron sand to sponge iron of higher than 75% Fe employing the direct reduction method. For the details, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 24 January 2014 and 2 May 2014 respectively.

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the export restriction of iron sand still in force and the purity level of the iron sand did not meet the minimum requirement of Ministerial Regulation, and therefore the management had decided to stem the export of the iron sand and trading business.

The Group is required to assess any indication of impairment of the end of each reporting period. The Group has completed its annual impairment test for the exclusive right, due to the mining operation was affected by the regulation mentioned as above, amount of approximately HK\$26,557,000 impairment loss was recognised for the year ended 31 March 2016, as the recoverable amount is calculated to be lower than its carrying amount. The recoverable amount of the exclusive right was determined based on a value in use calculation which uses five years cashflow projection, and a discount rate of 20.42% per annum Cash flows beyond five year period had been extrapolated using a steady 3.49% per annum growth rate. As at 31 March 2016, the recoverable amount of the exclusive right is insignificant is referenced to valuation report issued by Peak Vision Appraisals Limited, independent qualified valuers, which the exclusive right has been measured based on the value in use calculation.

19. 無形資產(續)

附註:(續)

截至二零一五年及二零一四年三月三十一日止年度 已作出攤銷,獨家權利之資本化成本已就執照自二 零一四年四月一日至二零二零年七月二十日之餘下 期間作出攤銷。

於截至二零一四年三月三十一日止年度期間,印尼政府頒佈部門規例第1/2014號,自二零一四年一月一日起生效。根據該規例,印尼政府停止出口未加工礦產品,藉以鼓勵於有關礦產可被出口前透過加工及提煉升級礦產。為減輕此負面影響,本公司訂立購買協議以購買設備以使用直接還原鐵法將鐵砂提煉為鐵含量達75%以上之海綿鐵。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期分別為二零一四年一月二十四日及二零一四年五月二日之公佈。

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,鐵砂出口限 制仍然生效及鐵砂之純度未能符合部門規例之最低 要求,因此,管理層已決定阻止出口鐵砂貿易業 務。

本集團須於各報告期末評估任何減值跡象。本集團已完成其獨家權利之年度減值測試,由於採礦業務受到上述規例影響,故約26,557,000港元減值虧損已於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度確認,原因為可收回金額低於其賬面值。獨家權利之可收回金額乃根據使用價值計算(其利用五年現金流量預測)及每年20.42%貼現率而釐定。五年期間以外之現金流量以每年3.49%穩定增長率推算。於二零一六年三月三十一日,獨家權利之可收回金額微乎其微,乃經參考獨立合資格估值師澋鋒評估有限公司發出之估值報告計算,而獨家權利已根據使用價值計算方法予以計量。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

20. 於一間聯營公司之權益

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in an associate Unlisted outside Hong Kong at the beginning of the year Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive expenses during the year, net of dividends received At the end of the year	於一間聯營公司之投資之 成本 年初,香港境外非上市 年內,應佔收購後虧損及 其他全面開支, 扣除已收股息 於年底	456,313 (29,085) 427,228	462,309 (5,996) 456,313
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司之款項	11,789	4,167

- (a) Amount due from an associate is unsecured, interest-free and recoverable on demand.
- (b) On 6 May 2015, the Group acquired 15% equity interests in Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye Investment Development Company Limited* (深圳招商安業投資發展有限公司) ("Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye") through acquisition by a subsidiary. After the acquisition, Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye becomes available-for-sale investment of the Group. On 23 September 2015, the Group acquired 20% equity interests in Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye through acquisition by a subsidiary. After the acquisition, Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye becomes an associate of the Group.
- (c) The Group completed its annual impairment test for interest in an associate by comparing the recoverable amount of interest in an associate to its carrying amount as at 31 March 2017. The Group has engaged B.l. Appraisals Limited to carry out a valuation of the interest in an associate as at 31 March 2017 based on the value in use calculations. This valuation uses cash flow projections based on financial estimates covering a tenyear period, and a pre-tax discount rate of 8.33%. The value assigned to the above assumptions reflect past experience and are consistent with management plans for focusing operations in these markets. The management believes that the assumption is reasonable achievable.

- (a) 應收一間聯營公司之款項為無抵押、不計息及須於要求時償還。
- (b) 於二零一五年五月六日,本集團透過收購一間附屬公司收購深圳招商安業投資發展有限公司(「深圳招商安業」)15%股權。於收購後,深馬投資。於二零一五年九月二十三日,本集團透過收購一間附屬公收購深圳招商安業20%股權。於收購後,深圳招商安業成為本集團之聯營公司。

^{*} For identification purpose only

^{*} 僅供識別

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20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONTINUED)

Details of the Group's associate, which are held indirectly by the Company at the end of reporting period, are as follows:

20. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

本集團聯營公司(本公司於報告期末間接持有)之詳情如下:

Name of associate 聯營公司名稱	Form of business and structure 業務形式及架構	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/營運地點	Class of shares/registered capital held 持有之股份/註冊資本類別	Proportion of nominal value of paid capital/ registered capital held by the Group 本集團持有之已付資本/註冊資本面值之百分比	Proportion of voting power held 持有之 投票權百分比	Principal activity 主要業務
Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye 深圳招商安業	Incorporated 註冊成立	PRC 中國	Registered 已註冊	35.0%	35.0%	Property Development and operation 物業開發及營運

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate for the period from the date of acquisition to the year ended date for Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye was set out below which represents amounts shown in the respective financial statements of the associate prepared in accordance with HKFRSs. An associate is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

載於下文本集團之聯營公司由收購日期 起至深圳招商安業之年結日止期間之財 務資料概要,為有關聯營公司按香港財 務報告準則編製之各相關財務報表內所 示之金額。聯營公司在綜合財務報表內 以權益法列賬。

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current asset	流動資產	358,800	215,623
Non-current asset	非流動資產	289	465
Current liabilities	流動負債	377,705	233,602
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	-	-
Loss for the period	本期虧損	2,400	2,093

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表內 確認聯營公司權益之賬面值之對賬。

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20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (CONTINUED) 20. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 干港元
Net liabilities of the associate as at acquisition date Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye*	聯營公司於收購日期之 負債淨額 本集團於深圳招商安業之 擁有權權益百分比*	(15,723) 35%	(15,723) 35%
Cost of investment in associate Unlisted outside Hong Kong Goodwill Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive losses, net of dividends received	於聯營公司之投資之成本 香港境外非上市 商譽 應佔收購後虧損及 其他全面虧損, 扣除已收股息	(5,503) 467,812 (35,081)	(5,503) 467,812 (5,996)
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Shenzhen Zhaosheng Anye*	本集團於深圳招商安業之 權益之賬面值*	427,228	456,313

There is no commitment and contingent liabilities under an associate.

該聯營公司下並沒有任何承諾及或然負 債。

21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials Finished goods	原料 製成品	1	- 3,493
		-	3,493
Less: write down of obsolete inventories	減:撇減滯銷存貨	_	(3,493)
		_	-

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group has written off obsolete finished goods of approximately HK\$3,493,000.

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團已撇減滯銷製成品約3,493,000港元。

^{*} For identification purpose only

^{*} 僅供識別

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22. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

22. 發展中物業

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties under development	發展中物業	765,866	782,281

Properties under development related to the residential property construction held for sale located in Beibu District, Jinshitan, Jinzhou New District, Dalian, the PRC.

As at 31 March 2017, the balance included land use rights of approximately HK\$195,125,000 (2016: HK\$208,022,000). Upon completion of the construction, the land use rights would be transferred to property held for sale.

The Group's properties under development at their book values are analysed as follows:

發展中物業與位於中國大連金州新區金 石灘北部區持作出售之住宅物業建設有 關。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,結餘包括約195,125,000港元(二零一六年:208,022,000港元)之土地使用權。土地使用權將於竣工後轉撥至持作出售物業。

本集團發展中物業按其賬面值分析如 下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Located in the PRC, held on: Leases of between 10 to 50 years	在中國持有: 10至50年租約	765,866	782,281

23. LOAN RECEIVABLES

23. 應收貸款

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan receivables Interest receivables	應收貸款 應收利息	37,595 749	39,000 1,638
		38,344	40,638

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23. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Based on the loan commencement date set out in the relevant contracts, aging analysis of the Group's loan receivable as of each reporting date is as follows:

23. 應收貸款(續)

根據載於有關合約之貸款開始日期,本 集團應收貸款於各報告日期之賬齡分析 如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 180 days	零至180日	24,570	40,638
181 – 365 days	181至365日	13,774	

The Group's loan receivables, which arise from the money lending business in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The loan receivables were repaid in accordance with the terms of the loan agreements and all loan receivables are recoverable within one year.

All loan receivables are secured, bear interest and are receivable with fixed terms agreed with customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of the loan receivables. The aged analysis of the loan receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

本集團之應收貸款(來自於香港之放債業務)以港元計值。應收貸款根據貸款協議之條件償還,而所有應收貸款可於一年內收回。

所有應收貸款均為有抵押、計息及按與客戶協定之固定條款收回。於報告日期最高之信貸風險為應收貸款之賬面值。 未被個別認定或組合認定為已減值之應收貸款賬齡分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Neither past due nor impaired Less than 30 days past due	未逾期未減值 逾期不足30天	24,570 13,774	40,638 -
		38,344	40,638

As at 31 March 2017, the effective interest rates on the Group's loan receivables is approximately 12.4% (2016: 19.2%) per annum. Interest income of approximately HK\$6,651,000 (2016: HK\$3,942,000) has been recognised in revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the year and receivable on the date of repayment.

於二零一七年三月三十一日,本集團每年應收貸款之實際利率約12.4%(二零一六年:19.2%)。年內,利息收入約6,651,000港元(二零一六年:3,942,000港元)已於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內之收益確認且於還款日應收。

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24. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

24. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 賬款

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets: Deposit for acquisition of investment properties (note i)	非流動資產: 收購投資物業之按金(附註i)	361,011	598,092
Current assets: Deposit paid (note ii) Prepayments (note iii) Other receivables (note iv)	流動資產: 已付按金(附註ii) 預付款項(附註iii) 其他應收賬款(附註iv)	273,698 8,371 35,291 317,360	22,895 9,901 25,493 58,289

Notes:

- During the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, the Group has entered into sale and purchase agreements to acquire investment properties in the PRC. The amount represents the deposit paid to the vendors for acquisition of investment properties. Included in deposit for acquisition of investment properties, deposits paid of approximately HK\$282,040,000 was in relation to acquisition of three properties in PRC and the physical possession of the properties has been delivered to the Group. As at 31 March 2017, the title of the three properties was still in the course of registering under the name of the Group. Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 17 May 2017. Another approximately HK\$78,971,000 included in deposit for acquisition of investment properties was in relation to acquisition of properties in Beijing. Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 28 February 2017.
- (ii) As at 31 March 2017, other deposits paid were mainly comprised of two buildings naming right located in Shenzhen and a deposit paid for acquisition of investment properties of approximately HK\$20,274,000 and HK\$252,708,000. The related acquisition of investment properties was cancelled during the year ended 31 March 2017 and the amount of deposit paid of approximately HK\$252,708,000 will be fully recoverable. As of the date of this report, amount of approximately HK\$56,408,000 was subsequently received.
- (iii) As at 31 March 2017, prepayments were mainly comprised of prepayment of construction cost of properties under development.
- (iv) As at 31 March 2017, other receivables were mainly comprised of other tax recoverable in the PRC, payable to third party for a potential business co-operation and cash advanced to staff.

附註:

- (i) 於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十日止年度,本集團已就收購於中國之投資物業訂立買賣協議。該金額為收購投資物業之方方方之技金。於收購收資物業之按購於中國之三項物業相關,該等物業之實擁有權已交付予本集團。於二零一七年三月,該三項物業之業權仍處公司日期為二零一七年三月十七日之公佈。詳情載於本公司日期為二零一七年二月十七日之公佈。計算被於北京之物業相關。詳情載於本公司日期為二零一七年二月二十八日之公佈。
- (ii) 於二零一七年三月三十一日,其他已付按金主要包括兩幢位於深圳之樓宇命名權及收購投資物業之已付按金約20,274,000港元及252,708,000港元。投資物業之有關收購截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度已取消,約252,708,000港元之已付按金將全數收回。於本報告日期,已隨後收取約56,408,000港元。
- (iii) 於二零一七年三月三十一日,預付款項主要 包括發展中物業建築成本之預付款項。
- (iv) 於二零一七年三月三十一日,其他應收賬款 主要包括於中國之其他可收回税項、就潛在 業務合作應付第三方款項及墊付予員工之現

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25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

25. 經損益按公平值入賬之財務資產

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong at quoted bid price	於香港上市之股本證券, 按報價	7,762	10,632

Fair value are determined with reference to guoted market bid price.

公平值乃根據市場報價釐定。

26. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

As at 31 March 2017, the market rate on short-term bank deposits of approximately HK\$347,062,000 (2016: HK\$465,102,000), with average maturity of less than three months (2016: three months) range from 0.10% to 1.50% (2016: from 0.10% to 2.70%) per annum.

Cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

26. 銀行結餘及現金

於二零一七年三月三十一日,平均到期時間為三個月以下(二零一六年:三個月)之短期銀行存款約347,062,000港元(二零一六年:465,102,000港元)之市場年利率介乎0.10%至1.50%(二零一六年:介乎0.10%至2.70%)。

現金及現金等值物以下列貨幣計值:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB HK\$ Others	人民幣 港元 其他	29,728 433,528 770	22,454 482,222 809
		464,026	505,485

The remittance of cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB out of the PRC is subject to the foreign exchange control restrictions imposed by the government of the PRC.

As at 31 March 2016, bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$1,321,000 have been reclassified to assets classified as held for sale (for details, please refer to note 16).

自中國匯出以人民幣計值之現金及現金 等值項目須符合中國政府實施之外匯管 制限制。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,銀行結餘 及現金約1,321,000港元已重新分類至分 類為持作出售資產(有關詳情請參閱附 註16)。

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27. TRADE PAYABLES

27. 貿易應付賬款

		2017 二零一七年	2016 二零一六年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	39,560	8,676

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period, based on the contract date or invoice date:

於報告期末根據合約日期或發票日期之 貿易應付賬款賬齡分析如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 to 365 days Over 365 days	0至90日 91至180日 181至365日 超過365日	- 850 30,385 8,325	- 272 - 8,404
		39,560	8,676

The trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on terms of one year.

貿易應付賬款為免息,且一般須於一年 內結清。

28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

28. 其他應付賬款及應計費用

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Land value added tax payable Accruals Other payables (note i) Accrued interest on convertible notes/bonds	應付土地增值税 應計費用 其他應付賬款(附註i) 可換股票據/債券之應計利息	87,000 2,631 61,331 15,885	92,751 1,191 57,414 18,616
		166,847	169,972

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28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(i) As at 31 March 2017, other payables were mainly comprised of received from third party in the PRC for a potential business co-operation of approximately HK\$51,362,000 (2016: HK\$56,833,000).

28. 其他應付賬款及應計費用 (續)

附註:

(i) 於二零一七年三月三十一日,其他應付賬款 主要包括就潛在業務合作經營自中國第三方 收取之款項約51,362,000港元(二零一六年: 56,833,000港元)。

29. SHARE CAPITAL

29. 股本

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: Ordinary share of HK\$0.05 each, At I April 2015, 31 March 2016, I April 2016 and 31 March 2017	法定: 每股面值0.05港元之普通股, 於二零一五年四月一日、 二零一六年三月三十一日、 二零一六年四月一日及 二零一七年三月三十一日	10,000,000,000	2,500,000
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary share of HK\$0.25 each, At 1 April 2015 Conversion of convertible notes (Note a) Issue of ordinary shares upon exercise of share options (Note b) Placement of shares (Note c) Share subscription (Note d)	已發行及繳足: 每股面值0.25港元之普通股, 於二零一五年四月一日 轉換可換股票據(附註a) 行使購股權後發行普通股 (附註b) 配售股份(附註c) 認購股份(附註d)	2,779,390,000 860,000,000 34,300,000 340,000,000 1,330,000,000	694,848 215,000 8,575 85,000 332,500
At 31 March 2016, 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	於二零一六年三月三十一日、 二零一六年四月一日及 二零一七年三月三十一日	5,343,690,000	1,335,923

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29. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(a) On 8 May 2015, 19 May 2015, 22 May 2015 and 1 June 2015, the holders of the convertible notes converted convertible notes of HK\$79,800,000, HK\$102,600,000, HK\$19,000,000 and HK\$26,600,000 respectively into 210,000,000, 270,000,000, 50,000,000 and 70,000,000 ordinary shares at a conversion price of HK\$0.38.

On 25 November 2015, 3 December 2015 and 22 January 2016, the holders of the convertible bonds converted convertible bonds of HK\$79,200,000, HK\$37,440,000 and HK\$70,560,000 respectively into 110,000,000, 52,000,000 and 98,000,000 ordinary shares at a conversion price of HK\$0.72. The Company intends to utilise the net proceeds for the settlement of the outstanding balance of the consideration arising from previous acquisitions and other potential business opportunities including the real estate project.

- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company issued and allotted an aggregate of 8,000,000, 100,000 and 26,200,000 at a weighted average exercise price HK\$0.352, HK\$0.52 and HK\$0.395 per share respectively. For more details, please refer to Note 32.
- (c) On 6 May 2015, the Company entered into a placing agreement (the "Placing Agreement") to allot and issue a total of 340,000,000 new shares at a price of HK\$0.42 per share to not less than six independent places. The placing was completed on 22 May 2015. The Company intends to utilise the net proceeds for property investment business of the Group and general working capital of the Group.
- (d) On 16 November 2015, the holders of the share subscription subscribe of HK\$478,800,000 into 1,330,000,000 ordinary shares at a subscribed price of HK\$0.36. The Company intends to utilise the net proceeds as general working capital of the Group and the investment in natural gas business when opportunities arise.

29. 股本(續)

附註:

(a) 於二零一五年五月八日、二零一五年五月 十九日、二零一五年五月二十二日及二零 一五年六月一日・可換股票據持有人按轉換 價 0.38 港元將 79,800,000 港元、102,600,000 港元、19,000,000 港元及 26,600,000 港元的 可轉換票據分別轉換為 210,000,000股、 270,000,000股、50,000,000股及70,000,000股 普通股。

於二零一五年十一月二十五日、二零一五年十二月三日及二零一六年一月二十二日,可換股債券持有人按轉換價0.72港元將79,200,000港元、37,440,000港元及70,560,000港元的可轉換債券分別轉換為110,000,000股、52,000,000股及98,000,000股普通股。本公司擬動用所得款項淨額結清先前收購及其他潛在業務機會(包括房地產項目)產生的未償還代價結餘。

- (b) 截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本公司分別按加權平均行使價0.352港元、0.52港元及0.395港元,發行及配發了合共8,000,000股、100,000股及26,200,000股股份。有關詳情請參閱附註32。
- (c) 於二零一五年五月六日,本公司訂立一份配售協議(「配售協議」),據此按每股0.42港元的價格,向不少於六名獨立承配人配發及發行合共340,000,000股新股。是項配售已於二零一五年五月二十二日完成。本公司擬動用所得款項淨額撥作本集團的物業投資業務及本集團的一般營運資金。
- (d) 於二零一五年十一月十六日,股份認購權之 持有人以478,800,000港元認購I,330,000,000 股普通股,每股認購價0.36港元。本公司擬 動用所得款項淨額作本集團的一般營運資金 及於機會出現時投資天然氣業務。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

30. CONVERTIBLE NOTES

On 15 October 2014, 22 October 2014 and 29 October 2014. the Company issued convertible notes due on 15 October 2016, 22 October 2016 and 29 October 2016 with a principal amount of HK\$190,000,000, HK\$190,000,000 and HK\$228,000,000, which is intercomprising 12% coupon rate per annum respectively (the "2014 CN"). The convertible notes were issued for potential future investments, including real estate projects and the general working capital of the Group. The convertible notes are designated as fair value on initial recognition and are convertible into fully paid ordinary shares with a par value of HK\$0.25 each of the Company at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.38. The effective interest rate are ranging from 14.29% to 14.64%. The Company will redeem the convertible notes if the notes have not been converted on maturity date. The principal amount of convertible notes outstanding was approximately HK\$9,997,800 as at 31 March 2016. During the year ended 31 March 2017, outstanding convertible notes with principal amount of approximately HK\$9,997,800 were fully repaid upon maturity.

On 20 August 2015, the Company issued convertible bond due on 20 August 2018 with a principal amount of HK\$432,000,000, which is intercomprising 4% coupon rate per annum (the "2015 CB"). The convertible bonds were issued for potential future investments, including real estate projects and the general working capital of the Group. The convertible bonds are designated as fair value on initial recognition and are convertible into fully paid ordinary shares with a par value of HK\$0.25 each of the Company at an initial conversion price of HK\$0.72. The effective interest rate is 15.91%. The Company will redeem the convertible bonds if the bonds have not been converted on maturity date. The principal amount of convertible bonds outstanding was approximately HK\$244,800,000 as at 31 March 2017.

30. 可換股票據

於二零一四年十月十五日、二零一四 年十月二十二日及二零一四年十月 二十九日,本公司分別發行本金額為 190,000,000港元、190,000,000港元及 228,000,000港元,並於二零一六年十月 十五日、二零一六年十月二十二日及二 零一六年十月二十九日到期之票面利率 為每年12%之可換股票據(「2014年可換 股票據」)。可換股票據乃就包括房地產 項目在內之潛在日後投資及本集團一般 營運資金而發行。可換股票據乃於初步 確認時指定為公平值入賬,並可按0.38 港元之初步轉換價轉換為本公司每股面 值0.25港元之繳足普通股。實際利率介 乎於14.29%至14.64%。本公司將贖回可 換股票據,前提為該等票據於到期日未 獲兑換。於二零一六年三月三十一日, 尚未行使之可換股票據之本金額約為 9,997,800港元。於截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度,尚未行使之可換股票 據之本金額約為9.997.800港元,已於到 期時悉數支付。

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30. CONVERTIBLE NOTES (CONTINUED)

30. 可換股票據(續)

		2014 CN 2014年 可換股票據 HK\$'000 千港元	2015 CB 2015年 可換股債券 HK\$'000 千港元	想計 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity component	權益部分			
At I April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	7,209	_	7,209
Issue of convertible notes	發行可換股票據	_	119,993	119,993
Converted into shares during the year	年內轉換為股份	(6,879)	(47,432)	(54,311)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日			
V/ //	及二零一六年四月一日	330	72,561	72,891
Redemption of convertible notes during	於年內贖回可換股票據			
the year		(330)	_	(330)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	_	72,561	72,561
Liability component	負債部分			
At I April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	229,289	_	229,289
Issue of convertible notes	發行可換股票據	_	312,007	312,007
Converted into shares during the year	年內轉換為股份	(220,852)	(139,982)	(360,834)
Imputed interest expense charged	估算利息支出	5,870	24,904	30,774
Interest paid	已付利息	(4,661)	(8,481)	(13,142)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日			
20.0	及二零一六年四月一日	9,646	188,448	198,094
Redemption of convertible notes during	於年內贖回可換股票據	.,		,-,
the year		(9,998)	_	(9,998)
Imputed interest expense charged	估算利息支出	1,003	31,112	32,115
Interest paid	已付利息	(651)	(9,791)	(10,442)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日	_	209,769	209,769

The fair value of the convertible notes/bonds issued has been arrived on the basis of a valuation carried out on the date of issue by Peak Vision Appraisal Limited, independent professional valuers not connect with the Group. As at 31 March 2017, the fair value of the 2014 CN and 2015 CB were approximately of HK\$Nil and HK\$226,645,000 (2016: HK\$10,066,000 and HK\$208,576,000) respectively.

已發行可換股票據/債券之公平值乃根據與本集團並無關連之獨立專業估值師湯鋒評估有限公司於發行日期所進行之估值達致。於二零一七年三月三十一日,2014年可換股票據及2015年可換股債券之公平值分別約為零港元及226,645,000港元(二零一六年:10,066,000港元及208,576,000港元)。

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31. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The components of deferred tax liabilities recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

31. 遞延税項負債

於截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月 三十一日止年度內,於綜合財務狀況表 確認為遞延税項負債的組成部分及變動 如下:

			Fair value
			adjustments arising from acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 產生之 公平值調整 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax arising from: At April 2015	下 列各項所產生的遞延税項 : 於二零一五年四月一日		46,324
Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	從綜合全面收益表中扣除		(2,114)
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月三十一日及 二零一六年四月一日		44,210
Credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	計入綜合全面收益表		(2,741)
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月三十一日		41,469
		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延 税項負債淨額	41,469	44,210

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company's share options scheme adopted on 14 January 2002 (the "2002 Share Option Scheme") for the purposes of recognition of significant contribution of and for the provision of incentives to any directors, employees (whether full-time or part-time), consultants, customers, suppliers, agents, partners or advisors of or contractors to the Group or affiliates ("Eligible Persons"). On 12 July 2011, the Company had granted 140,500,000 share options to directors, employees and other affiliates under the 2002 Share Option Scheme.

The 2002 Share Option Scheme has been terminated on 9 August 2011 and a new share option scheme (the "2011 Share Option Scheme") was adopted by the Company on 9 August 2011.

The 2011 Share Option Scheme is adopted for the same purpose of the 2002 Share Option Scheme.

Under the terms of the 2011 Share Option Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may for a notional consideration of HK\$1 grant option to the Eligible Persons to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price no less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily auotations sheet on the date of offer of the option (which must be a business day); (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option. Options granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme must be taken up within 28 business days from the date on which the offer is made by returning a written acceptance of the offer signed by the Eligible Persons together with the payment of HK\$1 per option (the "Acceptance Conditions"). Options granted and accepted may be exercised at any time for 10 years commencing on the date on which an option is accepted in accordance with the Acceptance Conditions under the 2011 Share Option Scheme (the "Option Period"). Options granted under the Scheme will be exercisable in the Option Period notwithstanding that the scheme period of the 2011 Share Option Scheme does not prescribe any minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised and has not specified that the exercise of an option is subject to any performance target.

32. 購股權

本公司已於二零零二年一月十四日採納購股權計劃(「二零零二年購股權計劃」),旨在肯定本集團或聯屬公司之傾可董事、僱員(不論全職或兼職)之顧問,本任人世人大量,所於一個人。 一年七月十二日,本公司已根據之一。 一年七月十二日,本公司已根據之一。 一年七月十二日,本公司已根據之一。 一年七月十二日,本公司已根據之一。 一年七月十二日,華子公司已根據一十二日,本公司已根據一十二日,本公司已根據十十二日,本公司已根據十十二十四,

二零零二年購股權計劃已於二零一一年 八月九日終止,而本公司於二零一一年 八月九日採納一項新購股權計劃(「二零 一一年購股權計劃」)。

二零一一年購股權計劃乃按與二零零二 年購股權計劃之相同目的採納。

根據二零一一年購股權計劃之條款,本 公司董事會可以象徵式代價1港元向合 資格人士授出購股權,以不少於们提呈 購股權當日(必須為營業日)本公司股 份在聯交所每日報價表所示之收市價: (ii)緊接提呈購股權當日前五個營業日 股份在聯交所每日報價表所示之平均收 市價(以較高者為準)之價格認購本公司 股份。根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出 之購股權必須以交回合資格人士所簽署 之書面要約接納函件,連同按每份購股 權繳付1港元(「接納條件」)於進行要約 當日起計28個營業日內獲接納。獲授及 接納之購股權可根據二零一一年購股權 計劃按接納條件由接納購股權當日起計 十年內(「購股權期間」)隨時行使。根 據計劃授出之購股權須於購股權期間內 行使,儘管二零一一年購股權計劃並無 規定購股權於行使前之最短持有期,亦 無指定行使購股權須先達到任何表現目 標。

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32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the 2011 Share Option Scheme cannot exceed 10% (the "Limited") of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of adoption of the 2011 Share Option Scheme, excluding any options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the 2011 Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes.

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the total number of shares in issue from the time to time. Option will not be granted to any Eligible Persons if the exercise in full of all options, including any unexercised options and shares already issued under all previous option granted, would in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant enable that relevant Eligible Person to have shares exceeding 1% of the issued shares of the Company for the time being unless separate approval by the shareholders in general meeting is obtained.

2002 Share Option Scheme

As at 31 March 2016, the number of shares in respect of which share options remained outstanding under 2002 Share Option Scheme was 3,220,000, representing 0.060% of the shares of the Company in issue at 31 March 2016.

As at 31 March 2017, the number of shares in respect of which share options remained outstanding under 2002 Share Option Scheme was 3,220,000, representing 0.060% of the shares of the Company in issue at the reporting date.

32. 購股權(續)

根據二零一一年購股權計劃將授出之所 有購股權獲行使時可發行之股份數目最 多不可超過本公司於採納二零一一年購 股權計劃當日已發行股本之10%(不包 括根據二零一一年購股權計劃及任何其 他購股權計劃之條款已失效之任何購股 權)(「上限」)。

根據計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 授出之所有尚未行使之購股權在獲行使 時可予發行之股份數目,最多合共不得 超過不時已發行股份總數之30%。倘於 直至及包括該進一步授予之时期之12個 月期間全面行使全部購股權(包括任近 高大行使之購股權及根據所有過往授出 之購股權所發行之股份)導致任何份 格人士擁有本公司當時之已發行股份 過1%,則購股權將不會授予有關合資格 人士,除非已於股東大會上取得股東另 行批准,則屬例外。

二零零二年購股權計劃

於二零一六年三月三十一日,於二零零二年購股權計劃項下仍尚未行使之購股權涉及之股份數目為3,220,000股,佔本公司於二零一六年三月三十一日已發行股份之0.060%。

於二零一七年三月三十一日,於二零零二年購股權計劃項下仍尚未行使之購股權涉及之股份數目為3,220,000股,佔本公司於報告日期已發行股份之0,060%。

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32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2002 Share Option Scheme (continued)

During the year under review, the details and movements in the share options granted under 2002 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

32. 購股權(續)

二零零二年購股權計劃(續)

於回顧年度內,根據二零零二年購股權計劃授出購股權的詳情及變動載列如下:

				Number of share options 購股權數目						
	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期	exercise price per share 每股經調整 行使價	Outstanding at I April 2016 於二零一六年 四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效		Outstanding at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年 三月三十一日 尚未行使	
			(Note i) <i>(附註i)</i> HK\$ 港元							
Category I: Directors 類別一:董事	12 July 2011 二零一一年 七月十二日	12 July 2011 - 11 July 2021 二零一一年七月十二日至 二零二一年七月十一日	1.775	140,000	-	-	-	-	140,000	
Category 2: Employees 類別二:僱員	12 July 2011 二零一一年 七月十二日	12 July 2011 - 11 July 2021 二零一一年七月十二日至 二零二一年七月十一日	1.775	3,080,000	-	-	-	-	3,080,000	
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				3,220,000	-	-	-	-	3,220,000	
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$) 加権平均行使價(港元)				1.775	-	-	-	-	1.775	

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2002 Share Option Scheme (continued)

32. 購股權(續)

二零零二年購股權計劃(續)

						Number of s 購股	hare options 霍數目		
	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期	exercise price per share 每股經調整 行使價 (Note i) (附註i)	Outstanding at I April 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效		Outstanding at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Category I: Directors 類別一:董事	12 July 2011 二零一一年	12 July 2011 - 11 July 2021 二零一一年七月十二日至	HK\$ 港元 1.775	420,000	-	-	(280,000)	-	140,000
Category 2: Employees 類別二:僱員	七月十二日 12 July 2011 二零一一年 七月十二日	零二一年七月十一日 12 July 2011 - 11 July 2021 零一一年七月十二日至 零二一年七月十一日	1.775	3,080,000	-	-	-	-	3,080,000
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				3,580,000	-	-	(280,000)	-	3,220,000
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$) 加權平均行使價(港元)				1.775	-	-	1.775	-	1.775

Notes:

(i) The closing price of the Company's shares quoted on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant was HK\$0.071 (adjusted to HK\$1.775 upon capital reorganisation became effective on 3 June 2013). (i) 本公司股份於授出日期於聯交所所報之收市 價為0.071港元(於股本重組於二零一三年六 月三日生效後調整為1.775港元)。

附註:

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32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2002 Share Option Scheme (continued)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2011 were priced using the Trinomial model. The inputs into the model share option type.

32. 購股權(續)

二零零二年購股權計劃(續)

於截至二零一一年三月三十一日止年度 授出購股權之公平值乃使用三項式期權 定價模式定價。該模式購股權種類之輸 入值。

> 2002 Share Option Scheme 二零零二年購 股權計劃

Grant date share price

Exercise price

Adjusted exercisable price after Capital

Reorganisation
Expected volatility

Expected option life

Dividend yield

Risk-free interest rate

授出日期股價 行使價

於股本重組後之經調整行使價

預期波幅

預期購股權年期

股息率 無風險利率 HK\$0.07I港元 HK\$0.07I港元

HK\$1.775港元 78.743%

10 years年

2.796%

2011 Share Option Scheme

On 28 September 2016, 379,500,000 share options were granted to directors, employees and consultant under 2011 Share Option Scheme at an exercisable price of HK\$0.261 per share.

As at 31 March 2016, the number of shares in respect of which share options remained outstanding under 2011 Share Option Scheme was 139,800,000, representing 2.62% of the Shares of the Company in issue at the reporting date.

二零一一年購股權計劃

於二零一六年九月二十八日,本公司根據二零一一年購股權計劃按行使價每股0.261港元向董事、僱員及顧問授出379,500,000份購股權。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,就根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出而仍未行使之購股權涉及之股份數目為139,800,000股,佔本公司於報告日期已發行股份之2.62%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2011 Share Option Scheme (continued)

As at 31 March 2017, the number of shares in respect of which share options remained outstanding under 2011 Share Option Scheme was 504,300,000, representing 9.44% of the Shares of the Company in issue at the reporting date.

During the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, the details and movements in the share options granted under 2011 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

32. 購股權(續)

二零一一年購股權計劃(續)

於二零一七年三月三十一日,就根據二零一一年購股權計劃授出而仍未行使之購股權涉及之股份數目為504,300,000股,佔本公司於報告日期已發行股份之9.44%。

截至二零一七年及二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,根據二零一一年購股權計劃已授出之購股權之詳情及變動如下:

						Number of sh 購股權			
	Date of grant	Exercisable period	Exercise price per share	Outstanding at I April 2016 於二零一六年	Reclassification of categories during the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Outstanding at 31 March 2017 於二零一七年
	授出日期	行使期	每股 行使價 HK\$ 港元	四月一日 尚未行使	年內類別間 重新分類	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內失效	三月三十一日尚未行使
Category I: Directors 類別一:董事	26 August 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 August 2014 – 25 August 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	400,000	-	-	-	-	400,000
	3 October 2014 二零一四年十月三日	3 October 2014 – 2 October 2024 二零一四年十月三日至 二零二四年十月二日	0.520	2,000,000	-	-	-	-	2,000,000
	20 April 2015 二零一五年 四月二十日	20 April 2015 - 19 April 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	55,000,000	-	-	-	-	55,000,000
	28 September 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 September 2016 – 27 September 2026 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	=	=	275,000,000	-	=	275,000,000
Category 2: Employees 類別二:僱員	26 August 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 August 2014 – 25 August 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	1,200,000	-	-	=	=	1,200,000
	3 October 2014 二零一四年十月三日	3 October 2014 – 2 October 2024 二零一四年十月三日至二零二四年十月二日	0.520	45,400,000	=	-	=	=	45,400,000
	20 April 2015 二零一五年 四月二十日	20 April 2015 – 19 April 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	35,800,000	-	-	-	(15,000,000)	20,800,000
	28 September 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 September 2016 – 27 September 2026 三零一六年九月二十八日至 二零二六年九月二十七日	0.261	=	=	51,500,000	=	=	51,500,000
Category 3: Consultant 類別三:顧問	28 September 2016 二零一六年 九月二十八日	28 September 2016 – 27 September 2017 二零一六年九月二十八日至 二零一七年九月二十七日	0.261	-	-	53,000,000	-	-	53,000,000
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				139,800,000	-	379,500,000	-	(15,000,000)	504,300,000
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$) 加權平均行使價(港元)				0.437	-	0.261	-	0.395	0.306

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32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2011 Share Option Scheme (continued)

32. 購股權(續)

二零一一年購股權計劃(續)

						Number of sh 購股權			
	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercisable period 行使期	Exercise price per share 每股 行使價	Outstanding at I April 2015 於二零一五年 四月一日 尚未行使	Reclassification of categories during the year (Note i) 年內類別問 重新分類 (附註 i)	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Outstanding at 31 March 2016 於二零一六年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
	(文山 日 州	11 使刑	1) 使頂 HK\$ 港元	阿 木11萬	(AYAİI)	於十四位山	水牛內11 度	N+MXX	问 不11 度
Category I: Directors 類別一:董事	26 August 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 August 2014 – 25 August 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	1,200,000	(200,000)	=	(400,000)	(200,000)	400,000
	3 October 2014 二零一四年十月三日	3 October 2014 – 2 October 2024 二零一四年十月三日至二零二四年十月二日	0.520	20,000,000	(8,000,000)	-	-	(10,000,000)	2,000,000
	20 April 2015 二零一五年四月二十日	20 April 2015 – 19 April 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	-	(33,800,000)	100,800,000	(12,000,000)	-	55,000,000
Category 2:Employees 類別二:僱員	26 August 2014 二零一四年 八月二十六日	26 August 2014 – 25 August 2024 二零一四年八月二十六日至 二零二四年八月二十五日	0.352	8,600,000	200,000	=	(7,600,000)	=	1,200,000
	3 October 2014 二零一四年十月三日	3 October 2014 – 2 October 2024 二零一四年十月三日至 二零二四年十月二日	0.520	39,000,000	8,000,000	-	(100,000)	(1,500,000)	45,400,000
	20 April 2015 二零一五年四月二十日	20 April 2015 – 19 April 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	-	33,800,000	3,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	35,800,000
Category 3: Consultant 類別三:顧問	20 April 2015 二零一五年四月二十日	20 April 2015 – 19 April 2025 二零一五年四月二十日至 二零二五年四月十九日	0.395	-	-	13,200,000	(13,200,000)	-	-
Total for all categories 所有類別總計				68,800,000	-	117,000,000	(34,300,000)	(11,700,000)	139,800,000
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$) 加權平均行使價(港元)				0.496	-	0.395	0.385	0.517	0.437

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

32. SHARE OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2011 Share Option Scheme (continued)

Note:

- (i) Each of Mr. Lin and Mr. Mo resigned as a director of Asia Resources Holdings Limited on 16 November 2015, but Mr. Lin remained as director of certain subsidiaries of the Group during the year; Mr. Mo remained as director of certain subsidiaries of the Group till 17 March 2016. Therefore, their respective outstanding options have been reclassified under "Employees" category.
- (ii) For equity-settled share-based payments with parties other than employees, the Group has rebutted the presumption that the fair values of the services received can be estimated reliably. As in the opinion of the directors, the Group measured the services received from these parties and its fair value is approximate to the fair values of the share options granted using the trinomial option pricing model, at the date these parties rendered related services to the Group.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2017 were pricing using the Trinomial model. The inputs into the model were as follow:

32. 購股權(續)

二零一一年購股權計劃(續)

附註:

- (i) 林先生及武先生於二零一五年十一月十六日 辭任亞洲資源控股有限公司的董事,惟林先 生於年內留任本集團若干附屬公司之董事。 直至二零一六年三月十七日,武先生仍留任 本集團若干附屬公司之董事。因此,其各自 尚未行使購股權已重新分類至「僱員」類別。
- (ii) 就與訂約方(僱員除外)之股權結算以股份為 基礎之付款而言,本集團反駁已收取之服務 之公平值能可靠估計之假定。董事認為,於 該等訂約方向本集團提供相關服務之日期, 本集團計量自該等訂約方收取之服務及其公 平值與使用三項式期權定價模式授出之購股 權之公平值相若。

於截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度 授出購股權之公平值乃使用三項式期權 定價模式定價,該模式之輸入數值如 下:

		2011 Share Option Scheme Granted on 二零一一年購股權計劃授出日期			
		28 September 2016 於二零一六年 九月二十八日	20 April 2015 於二零一五年 四月二十日	3 October 2014 於二零一四年 十月三日	26 August 2014 於二零一四年 八月二十六日
Grant date share price	授出日期股價	HK\$0.255港元	HK\$0.395港元	HK\$0.520港元	HK\$0.345港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.261港元	HK\$0.395港元	HK\$0.520港元	HK\$0.352港元
Expected volatility	預期波幅	75.617%	73.37%	71.741%	71.09%
Expected option life	預期購股權年期	9.995 years年	I0 years年	I0 years年	I0 years年
Dividend yield	股息率	0%	0%	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	0.884%	1.4%	1.969%	1.919%

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

33. ACCUISITION OF SUBSIDARIES

(i) Acquisition of Longxinchang

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Longxinchang at a consideration of approximately HK\$16,613,000. Longxinchang is engaging in investment, provision of investment advisory, information advisory and investment management service and domestic trade. The acquisition has been completed on 23 October 2015. Please refer to announcement and circular dated 18 September 2015.

33. 收購附屬公司

(i) 收購隆欣昌

截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團收購隆欣昌100%已發行股本,代價約為16,613,000港元。隆欣昌從事投資、提供投資顧問服務、資訊顧問,以及投資管理服務和國內貿易。收購已於二零一五年十月二十三日完成。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零一五年九月十八日之公佈及通函。

HK\$'000 千港元

16.490

16,613

(16,613)

123

Fair value of the assets acquired and	ı
liabilities recognised at the date of	f
acquisition	

Prepayment and other receivable Bank balances and cash

Total identifiable net assets at fair value

Total consideration

method.

於收購日期所得資產及確認負債之公平值

預付款項及其他應收賬款 銀行結餘及現金

可識別資產淨值總額,按公平值

總代價

是項收購已採用收購法入賬。

Acquisition-related costs amounting to approximately HK\$165,000 have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as an expense in the period, within the "administrative expenses" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other

The acquisition has been accounted for using the acquisition

comprehensive income.

Net cash outflow from the acquisition Cash consideration paid

Bank balances and cash acquired

收購之現金流出淨額 已付現金代價 所獲銀行結餘及現金 收購相關成本為數約165,000港元已 從轉讓代價中撇除,並已在期內於 綜合損益及其他全面收益表「行政 開支」項目下確認為開支。

(16,613)

123

(16,490)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

33. ACCUISITION OF SUBSIDARIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Acquisition of Longxinchang (continued) Impact of acquisition on the results of Longxinchang

Included in the loss for the year is approximately of HK\$1,000 attributable to the additional business generated by Longxinchang. Longxinchang did not generate any revenue during the period.

Had these business combinations been effected at I April 2015, the revenue of the Group would have been approximately HK\$4,454,000, and the loss for the year from continuing operations would have been approximately HK\$142,874,000. The Directors consider these "pro-forma" numbers to represent an approximate measure of the performance of the combined group on an annualised basis and to provide a reference point for comparison in future periods.

(ii) Acquisition of 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司 at a consideration of approximately HK\$127,000. 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司 is inactive. The acquisition has been completed during the year.

The acquisition of 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司 did not constitute a business. In accordance with HKFRS 3, such acquisition did not give rise to goodwill.

33. 收購附屬公司(續)

(i) 收購隆欣昌(續)

收購對隆欣昌之業績造成之影響 本年度虧損中包括約1,000港元隆欣 昌之額外業務應佔之款項。隆欣昌 於期內並無產生任何收入。

倘此等業務合併於二零一五年四月 一日已生效,本集團之收入將約為 4,454,000港元,而本年度來自持續 經營業務的虧損將約為142,874,000 港元。董事認為,此等「備考」數字 代表對合併集團按年基準計算的表 現的概約計量及提供日後期間進行 的比較的參考點。

(ii) 收購北京恆通創展諮詢有限 公司

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團收購北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司全部已發行股本,代價為約127,000港元。北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司暫停業務。收購已於年內完成。

收購北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司並不 構成一項業務。根據香港財務報告準 則第3號,該收購不產生商譽。

		HK\$'000 千港元
Fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition	於收購日期所得資產及確認負債之公平值	
Property, plant and equipment Bank balances and cash	物業、廠房及設備 銀行結餘及現金	97 30
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計值之可識別資產淨值總額	127
Total consideration	總代價	(127)
Net cash outflow from the acquisition Cash consideration paid Bank balances and cash acquired	收購之現金流出淨額 已付現金代價 所獲銀行結餘及現金	(127) 30 (97)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

33. ACCUISITION OF SUBSIDARIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Acquisition of Guangzhou Shi An Ye

During the year ended 31 March 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Guangzhou Shi An Ye at a consideration of approximately HK\$12,737,000. Guangzhou Shi An Ye is engaging in general consultancy service. The acquisition has been completed on 4 May 2015.

33. 收購附屬公司(續)

(iii) 收購廣州市安業

於截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度,本集團收購廣州市安業全部已發行股本,代價為約12,737,000港元。廣州市安業從事綜合顧問服務。收購已於二零一五年五月四日完成。

		千港元
Fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities recognised at the date of acquisition	於收購日期所得資產及 確認負債之公平值	
Trade and other receivables Accruals and other payables Bank balances and cash	貿易及其他應收賬款 應計費用及其他應付賬款 銀行結餘及現金	12,758 (40) 19
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	按公平值計值之可識別資產淨值總額	12,737
Total consideration	總代價	(12,737)

The acquisition has been accounted for using acquisition method.

Acquisition-related costs amounting to approximately HK\$25,000 have been excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as an expense in the period, within the "administrative expenses" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Net cash outflow from the acquisition Cash consideration paid Bank balances and cash acquired 收購之現金流出淨額 已付現金代價 所獲銀行結餘及現金 是項收購已採用收購法入賬。

收購相關成本約25,000港元已從轉 讓代價中撇除,並已在期內於綜合 損益及其他全面收益表「行政開支」 項目下確認為開支。

> (12,737) 19

> > (12,718)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

33. ACCUISITION OF SUBSIDARIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Acquisition of Guangzhou Shi An Ye (continued)

Impact of acquisition on the results of Guangzhou Shi An Ye

Included in the loss for the year is approximately of HK\$1,000 attributable to the additional business generated by Guangzhou Shi An Ye. Guangzhou Shi An Ye did not generate any revenue during the period.

Had these business combinations been effected at I April 2015, the revenue of the Group would have been approximately HK\$4,454,000, and the loss for the year from continuing operations would have been approximately HK\$142,874,000. The Directors consider these "pro-forma" numbers to represent an approximate measure of the performance of the combined group on an annualised basis and to provide a reference point for comparison in future periods.

34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

(i) Disposal of Billion Source group

On 9 April 2015, the Group has entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with the purchaser Mr. Pan Guohua* (潘國華先生), an independent third party in respect of the sale 100% equity share of Billion Source Investments Limited (which has two subsidiaries company, Silver Epoch Investments Limited and Value Brilliant Investments Limited, investment holdings companies, and one indirect wholly owned subsidiary, Siping Ju Neng Medicine Industry Co, Ltd.* (四平巨能藥業 有限公司), a company engaged in manufacturing and sale of pharmaceutical products in the PRC) ("Billion Sourse group") at a consideration of RMB30,000,000. (For details, please refer to the announcements dated 15 April 2015 and 12 June 2015, and the circular dated on 18 May 2015). The disposal of the PRC pharmaceutical business was subsequently completed on 12 June 2015 and the consideration as determined on that date at approximately HK\$37,902,000.

33. 收購附屬公司(續)

(iii) 收購廣州市安業(續)

收購對廣州市安業之業績造成之影 響

本年度虧損中包括約1,000港元廣 州市安業之額外業務應佔之款項。 廣州市安業於期內並無產生任何收 入。

倘此等業務合併於二零一五年四月 一日已生效,本集團之收入將約為 4,454,000港元,而本年度來自持續 經營業務之虧損將約為142,874,000 港元。董事認為,此等「備考」數字 代表對合併集團按年基準計算的表 現的概約計量及提供日後期間進行 的比較的參考點。

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損

(i) 出售Billion Source集團

於二零一五年四月九日,本集團與 獨立第三方買方潘國華先生就出 售Billion Source Investments Limited (其擁有兩間從事投資控股的附 屬 公 司 Silver Epoch Investments Limited及Value Brilliant Investments Limited,並間接全資擁有在中國從 事藥品生產及銷售的附屬公司四平 巨能藥業有限公司)(「Billion Source 集團1)的全部股權訂立有條件買 賣協議,代價為人民幣30,000,000 元。(詳情請參閱日期為二零一五 年四月十五日及二零一五年六月 十二日之公佈及日期為二零一五年 五月十八日之通函)。出售中國藥 品業務隨後於二零一五年六月十二 日完成,而代價於該日釐定為約 37,902,000港元。

^{*} For identification purpose only

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34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Disposal of Billion Source group (continued)

The net assets of subsidiaries at the date of disposal were as follows:

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損(續)

(i) 出售Billion Source集團 (續)

於出售日期該等附屬公司之資產淨 值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of:	已收代價 已出售資產淨值:	37,902
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	(50,253)
Prepaid lease payment	預付租賃款項	(3,873)
Inventories	存貨	(1,545)
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	(15,376)
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	(1,577)
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	5,129
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	55,590
		25,997
Release of translation reserve	解除之匯兑儲備	28,496
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益	54,493
Satisfied by:	按下列方式支付:	
Cash	現金	37,902
Net cash inflow from disposal:	出售事項之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	37,902
Bank balances and cash disposal	已出售銀行結餘及現金	(1,577)
		36,325

For the period from 1 April 2015 to the date of disposal, the above subsidiaries were engaged in sales and manufacturing of pharmaceutical products in the PRC. The revenue contributed by the subsidiaries were approximately HK\$653,000 and loss of approximately HK\$4,382,000 has recognised in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2016.

由二零一五年四月一日起至出售日期止期間,上述附屬公司於中國從事銷售及製造藥品業務。該等附屬公司貢獻的收益約653,000港元及虧損約4,382,000港元已於本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的虧損內確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Disposal of High Legend group

In August 2015, the Group has disposed 100% equity share of High Legend International Limited (which has one subsidiary company 杭州港富餐飲管理有限公司, a company engaged in running a patisserie coffee shop in the PRC) ("High Legend group") at a consideration of RMB1,300,000. The disposal of the PRC coffee shop was subsequently completed on 13 August 2015 and the consideration as determined on that date at approximately HK\$1,572,000.

The net assets of subsidiaries at the date of disposal were as follows:

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損(續)

(ii) 出售宏駿國際集團

於二零一五年八月,本集團已出售宏駿國際有限公司(其擁有一間附屬公司杭州港富餐飲管理有限公司(一間於中國從事法式糕點咖啡店的公司))(「宏駿國際集團」)的全部股權,代價為人民幣I,300,000元。出售中國咖啡店其後於二零一五年八月十三日完成,代價於該日釐定為約I.572,000港元。

於出售日期該等附屬公司之資產淨值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of:	已收代價 已出售資產淨值:	1,572
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	(166)
Inventories Bank balances and cash	存貨 銀行結餘及現金	(14) (1,359)
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	5
		38
Release of translation reserve	解除之匯兑儲備	(88)
Loss in disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司虧損	(50)
Satisfied by:	按下列方式支付:	
Cash	現金	1,572
Net cash inflow from disposal:	出售事項之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	1,572
Bank balances and cash disposal	已出售銀行結餘及現金	(1,359)
		213

For the period from 1 April 2015 to the date of disposal, the above subsidiaries were engaged in running a patisserie coffee shop in the PRC. The revenue contributed by the subsidiaries were approximately HK\$123,000 and loss of approximately HK\$72,000 has recognised in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2016.

由二零一五年四月一日起至出售日期止期間,上述附屬公司在中國從事法式糕點咖啡店。該等附屬公司貢獻的收益約123,000港元及虧損約72,000港元已於本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的虧損內確認。

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34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Disposal of 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司

On 28 December 2015, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with the purchaser 北京四季會展有限公司, an independent third party in respect of the sale of 100% share equity of 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司 at a consideration of approximately HK\$120,000. 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司 is inactive in the PRC. The disposal of 北京恆通創展諮詢有限公司 was completed on 4 March 2016.

The net assets of subsidiary at the date of disposal were as follows:

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損(續)

(iii) 出售北京恆通創展諮詢有限 公司

於二零一五年十二月二十八日,本 集團與買方北京四季會展有限公司 (獨立第三方)就出售北京恆通創展 諮詢有限公司全部股權訂立一項買 賣協議,代價約為120,000港元。北 京恆通創展諮詢有限公司於中國暫 停業務。出售北京恆通創展諮詢有 限公司已於二零一六年三月四日完 成。

於出售日期該等附屬公司之資產淨 值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of:	已收代價 已出售資產淨值:	120
Property, plant and equipment Bank balances and cash	物業、廠房及設備 銀行結餘及現金	(87) (33)
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	出售附屬公司收益	_
Satisfied by: Cash	按下列方式支付: 現金	120
Net cash inflow from disposal: Cash consideration Bank balances and cash disposal	出售事項之現金流入淨額: 現金代價 已出售銀行結餘及現金	120 (33)
		87

For the period from 1 April 2015 to the date of disposal, the above subsidiary was inactive in the PRC. The revenue contributed by the subsidiary was approximately HK\$Nil and profit of approximately HK\$Nil has recognised in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2016.

由二零一五年四月一日起至出售日期止期間,上述附屬公司於中國暫停業務。附屬公司貢獻的收益約為零港元及溢利約零港元已於本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的虧損內確認。

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34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(iv) Disposal of 廣州市安業投資發展有限公司

On 18 January 2016, the Group has entered into a sale and purchase agreement with the purchaser 廣州市信安投資發展有限公司, an independent third party in respect of the sale of 100% share equity of Guangzhou Shi An Ye at a consideration of approximately HK\$12,027,000. Guangzhou Shi An Ye is majority engaging in business services in the PRC. The disposal of Guangzhou Shi An Ye was completed on 1 March 2016.

The net assets of subsidiary at the date of disposal were as follows:

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損(續)

(iv) 出售廣州市安業投資發展有 限公司

於二零一六年一月十八日,本集團 與買方廣州市信安投資發展有限公司(獨立第三方)就出售廣州市安業 之全部股權訂立買賣協議,代價約 為12,027,000港元。廣州市安業主 要在中國從事業務服務。出售廣州 市安業已於二零一六年三月一日完成。

於出售日期該等附屬公司之資產淨 值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of:	已收代價 已出售資產淨值:	12,027
Trade and other receivables Bank balances and cash	貿易及其他應收賬款 銀行結餘及現金	(11,906) (96)
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	出售附屬公司收益	25
Satisfied by: Cash	按下列方式支付: 現金	12,027
Net cash inflow from disposal: Cash consideration Bank balances and cash disposal	出售事項之現金流入淨額: 現金代價 已出售銀行結餘及現金	12,027 (96)
		11,931

For the period from I April 2015 to the date of disposal, the above subsidiary was engaged in general consultancy services in the PRC. The revenue contributed by the subsidiary was approximately HK\$Nil and loss of approximately HK\$1,000 has recognised in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2016.

由二零一五年四月一日起至出售日期止期間,上述附屬公司於中國從事綜合顧問服務。附屬公司貢獻的收益約零港元及虧損約1,000港元已於本集團截至二零一六年三月三十一日止年度的虧損內確認。

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34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(v) Disposal of 深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司

On 25 April 2016, the Group has disposed of the entire registered capital of Shenzhen Shi Longxinchang Industrial Company Limited* (深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, which is engaged in the PRC at consideration of RMB13,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$16,048,000).

The net assets of subsidiary at the date of disposal were as follows:

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損(續)

(v) 出售深圳市隆欣昌實業發展 有限公司

於二零一六年四月二十五日,本集團已出售深圳市隆欣昌實業發展有限公司(本公司一間於中國從事業務的全資附屬公司)的全部註冊資本,代價為人民幣13,600,000元(相當於約16,048,000港元)。

於出售日期該等附屬公司之資產淨 值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of:	已收代價 已出售資產淨值:	16,048
Prepayment .	預付款項	(15,930)
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	(119)
		(1)
Release from translation reserve	解除之匯兑儲備	(23)
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	出售附屬公司虧損	(24)
Satisfied by:	按下列方式支付:	
Cash	現金	I 6,048
Net cash inflow from disposal:	出售事項之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	16,048
Bank balances and cash disposal	已出售銀行結餘及現金	(119)
		15,929

For the period from 1 April 2016 to the date of disposal, the above subsidiary was engaged in general consultancy services in the PRC. The revenue contributed by the subsidiary was approximately HK\$Nil and loss of approximately HK\$1,000 has recognised in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2017.

由二零一六年四月一日起至出售日期止期間,上述附屬公司於中國從事一般顧問服務。該附屬公司貢獻的收益約零港元及虧損約1,000港元已於本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度的虧損內確認。

^{*} For identification purpose only

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34. GAIN/LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(vi) Disposal of 深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司

On 25 April 2016, the Group has disposed of its entire registered capital of 深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司, a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company, which is engaged in the PRC at consideration of RMB41,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$48,397,000).

The net assets of subsidiary at the date of disposal were as follows:

34. 出售附屬公司收益/虧損(續)

(vi) 出售深圳聚昌源實業發展有 限公司

於二零一六年四月二十五日,本集團已出售其於深圳聚昌源實業發展有限公司(本公司一間於中國從事業務的全資附屬公司)的全部註冊資本,代價為人民幣41,000,000元(相當於約48,397,000港元)。

於出售日期該等附屬公司之資產淨 值如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Consideration received Net assets disposed of:	已收代價 已出售資產淨值:	48,397
Prepayment Bank balances and cash	預付款項 銀行結餘及現金	(47,217)
Release from translation reserve	解除之匯兑儲備	2 (88)
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	出售附屬公司虧損	(86)
Satisfied by: Cash	按下列方式支付: 現金	48,397
Net cash inflow from disposal: Cash consideration Bank balances and cash disposal	出售事項之現金流入淨額: 現金代價 已出售銀行結餘及現金	48,397 (1,178)
		47,219

For the period from I April 2016 to the date of disposal, the above subsidiary was engaged in general consultancy services in the PRC. The revenue contributed by the subsidiary was approximately HK\$Nil and loss of approximately HK\$1,000 has recognised in the Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2017.

由二零一六年四月一日起至出售日期止期間,上述附屬公司於中國從事一般顧問服務。該附屬公司貢獻的收益約零港元及虧損約1,000港元已於本集團截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度的虧損內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

35. RESERVES

Details of the movements of the Group's reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 66.

Details of the movements of the Company's reserves are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

36. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessee

35. 儲備

本集團儲備變動詳情載於第66頁之綜合 權益變動表。

本公司儲備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註41。

36. 經營租約承擔

本集團作為承租人

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	一年以內 於第二至第五年	1,322	3,606
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(包括首尾兩年)	-	1,220
		1,322	4,826

Operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for certain of its premises. Leases are negotiated for an average term of 3 (2016: 3) years and rentals are fixed throughout the lease term.

經營租約付款指本集團就其若干物業之應付租金,租約議定為三年(二零一六年:三年)平均租期,而租期內之租金固定。

37. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following capital commitments:

37. 資本承擔

於報告期末,本集團有下列資本承擔:

	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contracted but not provided for: Acquisition of investment properties Property development expenditure 已訂約但未撥備: 收購投資物業 物業發展開支	190,407 61,035	65,296 –
	251,442	65,296

綜合財務報表附註

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38. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group's qualifying employees in Hong Kong participate in the Mandatory Provident Fund (the "MPF") in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustee. The Group and each of the employees make monthly mandatory contributions to the MPF scheme.

The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

The total expense recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of approximately HK\$603,000 (2016: HK\$221,000) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel during the year was as follows:

38. 退休福利計劃

本集團於香港之合資格僱員參與香港之強制性公積金(「強積金」)。強積金之資產與本集團之資產分開持有,由受託人控制之基金管理。本集團及每位僱員每月向強積金計劃強制供款。

中國附屬公司之僱員乃中國政府設立之國家管理退休福利計劃成員。中國附屬公司須向退休福利計劃繳付佔薪金若干百分比之供款,以作提供福利之資金。本集團對退休福利計劃之唯一責任為向計劃作出所需供款。

綜合全面收益表內確認之總開支為約603,000港元(二零一六年:221,000港元),乃本集團按計劃規則指定之比率應繳付該等計劃之供款。

39. 重要關連人士交易

本公司與其附屬公司(彼等乃本公司之關連人士)間之交易已於綜合時抵銷, 且並無於本附註披露。除該等綜合財務 報表其他章節所披露者外,本集團與其 他關連人士間之交易詳情披露如下。

主要管理人員之報酬

主要管理人員於年內之薪酬如下:

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits Retirement benefit scheme Share-based payment expenses	短期福利 退休福利計劃 以股份支付開支	2,388 18 23,863	284 92 30,640
		26,269	31,016

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40. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Group's material subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows.

40. 附屬公司詳情

於報告期末,本集團之主要附屬公司詳 情如下。

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of shares/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Fully paid share capital/ registered capital 繳足股本/ 註冊資本	value of pa		Principal activities 主要業務
Asia Financial Holdings (Hong Kong) Limited 亞洲金融集團(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	- -	100% 100%	Money lending 放債
Land Ace Limited 置宏有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$I I港元	-	100%	Gold trading 黃金貿易
Man Lee Management Limited 萬利管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Management services and securities trading 管理服務及證券貿易
PT. Dampar Golden International	Indonesia 印尼	Ordinary 普通股	US\$250,000 250,000美元	-	60% 60%	Refine and sell iron sand exploited 精煉及銷售已 開採之鐵砂
PT. Damper International Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$100 100美元	-	100%	Trading of iron sand 鐵砂貿易
Senco Investment Limited 誠豪投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 I港元	-	100%	Management services 管理服務
World Metro Investment Limited 和萬投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1 I港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
亞洲企業管理(深圳)有限公司 (note a) 亞洲企業管理(深圳)有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB60,000,000 人民幣60,000,000元	-	100% 100%	Investment holding 投資控股
置宏供應鍵管理(深圳)有限公司 (note a) 置宏供應鍵管理(深圳)有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB60,000,000 人民幣60,000,000元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

40. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

40. 附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of shares/registered capital held 所持股份/註冊資本類別	Fully paid share capital/ registered capital 繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion value of pa registere held by the 本公司持有之統 註冊資 Directly 直接	nid capital/ d capital e Company 数足股本面值/	Principal activities 主要業務
大連創和置地有限公司(note a) 大連創和置地有限公司(<i>附註a</i>)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	HK\$205,000,000 205,000,000港元	-	100%	Property development 物業發展
杭州名康貿易有限公司(note a) 杭州名康貿易有限公司(<i>附註a)</i>	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB15,000,000 人民幣15,000,000元	-	100%	Dormant 暫無營業
鴻源信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 (note a) 鴻源信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB3,000,000 人民幣3,000,000元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
汕尾市紅海灣亞洲實業發展有限公司(note a) 汕尾市紅海灣亞洲實業發展有限公司(附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	U\$\$2,000,000 2,000,000美元	-	100%	Dormant 暫無營業
晟奕信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 (note a) 晟奕信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB3,000,000 人民幣3,000,000元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
深圳鵬鴻昇實業發展有限公司 (note a) 深圳鵬鴻昇實業發展有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
深圳弘永潤實業發展有限公司 (note a) 深圳弘永潤實業發展有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資

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40. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

40. 附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of shares/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Fully paid share capital/ registered capital 繳足股本/ 註冊資本	value of parents registered held by the 本公司持有之統 註冊資		Principal activities 主要業務
深圳市鼎晟冠實業發展有限公司 (note a) 深圳市鼎晟冠實業發展有限公司 (附註a)	The PRC 中國	Registered 註冊	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	100%	Dormant 暫無營業
深圳交能投資咨詢有限公司 (note a)	The PRC	Registered	HK\$10,000,000	-	100%	Dormant
深圳交能投資咨詢有限公司 (附註a)	中國	註冊	10,000,000港元	-	100%	暫無營業
深圳威斯頓投資發展有限公司 (note a)	The PRC	Registered	RMB100,000	-	100%	Property investment
深圳威斯頓投資發展有限公司 (附註a)	中國	註冊	人民幣100,000元	-	100%	物業投資
亞洲國際基金(深圳)有限公司 (note a)	The PRC	Registered	RMB100,000,000	-	100%	Dormant
亞洲國際基金(深圳)有限公司 (附註a)	中國	註冊	人民幣100,000,000元	-	100%	暫無營業
亞洲國際融資租賃(深圳) 有限公司(note a)	The PRC	Registered	US\$30,000,000	-	100%	Dormant
亞洲國際融資租賃(深圳) 有限公司(附註a)	中國	註冊	30,000,000美元	-	100%	暫無營業
陝西和萬交通能源有限責任公司 (note a)	The PRC	Registered	HK\$100,000,000	-	100%	Dormant
陝西和萬交通能源有限責任公司 (附註a)	中國	註冊	100,000,000港元	-	100%	暫無營業

Note:

附註:

⁽a) The subsidiary was an indirectly wholly foreign owner enterprises established in the PRC.

⁽a) 該附屬公司為於中國成立之間接外商獨資企 業。

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40. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group, which in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the result or assets of the Group. To give the details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive lengths.

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

40. 附屬公司詳情(續)

於年末或年內任何時間,附屬公司概無 任何未償還之債務證券。

董事認為上表列出之本集團之附屬公司 對本集團之業績或資產有重要影響。董 事認為載列其他附屬公司之詳情會使篇 幅過於冗長。

下表載列本集團擁有重大非控股權益之 非全資附屬公司之詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/operation 註冊成立/經營地點	interest a rights hel controllin 非控股權益 擁有權權益 2017	g interest á所持有之		~ II	Accumula controlling 累 非控服 2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	g interests 計
PT. Damper Golden International	Indonesia 印尼	40	40	1,010	2,945	(9,147)	(8,168)

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

關於本集團各具有重大非控股權益之附屬公司之財務資料概要載列如下。以下財務資料概要表示集團內對銷前之金額。

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40. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

PT. Damper Golden International

40. 附屬公司詳情(續)

PT. Damper Golden International

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	612	1,565
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,188	4,045
Current liabilities	流動負債	25,667	26,030
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-	-
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(13,720)	(12,252)
Non-controlling interest	非控股權益	(9,147)	(8,168)

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40. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

PT. Damper Golden International (continued)

40. 附屬公司詳情(續)

PT. Damper Golden International (續)

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2016 二零一六年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收入	_	-
Expenses	開支	(2,525)	(7,125)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(2,525)	(7,125)
Loss attributable to the owners of the Company Loss attributable to non-controlling	本公司擁有人應佔虧損非控股權益應佔虧損	(1,525)	(4,180)
interest		(1,010)	(2,945)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(2,525)	(7,125)
Other comprehensive income attributable to the owners of the Company Other comprehensive income/(expense)	本公司擁有人應佔之 其他全面收益 非控股權益應佔之	46	53
attributable to non-controlling interest	其他全面收益/(開支)	31	(174)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	其他全面收益/(開支)	77	(121)
Total comprehensive expense attributable to the owners of the Company Total comprehensive expense attributable to	本公司擁有人應佔之 全面開支總額 非控股權益應佔之	(1,469)	(4,127)
non-controlling interest	全面開支總額	(979)	(3,119)
Total comprehensive expense	全面開支總額	(2,448)	(7,246)
Net cash outflow from operating activities Net cash inflow from	來自營運業務之 現金流出淨額 來自投資活動之	(118)	(438)
investing activities	現金流入淨額	59	54
Net cash outflow from financing activities	來自融資活動之 現金流出淨額	_	(78)
		(59)	(462)
			` /

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41. SUMMARISED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

Summarised statement of financial position information of the Company at the end of the reporting period includes:

41. 本公司之財務狀況表資料摘

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資料摘 要包括:

		2017	2016
		二零一七年	二零一六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之權益	106,500	106,500
		106,500	106,500
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及 其他應收賬款	60	707
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	111,172	1,277,341
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	1,036	8,476
		111,268	1,286,524
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	-	154
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	123,969	121,269
Other payables and accruals Convertible notes	其他應付賬款及應計費用 可換股票據	17,148	712,428 9,646
		141,117	843,497
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨值	(28,849)	443,027
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	77,651	549,527
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	1,335,923	1,335,923
Reserves	儲備	(1,468,041)	(974,844
		(132,118)	361,079
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Convertible notes	可換股票據	209,769	188,448
		77,651	549,527

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41. SUMMARISED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

> **Mr. Huang Yilin** 黃逸林先生 Director

> > 董事

41. 本公司之財務狀況表資料摘要(續)

財務報表已於二零一七年六月二十八日 經董事會批准並授權刊發,並由下列人 士代表簽署確定:

Mr. Chan Shi Yin, Keith 陳詩賢先生 Director

董事

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41. SUMMARISED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

41. 本公司之財務狀況表資料摘 要(續)

				onvertible		Share-base				
		Share	Share	notes	Capital	payment	Exchange		Accumulated	
		capital	premium	reserve 可換股	reserve	reserve 以股份	reserve	reserve	losses	Total
		股本	股份溢價	票據儲備	股本儲備	支付儲備	匯兑儲備	一般儲備	累計虧損	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At I April 2015	於二零一五年四月一日	694,848	1,188,237	7,210	198,350	31,900	27	180,030	(1,530,312)	770,290
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,550,371)	(1,550,371)
Total comprehensive expenses	本年度全面支出總額									
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,550,371)	(1,550,371)
Recognition of convertible note/bonds	確認可換股票據/									
into shares	債券轉換為股份	-	-	119,993	-	-	-	-	-	119,993
Conversion of convertible notes/bonds	可換股票據/									
into shares	債券轉換為股份	215,000	200,200	(54,312)	-	-	-	-	-	360,889
Lapse of share option	購股權失效	-	-	-	-	(10,255)	-	-	10,255	-
Equity settled share-based transactions	以權益結算以股份為									
	基礎之交易	-	-	-	-	35,564	-	-	-	35,564
Issue ordinary shares upon exercise	行使購股權後發行					(1.0.1.0.)				
of share options	普通股	8,575	4,642	-	-	(10,102)	-	-	-	3,115
Placing of shares	配售股份	85,000	57,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	142,800
Share subscription	股份認購	332,500	146,300	-	-	-	-	-	-	478,800
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	於二零一六年三月									
	三十一日及									
	二零一六年四月一日	1,335,923	1,597,179	72,891	198,350	47,107	27	180,030	(3,070,428)	361,079
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(527,980)	(527,980)
Total comprehensive expenses	本年度全面支出總額									
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(527,980)	(527,980)
Redemption of convertible notes	贖回可換股票據	-	-	(330)	-	-	-	-	330	-
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	-	-	-	(4,559)	-	-	4,559	-
Equity settled share-based transactions	以權益結算以股份為									
	基礎之交易	_	-	-	-	34,783	-	-	-	34,783
At 31 March 2017	於二零一七年三月									
	三十一日	1,335,923	1,597,179	72,561	198,350	77,331	27	180,030	(3,593,519)	(132,118)

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

42. DIVIDENDS

The directors did not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: Nil).

43. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

(a) On 19 April 2017, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Continental loy Limited (the "Continental loy"), entered into the agreement with Jiu Tai International Resources Company Limited ("Jiu Tai") in relation to the acquisition of 20% equity interests in a company (the "Target Company A") incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability which is principally engaged in general trading. The Target Company A is wholly-owned by Jiu Tai. The Target Company A owns 100% equity interest in Guangxi Subsidiary. Guangxi Subsidiary is principally engaged in production and sales of bottled water. Jiu Tai has agreed to sell, and Continental Joy has agreed to purchase, the shares of 20% equity interests in the Target Company A for an aggregate consideration of HK\$273,000,000, which shall be settled by promissory note issued by the Company. The relevant conditions precedent of the agreement have been fulfilled, completion took place on 25 April 2017. Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 19 April and 25 April 2017. On 14 June 2017, the promissory notes had been fully redeemed.

42. 股息

董事不建議派付截至二零一七年三月 三十一日止年度之任何股息(二零一六 年:無)。

43. 結算日後事項

(a) 於二零一十年四月十九日,本公 司全資附屬公司Continental lov Limited(「Continental loy」)與九台國 際能源股份有限公司(「九台」)就收 購一間公司(「目標公司A」)之20% 股權訂立協議,目標公司A為於香 港計冊成立之有限公司,主要從事 一般貿易。目標公司A由九台全資 擁有。目標公司A擁有廣西附屬公 司全部股權。廣西附屬公司主要從 事生產及銷售瓶裝水。九台已同意 出售,而Continental Joy已同意購買 目標公司A之20%股權股份,總代 價為273,000,000港元,應以本公司 發行之承兑票據償付。該協議之相 關先決條件已獲達成,於二零一七 年四月二十五日完成。詳情載於本 公司日期為二零一七年四月十九日 及四月二十五日之公佈。於二零 一七年六月十四日,該等承兑票據 已全數贖回。

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For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

43. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) On 27 April 2017, 鴻源信息咨詢 (深圳) 有限公司 ("Hongyuan"), being an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Disposal Agreement with the 深圳市安業創展投資發展有限公司 ("Shenzhen Shi Anye") in relation to the disposal of 深圳鵬鴻昇實業發展有限公司 ("Penghongsheng"), pursuant to which Hongyuan has agreed to sell and Shenzhen Shi Anye has agreed to purchase 60% equity interest in Penghongsheng and the Hongyuan has agreed to sell and to procure certain members of the Group to sell and Shenzhen Shi Anye has agreed to purchase the amounts owed by Penghonsheng to Hongyuan and certain members of the Group for the disposal consideration of RMB240,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$271,200,000). Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 27 April 2017.

On 6 June 2017, Hongyuan, entered into the Disposal Agreement with Shenzhen Shi Anye in relation to the disposal of 40% equity interest in Penghongsheng, pursuant to which Honyuan has conditionally agreed to sell and Shenzhen Shi Anye has conditionally agreed to purchase 40% equity interest in Penghongshend and Hongyuan has conditionally agreed to sell and to procure certain members of the Group to sell and Shenzhen Shi Anye has conditionally agreed to purchase the amounts owed by Penghonsheng to Hongyuan and certain members of the Group for the disposal consideration of RMB160,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$180,800,000). Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 6 June 2017.

(c) On 17 May 2017, 晟奕信息諮詢(深圳)有限公司("Shengyi") and 綜合信興鹽保物流(深圳)有限公司("ISH Yanbao") entered into the supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement to the 2014 Acquisition Agreement, the May 2015 Acquisition Agreement") to the 2014 Acquisition Agreement, the May 2015 Acquisition Agreement and the November 2015 Acquisition Agreement, pursuant to the timetables, progress, delay and any relevant terms in relation to the fact that ISH Yanbao shall register the title of the investment properties under the name of Shengyi. Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 17 May 2017.

43. 結算日後事項(續)

(b) 於二零一七年四月二十七日,本公 司間接全資附屬公司鴻源信息咨詢 (深圳)有限公司(「鴻源」)與深圳 市安業創展投資發展有限公司(「深 圳市安業」)就出售深圳鵬鴻昇實業 發展有限公司(「鵬鴻昇」)訂立出售 協議,根據該協議,鴻源已同意出 售,而深圳市安業已同意購買鵬鴻 昇之60%股權,且鴻源已同意出售 及促使本集團若干成員公司出售, 而深圳市安業已同意購買鵬鴻昇欠 付鴻源及本集團若干成員公司之金 額,出售代價為人民幣240,000,000 元(相等於約271,200,000港元)。詳 情載於本公司日期為二零一七年四 月二十七日之公佈。

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43. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) On 23 May 2017, Continental Joy entered into the Agreement with Mr. Lam Chun Ho ("Mr. Lam"), a merchant, in relation to the acquisition of 670 issued shares, representing 67% of the equity interests of Good Union (China) Limited ("Good Union"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability which is principally engaged in investment. Good Union is wholly-owned by Mr. Lam. Good Union owns 100% equity interest in Subsidiary A. Subsidiary A is principally engaged in, inter alia, environment and energy saving technology development and services. Subsidiary A in turn owns 100% equity interest in Subsidiary B. Subsidiary B is principally engaged in exploitation, production and sales of spring water. Mr. Lam has agreed to sell, and Continental Joy has agreed to purchase, the shares of 67% equity interests of Good Union for an aggregate consideration of HK\$244 million, which shall be settled by cash. The relevant conditions precedent of the agreement have been fulfilled, completion took place on 7 June 2017. Details of which are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 23 May 2017 and 7 June 2017.

Up to the date on the approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Directors are still assessing the fair values of Good Union and its subsidiaries' assets and liabilities to be recognised at the date of the acquisition of Good Union. The fair value assessment of goodwill, if any, of Good Union and its subsidiaries had not been finalized and thus, the recognition of Good Union and its subsidiaries' assets and liabilities may subject to change upon finalization of the valuation. The Directors expect the valuation will be finalized in 2017.

(e) On 29 June 2016, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with Ms. Hu Huifang (胡惠芳) and Ms. Shi Xiulan (石秀蘭), relating to the acquisition of 100% equity interest of Shaanxi Tiandi Zhongli Energy Development Company Limited (陝西天地眾力能源發展有限公司) ("Shaanxi Tiandi") at a consideration of RMB31,200,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$36,816,000). The acquisition of Shaanxi Tiandi has not yet completed as at 31 March 2017. Subsequently, the Group has served a termination notice to the vendors for, among other things, termination of the sale and purchase agreement on 26 May 2017. Details of which are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 29 May 2017.

44. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2017.

43. 結算日後事項(續)

(d) 於二零一七年五月二十三日, Continental Joy與商人林鎮豪先生 (「林先生」)就收購滙聯(中國)有 限公司(「滙聯」)670股已發行股份 (即該公司67%股權)訂立協議。滙 聯為於香港註冊成立之有限公司, 主要從事投資。滙聯由林先生全資 擁有。滙聯擁有附屬公司A之全部 股權。附屬公司A主要從事(其中包 括)環境及節能技術開發及服務。 附屬公司A擁有附屬公司B之全部股 權。附屬公司B主要從事開採、生 產及銷售礦泉水。林先生已同意出 售,而Continental Joy已同意購買滙 聯67%股權股份,總代價為244百萬 港元,以現金償付。該協議之相關 先決條件已獲達成,於二零一七年 六月七日完成。詳情載於本公司日 期為二零一十年五月二十三日及二 零一七年六月七日之公佈。

44. 授權刊發綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表乃於二零一七年六月 二十八日經董事會批准並授權刊發。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務摘要

For the year ended 31 March 2017 截至二零一七年三月三十一日止年度

			Year	ended 31 Ma	arch	
			截至三	月三十一日山	年度	
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
		二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元 —————
Results	業績					
Revenue	收入	111,957	18,189	(3,560)	4,454	6,651
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(199,320)	(349,981)	(209,686)	(141,211)	(94,121)
Tax (charge)/credit	税項(開支)/抵免	_	(114)	(368)	(1,664)	317
Loss for the year from continuing	本年度持續經營					
operations	業務之虧損	(199,320)	(350,095)	(210,054)	(142,875)	(93,804)
Loss for the year from discontinued	本年度已終止	(, ,	, ,	(, ,	, ,	
operations	業務之虧損	_	(18,966)	(35,248)	(50,111)	
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(199,320)	(369,061)	(245,302)	(92,764)	(93,804)
Attributable to:	應佔:					
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人	(197,967)	(207,068)	(157,152)	(76,205)	(92,794)
Minority interests	少數股東權益	(1,353)	(161,993)	(88,150)	(16,559)	(1,010)
		(199,320)	(369,061)	(245,302)	(92,764)	(93,804)
				s at 3 l Marcl 除三月三十一日		
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
		二零一三年	二零一四年	二零一五年	二零一六年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總值	849,351	1,007,677	1,663,281	2,560,721	2,433,016
Total liabilities	負債總值	(331,766)	(90,526)	(573,910)	(520,853)	(557,950)
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	517,585	517,585	1,089,371	2,039,868	1,875,066

